YEARBOOK

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In March 1947 the International Court of Justice instructed the Registrar to publish a *Yearbook* providing general information concerning its organization, jurisdiction, activities and administration.

The present volume – sixtieth of the series – covers the period from 1 August 2005 to 31 July 2006.

The *Yearbook* is prepared by the Registry and in no way involves the responsibility of the Court; in particular, the summaries of judgments, advisory opinions and orders contained in Chapter VI cannot be quoted against the actual texts of those judgments, advisory opinions and orders and do not constitute an interpretation of them.

Philippe COUVREUR,
Registrar of the Court.

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INTRODUCTION

The *International Court of Justice*, which has its seat in The Hague, is the principal judicial organ of the United Nations.

It had as its predecessor the *Permanent Court of International Justice*, which was instituted by the League of Nations in 1920 and was dissolved in 1946.

I. Basic Texts

The constitutional texts of the Court are the Charter of the United Nations and the Statute of the Court. Other basic texts are the Rules of Court and the Practice Directions supplementing them, as well as the resolution concerning the internal judicial practice of the Court.

1. Charter of the United Nations

The International Court of Justice was brought into being by the Charter of the United Nations, signed at San Francisco on 26 June 1945. The Charter deals with the Court in Article 7, paragraph 1, Article 36, paragraph 3, and Articles 92-96, which form Chapter XIV.

2. Statute of the International Court of Justice

(a) *Text of the Statute*

By virtue of Article 92 of the Charter of the United Nations, the Statute of the Court is annexed to the Charter, of which it forms an integral part. The text of the Statute, which also was signed at San Francisco on 26 June 1945, is published by the Court in the volume *I.C.J. Acts and Documents No. 5*, pages 60-89.

The above-mentioned Article indicates that the Statute is based upon that of the *Permanent Court of International Justice*. The modifications are few in number, most of them being formal adaptations designed to take account of the replacement of the League of Nations by the United Nations. The *I.C.J. Yearbook 1946-1947*, pages 101-102, gives a list of the articles modified.

(b) *States parties to the Statute*

Article 93 of the Charter provides:

"1. All Members of the United Nations are *ipso facto* parties to the Statute of the International Court of Justice.

2. A State which is not a Member of the United Nations may become a party to the Statute of the International Court of Justice on conditions to be determined in each case by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the Security Council."

The States parties to the Statute are listed in Chapter III, pages 96-101, of this *Yearbook*.

(c) *Amendments to the Statute*

According to Article 69 of the Statute, amendments to that instrument may be effected by the same procedure as is provided for amendments to the Charter. This procedure is set out in Chapter XVIII of the Charter (Arts. 108-109). Article 108 provides that amendments to the Charter "shall come into force for all Members of the United Nations when they have been adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly and ratified in accordance with their respective constitutional processes by two-thirds of the Members of the United Nations, including all the permanent members of the Security Council".

Article 69 of the Statute also specifies that provisions concerning the participation in the amendment procedure of States which are parties to the Statute but are not members of the United Nations may be adopted by the General Assembly upon recommendation of the Security Council (see Chap. III, p. 102, below).

Furthermore, Article 70 of the Statute empowers the Court to propose of its own accord such amendments to the Statute as it may deem necessary.

No amendments have so far been made to the Statute.

3. Rules of Court

Article 30 of the Statute provides that "the Court shall frame rules for carrying out its functions. In particular, it shall lay down rules of procedure."

Rules of Court were adopted on 6 May 1946, and were published by the Court in the volume *I.C.J. Acts and Documents No. 1*, second edition, pages 54-83. They were based on the latest text of the Rules of the *Permanent Court*, that of 11 March 1936, with certain changes, formal and substantive, a list of which was given in *I.C.J. Yearbook 1946-1947*, pages 102-103.

From 1946 to 1972 the Rules remained unchanged, although from time to time the Court, which keeps its procedure under constant review, considered their modification. In 1967 a revision was undertaken (see *I.C.J. Yearbook 1967-1968*, p. 87; *I.C.J. Yearbook 1969-1970*, p. 114;

I.C.J. Yearbook 1970-1971, pp. 109-110) and on 10 May 1972 the Court adopted some partial amendments of immediate interest. Amended and partly renumbered Rules of Court (see *I.C.J. Acts and Documents No. 3*, pp. 92-149) thus came into force on 1 September 1972. A Note by the Registry (*Background Note IV*, or see *I.C.J. Yearbook 1971-1972*, pp. 3-11) indicates the changes and gives a table of concordance between the 1946 Rules and those of 1972.

The work of revision was subsequently resumed, and culminated on 14 April 1978 in the adoption of a new set of Rules. These Rules of Court came into force on 1 July 1978 and as from that date replaced the 1972 amended version of those adopted in 1946. They were first published in *I.C.J. Acts and Documents No. 4* concurrently with the issue of *I.C.J. Background Note V*, entitled "Note by the Registry on the Revised Rules of Court (1978)", which includes a table of concordance as between the respective articles of the new set and its predecessor. For a rather more detailed account of the background the reader is referred to pages 111-119 of *I.C.J. Yearbook 1977-1978*, which feature an analytical table enabling the structure of the new set of Rules to be compared with that of the 1946 and 1972 sets, and a table of concordance as between the specific articles of the 1978, 1972 and 1946 Rules of Court. The publication containing the 1978 Rules of Court is *I.C.J. Acts and Documents No. 5* (pp. 91-161).

On 5 December 2000 the Court adopted amendments to two Articles of its 1978 Rules: Article 79, relating to preliminary objections, and Article 80, relating to counter-claims. The amendments aimed at countering the proliferation of, and shortening, incidental proceedings, at clarifying the rules in force and at adapting them to affect more closely the practice developed by the Court. They came into force on 1 February 2001. On 14 April 2005, the Court adopted a new procedure for the promulgation of amendments to its Rules. It has amended the Preamble to the latter in order to reflect this procedure.

The Rules adopted on 1 February 2001 continue to apply to all cases submitted to the Court prior to 14 April 2005, and to all phases of those cases.

Under the new promulgation procedure for amendments to the Rules, whenever the Court adopts an amendment to an Article of its Rules, the text will be posted on the Court's website, with an indication of its date of entry into force and a note of any temporal reservation relating to its applicability (e.g., whether application of the amended Article is limited to cases instituted after the date of entry into force of the amendment concerned). Previously, each amendment to the Court's Rules had been indicated in the Preamble. That practice is now discontinued. In the integral updated text of the Rules, Articles amended since the Rules' entry into force, on 1 July 1978, will henceforth be indicated by an asterisk and footnote.

The integral updated text of the Rules of Court will continue to be published from time to time, as appropriate, in a printed version.

Also on 14 April 2005, the Court amended Article 52 of its Rules. Paragraph 3 of this Article, which concerns the procedure to be followed where the Registrar arranges for the printing of a pleading, has been deleted and the footnote to the Article has been amended. Paragraph 4 of Article 52 has been renumbered and is now paragraph 3.

On 29 September 2005, the Court adopted amendments to Article 43 of its Rules (Subsection 1. Institution of Proceedings) regarding the notifications to be sent by the Court to those not directly involved in a case who are parties to a convention whose construction may be in question in the proceedings.

Two new paragraphs have been added to the Article, in order to cover the case of international organizations parties to such conventions and to establish an appropriate procedural framework for this purpose. Until now, the Court has sent notifications in these circumstances only to States parties to such conventions.

The text of Article 43 of the Rules, as amended, is reproduced below:

*"Article 43**

1. Whenever the construction of a convention to which States other than those concerned in the case are parties may be in question within the meaning of Article 63, paragraph 1, of the Statute, the Court shall consider what directions shall be given to the Registrar in the matter.

2. Whenever the construction of a convention to which a public international organization is a party may be in question in a case before the Court, the Court shall consider whether the Registrar shall so notify the public international organization concerned. Every public international organization notified by the Registrar may submit its observations on the particular provisions of the convention the construction of which is in question in the case.

3. If a public international organization sees fit to furnish its observations under paragraph 2 of this Article, the procedure to be followed shall be that provided for in Article 69, paragraph 2, of these Rules.

* Amendment having entered into force on 29 September 2005."

In October 2001 the Court decided to adopt Practice Directions for use by the States appearing before it. These Practice Directions involve no alteration to the Rules of Court, but are additional thereto. Practice Directions VII and VIII do not affect a choice or designation made by the parties prior to 7 February 2002, the date of the adoption by the Court of those Directions.

On 30 July 2004 the Court amended existing Practice Direction V and promulgated new Practice Directions X, XI and XII. The amendment to

Practice Direction V, which sets the four-month period for the presentation by a party of its observations and submissions on preliminary objections, clarifies that this period runs from the date of the filing of the preliminary objections. Practice Direction X requests the Agents of the parties to attend without delay any meeting called by the President of the Court whenever a decision on a procedural issue needs to be made in a case. Practice Direction XI states that in the oral pleadings on provisional measures parties should limit themselves to what is relevant to the criteria for the indication of such measures. Finally, Practice Direction XII establishes a procedure to be followed with regard to written statements and/or documents submitted by international non-governmental organizations in connection with advisory proceedings.

The text of the Practice Directions is reproduced below:

"PRACTICE DIRECTIONS[1]

Practice Direction I

The Court wishes to discourage the practice of simultaneous deposit of pleadings in cases brought by special agreement.

The Court would expect future special agreements to contain provisions as to the number and order of pleadings, in accordance with Article 46, paragraph 1, of the Rules of Court. Such provisions shall be without prejudice to any issue in the case, including the issue of burden of proof.

If the special agreement contains no provisions on the number and order of pleadings, the Court will expect the parties to reach agreement to that effect, in accordance with Article 46, paragraph 2, of the Rules of Court.

Practice Direction II

Each of the parties is, in drawing up its written pleadings, to bear in mind the fact that these pleadings are intended not only to reply to the submissions and arguments of the other party, but also, and above all, to present clearly the submissions and arguments of the party which is filing the proceedings.

In the light of this, at the conclusion of the written pleadings of each party, there is to appear a short summary of its reasoning.

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[1] The Court first adopted in October 2001 Practice Directions for use by States appearing before it. Practice Directions involve no alteration to the Rules of Court, but are additional thereto. They are the result of the Court's ongoing review of its working methods. Any amendments to the Practice Directions, following their adoption by the Court, are now posted on the Court's website and published in the Court's *Yearbook*, with a note of any temporal reservations relating to their applicability.

Practice Direction III

The Court has noticed an excessive tendency towards the proliferation and protraction of annexes to written pleadings. It strongly urges parties to append to their pleadings only strictly selected documents.

Practice Direction IV

Where one of the parties has a full or partial translation of its own pleadings or of those of the other party in the other official language of the Court, these translations should as a matter of course be passed to the Registry of the Court. The same applies to the annexes.

These translations will be examined by the Registry and communicated to the other party. The latter will also be informed of the manner in which they were prepared.

Practice Direction V

With the aim of accelerating proceedings on preliminary objections made by one party under Article 79, paragraph 1, of the Rules of Court, the time-limit for the presentation by the other party of a written statement of its observations and submissions under Article 79, paragraph 5, shall generally not exceed four months from the date of the filing of the preliminary objections.

Practice Direction VI

Article 60, paragraph 1, of the Rules provides:

> 'The oral statements made on behalf of each party shall be as succinct as possible within the limits of what is requisite for the adequate presentation of that party's contentions at the hearing. Accordingly, they shall be directed to the issues that still divide the parties, and shall not go over the whole ground covered by the pleadings, or merely repeat the facts and arguments these contain.'

The Court requires full compliance with these provisions and observation of the requisite degree of brevity. Where objections of lack of jurisdiction or of inadmissibility are being considered, oral proceedings are to be limited to statements on the objections.

Practice Direction VII[1]

The Court considers that it is not in the interest of the sound administration of justice that a person sit as judge *ad hoc* in one case who is also acting or has recently acted as agent, counsel or

[1] See following page for footnote.

advocate in another case before the Court. Accordingly, parties, when choosing a judge *ad hoc* pursuant to Article 31 of the Statute and Article 35 of the Rules of Court, should refrain from nominating persons who are acting as agent, counsel or advocate in another case before the Court or have acted in that capacity in the three years preceding the date of the nomination. Furthermore, parties should likewise refrain from designating as agent, counsel or advocate in a case before the Court a person who sits as judge *ad hoc* in another case before the Court.

Practice Direction VIII[1]

The Court considers that it is not in the interest of the sound administration of justice that a person who until recently was a Member of the Court, judge *ad hoc*, Registrar, Deputy-Registrar or higher official of the Court (principal legal secretary, first secretary or secretary), appear as agent, counsel or advocate in a case before the Court. Accordingly, parties should refrain from designating as agent, counsel or advocate in a case before the Court a person who in the three years preceding the date of the designation was a Member of the Court, judge *ad hoc*, Registrar, Deputy-Registrar or higher official of the Court.

Practice Direction IX

1. The parties to proceedings before the Court should refrain from submitting new documents after the closure of the written proceedings.

2. A party nevertheless desiring to submit a new document after the closure of the written proceedings shall explain why it considers it necessary to include the document in the case file and shall indicate the reasons preventing the production of the document at an earlier stage.

3. In the absence of consent of the other party, the Court will authorize the production of the new document only in exceptional circumstances, if it considers it necessary and if the production of the document at this stage of the proceedings appears justified to the Court.

4. If a new document has been added to the case file under Article 56 of the Rules of Court, the other party, when commenting upon it, shall confine the introduction of any further documents to what is strictly necessary and relevant to its comments on what is contained in this new document.

[1] Practice Directions VII and VIII do not affect a choice or designation made by the parties prior to 7 February 2002, the date of the adoption by the Court of those Directions.

Practice Direction X

Whenever a decision on a procedural issue needs to be made in a case and the President deems it necessary to call a meeting of the agents to ascertain the views of the parties in this regard pursuant to Article 31 of the Rules of Court, agents are expected to attend that meeting as early as possible.

Practice Direction XI

The Court has noticed the increasing tendency of parties to request the indication of provisional measures. Parties should in their oral pleadings thereon limit themselves to what is relevant to the criteria for the indication of provisional measures as indicated in the Statute, Rules and jurisprudence of the Court. They should not enter into the merits of the case beyond what is strictly necessary for that purpose.

Practice Direction XII

1. Where an international non-governmental organization submits a written statement and/or document in an advisory opinion case on its own initiative, such statement and/or document is not to be considered as part of the case file.

2. Such statements and/or documents shall be treated as publications readily available and may accordingly be referred to by States and intergovernmental organizations presenting written and oral statements in the case in the same manner as publications in the public domain.

3. Written statements and/or documents submitted by international non-governmental organizations will be placed in a designated location in the Peace Palace. All States as well as intergovernmental organizations presenting written or oral statements under Article 66 of the Statute will be informed as to the location where statements and/or documents submitted by international non-governmental organizations may be consulted."

II. Chronological Survey

The Charter of the United Nations and the Statute of the Court entered into force on 24 October 1945.

After the election of its Members, on 6 February 1946, the Court met for the first time in The Hague on 1 April of the same year.

The first case entered in the General List of the Court *(Corfu Channel (United Kingdom* v. *Albania))* was submitted on 22 May 1947.

Between then and 31 July 2006 the Court has had to deal with a total of 135 cases, i.e., 111 contentious cases and 24 advisory cases, as listed below. In those cases it gave 92 judgments, of which 50 were on the merits, and 24 advisory opinions. Of the 433 orders made therein, 309 related solely to the fixing or extending of time-limits, while 391 orders related to contentious cases and 35 to advisory cases.

Title	*Dates*
(a) Contentious[1]	
Corfu Channel (United Kingdom v. *Albania)*	1947-1949
Fisheries (United Kingdom v. *Norway)*	1949-1951
Protection of French Nationals and Protected Persons in Egypt (France v. *Egypt)*	1949-1950
Asylum (Colombia/Peru)	1949-1950
Rights of Nationals of the United States of America in Morocco (France v. *United States of America)*	1950-1952
Request for Interpretation of the Judgment of 20 November 1950 in the Asylum case (Colombia v. *Peru)*	1950
Haya de la Torre (Colombia v. *Peru)*	1950-1951
Ambatielos (Greece v. *United Kingdom)*	1951-1953
Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. (United Kingdom v. *Iran)*	1951-1952
Minquiers and Ecrehos (France/United Kingdom)	1951-1953
Nottebohm (Liechtenstein v. *Guatemala)*	1951-1955
Monetary Gold Removed from Rome in 1943 (Italy v. *France, United Kingdom and United States of America)*	1953-1954
Electricité de Beyrouth Company (France v. *Lebanon)*	1953-1954
Treatment in Hungary of Aircraft and Crew of United States of America (United States of America v. *Hungary)*	1954
Treatment in Hungary of Aircraft and Crew of United States of America (United States of America v. *USSR)*	1954
Aerial Incident of 10 March 1953 (United States of America v. *Czechoslovakia)*	1955-1956
Antarctica (United Kingdom v. *Argentina)*	1955-1956
Antarctica (United Kingdom v. *Chile)*	1955-1956
Aerial Incident of 7 October 1952 (United States of America v. *USSR)*	1955-1956
Certain Norwegian Loans (France v. *Norway)*	1955-1957
Right of Passage over Indian Territory (Portugal v. *India)*	1955-1960
Application of the Convention of 1902 Governing the Guardianship of Infants (Netherlands v. *Sweden)*	1957-1958
Interhandel (Switzerland v. *United States of America)*	1957-1959
Aerial Incident of 27 July 1955 (Israel v. *Bulgaria)*	1957-1959

[1] In the case of proceedings instituted by means of a special agreement the names of the parties are separated by an oblique stroke.

Title	*Dates*
Aerial Incident of 27 July 1955 (United States of America v. *Bulgaria)*	1957-1960
Aerial Incident of 27 July 1955 (United Kingdom v. *Bulgaria)*	1957-1959
Sovereignty over Certain Frontier Land (Belgium/ Netherlands)	1957-1959
Arbitral Award Made by the King of Spain on 23 December 1906 (Honduras v. *Nicaragua)*	1958-1960
Aerial Incident of 4 September 1954 (United States of America v. *USSR)*	1958
Barcelona Traction, Light and Power Company, Limited (Belgium v. *Spain)*	1958-1961
Compagnie du Port, des Quais et des Entrepôts de Beyrouth and Société Radio-Orient (France v. *Lebanon)*	1959-1960
Aerial Incident of 7 November 1954 (United States of America v. *USSR)*	1959
Temple of Preah Vihear (Cambodia v. *Thailand)*	1959-1962
South West Africa (Ethiopia v. *South Africa; Liberia* v. *South Africa)*	1960-1966
Northern Cameroons (Cameroon v. *United Kingdom)*	1961-1963
Barcelona Traction, Light and Power Company, Limited (New Application: 1962) (Belgium v. *Spain)*	1962-1970
North Sea Continental Shelf (Federal Republic of Germany/ Denmark; Federal Republic of Germany/Netherlands)	1967-1969
Appeal Relating to the Jurisdiction of the ICAO Council (India v. *Pakistan)*	1971-1972
Fisheries Jurisdiction (United Kingdom v. *Iceland)*	1972-1974
Fisheries Jurisdiction (Federal Republic of Germany v. *Iceland)*	1972-1974
Nuclear Tests (Australia v. *France)*	1973-1974
Nuclear Tests (New Zealand v. *France)*	1973-1974
Trial of Pakistani Prisoners of War (Pakistan v. *India)*	1973
Aegean Sea Continental Shelf (Greece v. *Turkey)*	1976-1978
Continental Shelf (Tunisia/Libyan Arab Jamahiriya)	1978-1982
United States Diplomatic and Consular Staff in Tehran (United States of America v. *Iran)*	1979-1981
Delimitation of the Maritime Boundary in the Gulf of Maine Area (Canada/United States of America) [case referred to a Chamber]	1981-1984
Continental Shelf (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Malta)	1982-1985

Title	*Dates*
Frontier Dispute (Burkina Faso/Republic of Mali) [case referred to a Chamber]	1983-1986
Military and Paramilitary Activities in and against Nicaragua (Nicaragua v. *United States of America)*	1984-1991
Application for Revision and Interpretation of the Judgment of 24 February 1982 in the Case concerning the Continental Shelf (Tunisia/Libyan Arab Jamahiriya) *(Tunisia* v. *Libyan Arab Jamahiriya)*	1984-1985
Border and Transborder Armed Actions (Nicaragua v. *Costa Rica)*	1986-1987
Border and Transborder Armed Actions (Nicaragua v. *Honduras)*	1986-1992
Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) [case referred to a Chamber][1]	1986-1992
Elettronica Sicula S.p.A. (ELSI) (United States of America v. *Italy)* [case referred to a Chamber]	1987-1989
Maritime Delimitation in the Area between Greenland and Jan Mayen (Denmark v. *Norway)*	1988-1993
Aerial Incident of 3 July 1988 (Islamic Republic of Iran v. *United States of America)*	1989-1996
Certain Phosphate Lands in Nauru (Nauru v. *Australia)*	1989-1993
Arbitral Award of 31 July 1989 (Guinea-Bissau v. *Senegal)*	1989-1991
Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Chad)	1990-1994
East Timor (Portugal v. *Australia)*	1991-1995
Maritime Delimitation between Guinea-Bissau and Senegal (Guinea-Bissau v. *Senegal)*	1991-1995
Passage through the Great Belt (Finland v. *Denmark)*	1991-1992
Maritime Delimitation and Territorial Questions between Qatar and Bahrain (Qatar v. *Bahrain)*	1991-2001
Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. *United Kingdom)*	1992-2003
Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. *United States of America)*	1992-2003

[1] The intervention of Nicaragua was admitted on 13 September 1990 (see *I.C.J. Yearbook 1990-1991*, pp. 160-174).

Title	*Dates*
Oil Platforms (Islamic Republic of Iran v. *United States of America)*	1992-2003
Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Bosnia and Herzegovina v. *Serbia and Montenegro)*	1993-
Gabčikovo-Nagymaros Project (Hungary/Slovakia)	1993-
Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria (Cameroon v. *Nigeria: Equatorial Guinea intervening)*[1]	1994-2002
Fisheries Jurisdiction (Spain v. *Canada)*	1995-1998
Request for an Examination of the Situation in Accordance with Paragraph 63 of the Court's Judgment of 20 December 1974 in the Nuclear Tests (New Zealand *v.* France) *Case*	1995
Kasikili/Sedudu Island (Botswana/Namibia)	1996-1999
Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (Paraguay v. *United States of America)*	1998
Request for Interpretation of the Judgment of 11 June 1998 in the Case concerning the Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria (Cameroon *v.* Nigeria), Preliminary Objections *(Nigeria* v. *Cameroon)*	1998-1999
Sovereignty over Pulau Ligitan and Pulau Sipadan (Indonesia/Malaysia)	1998-2002
Ahmadou Sadio Diallo (Republic of Guinea v. *Democratic Republic of the Congo)*	1998-
LaGrand (Germany v. *United States of America)*	1999-2001
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Belgium)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Canada)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *France)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Germany)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Italy)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Netherlands)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Portugal)*	1999-2004
Legality of Use of Force (Yugoslavia v. *Spain)*	1999
Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *United Kingdom)*	1999-2004

[1] The intervention of Equatorial Guinea was admitted on 21 October 1999 (see *I.C.J. Yearbook 1999-2000*, p. 218).

Title	*Dates*
Legality of Use of Force (Yugoslavia v. *United States of America)*	1999
Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Burundi)*	1999-2001
Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Uganda)*	1999-
Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Rwanda)*	1999-2001
Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Croatia v. *Serbia and Montenegro)*	1999-
Aerial Incident of 10 August 1999 (Pakistan v. *India)*	1999-2000
Maritime Delimitation between Nicaragua and Honduras in the Caribbean Sea (Nicaragua v. *Honduras)*	1999-
Arrest Warrant of 11 April 2000 (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Belgium)*	2000-2002
Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 July 1996 in the Case concerning Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Bosnia and Herzegovina *v.* Yugoslavia), Preliminary Objections *(Yugoslavia* v. *Bosnia and Herzegovina)*	2001-2003
Certain Property (Liechtenstein v. *Germany)*	2001-2005
Territorial and Maritime Dispute (Nicaragua v. *Colombia)*	2001-
Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger) [case referred to a Chamber]	2002-2005
Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (New Application: 2002) (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Rwanda)*	2002-2006
Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 September 1992 in the Case concerning the Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) *(El Salvador* v. *Honduras)* [case referred to a Chamber]	2002-2003
Avena and Other Mexican Nationals (Mexico v. *United States of America)*	2003-2004
Certain Criminal Proceedings in France (Republic of the Congo v. *France)*	2003-
Sovereignty over Pedra Branca/Pulau Batu Puteh, Middle Rocks and South Ledge (Malaysia/Singapore)	2003-
Maritime Delimitation in the Black Sea (Romania v. *Ukraine)*	2004-
Dispute regarding Navigational and Related Rights (Costa Rica v. *Nicaragua)*	2005-

Title	*Dates*
Status vis-à-vis the Host State of a Diplomatic Envoy to the United Nations (Commonwealth of Dominica v. *Switzerland)*	2006
Pulp Mills on the River Uruguay (Argentina v. *Uruguay)*	2006-
(b) Advisory	
Conditions of Admission of a State to Membership in the United Nations (Article 4 of the Charter)	1947-1948
Reparation for Injuries Suffered in the Service of the United Nations	1948-1949
Interpretation of Peace Treaties with Bulgaria, Hungary and Romania	1949-1950
Competence of the General Assembly for the Admission of a State to the United Nations	1949-1950
International Status of South West Africa	1949-1950
Reservations to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide	1950-1951
Effect of Awards of Compensation Made by the United Nations Administrative Tribunal	1953-1954
Voting Procedure on Questions relating to Reports and Petitions concerning the Territory of South West Africa	1954-1955
Judgments of the Administrative Tribunal of the ILO upon Complaints Made against Unesco	1955-1956
Admissibility of Hearings of Petitioners by the Committee on South West Africa	1955-1956
Constitution of the Maritime Safety Committee of the Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization	1959-1960
Certain Expenses of the United Nations (Article 17, paragraph 2, of the Charter)	1961-1962
Legal Consequences for States of the Continued Presence of South Africa in Namibia (South West Africa) notwithstanding Security Council Resolution 276 (1970)	1970-1971
Application for Review of Judgement No. 158 of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal	1972-1973
Western Sahara	1974-1975
Interpretation of the Agreement of 25 March 1951 between the WHO and Egypt	1980
Application for Review of Judgement No. 273 of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal	1981-1982
Application for Review of Judgement No. 333 of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal	1984-1987

Title	*Dates*
Applicability of the Obligation to Arbitrate under Section 21 of the United Nations Headquarters Agreement of 26 June 1947	1988
Applicability of Article VI, Section 22, of the Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations	1989
Legality of the Use by a State of Nuclear Weapons in Armed Conflict	1993-1996
Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons	1994-1996
Difference Relating to Immunity from Legal Process of a Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights	1998-1999
Legal Consequences of the Construction of a Wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory	2003-2004

CHAPTER I

ORGANIZATION OF THE COURT

The organization of the International Court of Justice is governed by Articles 2-33 of the Statute of the Court and by Articles 1-18 and 32-37 of the Rules of Court.

I. Members of the Court

1. Composition of the Court[1]

The Court consists of 15 Members (Statute, Art. 3, para. 1).
On 31 July 2006 the composition of the Court was as follows:

Order of precedence	*Country*	*Date of expiry of term of office*
President R. Higgins	United Kingdom	5 February 2009[2]
Vice-President		
A. S. Al-Khasawneh	Jordan	5 February 2009[2]
Judges R. Ranjeva	Madagascar	5 February 2009
Shi Jiuyong	China	5 February 2012
A. G. Koroma	Sierra Leone	5 February 2012
G. Parra-Aranguren	Venezuela	5 February 2009
T. Buergenthal	United States	5 February 2015
H. Owada	Japan	5 February 2012
B. Simma	Germany	5 February 2012
P. Tomka	Slovakia	5 February 2012
R. Abraham	France	5 February 2009
K. Keith	New Zealand	5 February 2015
B. Sepúlveda-Amor	Mexico	5 February 2015
M. Bennouna	Morocco	5 February 2015
L. Skotnikov	Russian Federation	5 February 2015

The Members of the Court are elected for nine years, one-third of the total number of judges being elected every three years; they may be re-elected (Statute, Art. 13). In the event of a vacancy, an election is

[1] For the composition of chambers, see pp. 28-30, below.
[2] The terms of office of Judges Higgins and Al-Khasawneh as President and Vice-President respectively expire in 2009.

held and the new judge holds office for the remainder of his predecessor's term (Statute, Arts. 14 and 15). Though replaced, Members of the Court finish any cases they have begun (Statute, Art. 13, para. 3).

As required by Article 7 of the Statute, the Secretary-General of the United Nations prepares for each election a list of the persons nominated in accordance with Articles 5 and 6. The election is held by the General Assembly and the Security Council of the United Nations, proceeding independently of each other and simultaneously (Statute, Arts. 8-12). The States parties to the Statute of the Court which are not members of the United Nations take part in the election by the General Assembly in the same manner as Members of the United Nations (General Assembly resolution 264 (III) of 8 October 1948; see Chap. III, pp. 112-113, below).

Members of the Court elected during the same session of the General Assembly whose terms of office begin on the same date take precedence according to seniority of age; Members elected at a previous session take precedence; in the event of immediate re-election a Member retains his former precedence (Rules, Art. 3, paras. 2-4).

The Court elects its President and Vice-President; they are both elected for three years and take precedence over the other judges (Statute, Art. 21, para. 1; Rules, Art. 3, para. 5, Arts. 10-14, Art. 18, para. 2, and Art. 32).

2. Changes in the Composition of the Court in 2005-2006

Until the beginning of February 2006 the composition of the Court was as follows: Judge Shi Jiuyong, *President*; Judge R. Ranjeva, *Vice-President*; Judges A. G. Koroma, V. S. Vereshchetin, R. Higgins, G. Parra-Aranguren, P. H. Kooijmans, R. Rezek, A. S. Al-Khasawneh, T. Buergenthal, N. Elaraby, H. Owada, B. Simma, P. Tomka and R. Abraham.

On 7 November 2005, elections were held to fill the seats of Judges V. S. Vereshchetin, P. H. Kooijmans, F. Rezek, T. Buergenthal and N. Elaraby, whose terms of office were due to expire on 5 February 2006.

Judge T. Buergenthal was re-elected as a Member of the Court as from 6 February 2006. Mr. M. Bennouna, Mr. K. Keith, Mr. B. Sepúlveda-Amor and Mr. L. Skotnikov were elected to be Members of the Court as from 6 February 2006.

The following had also been candidates in the elections: Mr. A. Amor, Mr. J. D. González Campos and Mr. S. A. Mazou.

On 6 February 2006 the Court elected Judge R. Higgins to be President and Judge A.S. Al-Khasawneh to be Vice-President.

3. Former Presidents and Vice-Presidents and Former Members of the Court

The following judges served as President or Vice-President before the present holders of those offices:

1946-1949, J. G. Guerrero and J. Basdevant;
1949-1952, J. Basdevant and J. G. Guerrero[1];
1952-1955, Sir Arnold McNair and J. G. Guerrero[1];
1955-1958, G. H. Hackworth and A. H. Badawi[2];
1958-1961, H. Klaestad and Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan;
1961-1964, B. Winiarski and R. J. Alfaro;
1964-1967, Sir Percy Spender and V. K. Wellington Koo;
1967-1970, J. L. Bustamante y Rivero and V. M. Koretsky;
1970-1973, Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan and F. Ammoun[3];
1973-1976, M. Lachs and F. Ammoun[3];
1976-1979, E. Jiménez de Aréchaga and Nagendra Singh;
1979-1982, Sir Humphrey Waldock[4] and T. O. Elias[5];
1982-1985, T. O. Elias[6] and J. Sette-Camara;
1985-1988, Nagendra Singh and G. Ladreit de Lacharrière[7];
1988-1991, J. M. Ruda and K. Mbaye;
1991-1994, Sir Robert Jennings[8] and S. Oda[8];

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[1] While he was Vice-President of the Court, Judge Guerrero acted as President, by virtue of Article 13, paragraphs 1 and 2, of the 1946 Rules, in the following cases: *Corfu Channel (United Kingdom* v. *Albania); Protection of French Nationals and Protected Persons in Egypt (France* v. *Egypt); Rights of Nationals of the United States of America in Morocco (France* v. *United States of America); Ambatielos (Greece* v. *United Kingdom); Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. (United Kingdom* v. *Iran); Minquiers and Ecrehos (France/United Kingdom); Monetary Gold Removed from Rome in 1943 (Italy* v. *France, United Kingdom and United States of America)*.

[2] While he was Vice-President of the Court, Judge Badawi acted as President, by virtue of Article 13, paragraph 1, of the 1946 Rules, in the cases concerning *Interhandel (Switzerland* v. *United States of America), Interim Protection*, and *Aerial Incident of 27 July 1955 (United States of America* v. *Bulgaria)*.

[3] While he was Vice-President of the Court, Judge Ammoun acted as President, by virtue of Article 11 and Article 13, paragraph 1, of the then Rules of Court, in *Appeal Relating to the Jurisdiction of the ICAO Council, Nuclear Tests (Australia* v. *France), Interim Protection*, and *Nuclear Tests (New Zealand* v. *France), Interim Protection*.

[4] Sir Humphrey Waldock died on 15 August 1981. The functions of the Presidency were thereafter exercised by T. O. Elias as Acting President, by virtue of Article 13, paragraph 1, and Article 14 of the 1978 Rules of Court.

[5] Vice-President Elias was for a time Acting President in *Continental Shelf (Tunisia/Libyan Arab Jamahiriya)* and in the proceedings relating to the Orders made on 20 January and 1 February 1982 in *Delimitation of the Maritime Boundary in the Gulf of Maine Area (Canada/United States of America)*.

[6] Judge Elias continued to act as President in *Continental Shelf (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Malta)* after 5 February 1985, by virtue of Article 32, paragraph 2, of the 1978 Rules of Court.

[7] Judge Ladreit de Lacharrière died on 10 March 1987. On 6 May 1987 the Court elected Judge Mbaye to be its Vice-President for the remainder of his predecessor's term.

[8] While he was President of the Court, Sir Robert Jennings, being a national of one of the Parties, did not, in accordance with Article 32 of the Rules of Court, preside in the case concerning *Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* v. *United Kingdom)*. Vice-President Oda exercised the functions of the Presidency in that case, as well as in the case concerning *Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* v. *United States of America)*. (See *I.C.J. Yearbook 1991-1992*, p. 198.)

1994-1997, M. Bedjaoui and S. M. Schwebel;
1997-2000, S. M. Schwebel[1] and C. G. Weeramantry[1].
2000-2003, G. Guillaume and Shi Jiuyong;
2003-2006, Shi Jiuyong and R. Ranjeva.

Apart from the present judges, the following have been Members of the Court (the names of those who have died are preceded by an asterisk):

	Country	*Period of Office*
* R. Ago	Italy	1979-1995
* A. Aguilar-Mawdsley	Venezuela	1991-1995
Prince B. A. Ajibola	Nigeria	1991-1994
* R. J. Alfaro	Panama	1959-1964
* A. Alvarez	Chile	1946-1955
* F. Ammoun	Lebanon	1965-1976
* E. C. Armand-Ugon	Uruguay	1952-1961
* Ph. Azevedo	Brazil	1946-1951
* A. H. Badawi	Egypt	1946-1965
* J. Basdevant	France	1946-1964
* R. R. Baxter	United States	1979-1980
M. Bedjaoui	Algeria	1982-2001
* C. Bengzon	Philippines	1967-1976
* J. L. Bustamante y Rivero	Peru	1961-1970
* L. F. Carneiro	Brazil	1951-1955
* F. de Castro	Spain	1970-1979
* R. Córdova	Mexico	1955-1964
* Ch. De Visscher	Belgium	1946-1952

[1] While he was President of the Court, Judge Schwebel, being a national of one of the Parties, did not, in accordance with Article 32 of the Rules of Court, preside in the cases concerning *Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* v. *United States of America), Oil Platforms (Islamic Republic of Iran* v. *United States of America), Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (Paraguay* v. *United States of America), LaGrand (Germany* v. *United States of America)* and *Legality of Use of Force (Yugoslavia* v. *United States of America)*. Although Article 32 was not applicable in the cases concerning *Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* v. *United Kingdom)* and *Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Belgium) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Canada) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *France) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Germany) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Italy) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Netherlands) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Portugal) (Yugoslavia* v. *Spain) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *United Kingdom)*, he did not think it appropriate to exercise the functions of the Presidency in those cases either. It was therefore the Vice-President, Judge Weeramantry, who, in accordance with Article 13, paragraph 1, of the Rules, exercised those functions.

* H. C. Dillard	United States	1970-1979
N. Elaraby	Egypt	2001-2006
* A. El-Erian	Egypt	1979-1981
A. El-Khani	Syria	1981-1985
* T. O. Elias	Nigeria	1976-1991
* J. Evensen	Norway	1985-1994
* I. Fabela	Mexico	1946-1952
L. Ferrari Bravo	Italy	1995-1997
* Sir Gerald Fitzmaurice	United Kingdom	1960-1973
* C.-A. Fleischhauer	Germany	1994-2003
* I. Forster	Senegal	1964-1982
* S. A. Golunsky	USSR	1952-1953
* A. Gros	France	1964-1984
* J. G. Guerrero	El Salvador	1946-1958
G. Guillaume	France	1987-2005
* G. H. Hackworth	United States	1946-1961
G. Herczegh	Hungary	1993-2003
* Hsu Mo	China	1946-1956
* L. Ignacio-Pinto	Benin	1970-1979
* Sir Robert Yewdall Jennings	United Kingdom	1982-1995
* P. C. Jessup	United States	1961-1970
* E. Jiménez de Aréchaga	Uruguay	1970-1979
* H. Klaestad	Norway	1946-1961
* F. I. Kojevnikov	USSR	1953-1961
P. H. Kooijmans	Netherlands	1997-2006
* V. M. Koretsky	USSR	1961-1970
* S. B. Krylov	USSR	1946-1952
* M. Lachs	Poland	1967-1993
* G. Ladreit de Lacharrière	France	1982-1987
* Sir Hersch Lauterpacht	United Kingdom	1955-1960
* Sir Arnold McNair	United Kingdom	1946-1955
K. Mbaye	Senegal	1982-1991
* G. Morelli	Italy	1961-1970
* L. M. Moreno Quintana	Argentina	1955-1964
* P. D. Morozov	USSR	1970-1985
* H. Mosler	Fed. Rep. of Germany	1976-1985
* Nagendra Singh	India	1973-1988
* Ni Zhengyu	China	1985-1994

S. Oda	Japan	1976-2003
* C. D. Onyeama	Nigeria	1967-1976
* L. Padilla Nervo	Mexico	1964-1973
R. S. Pathak	India	1989-1991
* S. Petrén	Sweden	1967-1976
* Sir Benegal Rau	India	1952-1953
* J. E. Read	Canada	1946-1958
* J. M. Ruda	Argentina	1973-1991
F. Rezek	Brazil	1997-2006
S. M. Schwebel	United States	1981-2000
* J. Sette-Camara	Brazil	1979-1988
M. Shahabuddeen	Guyana	1988-1997
* Sir Percy C. Spender	Australia	1958-1967
* J. Spiropoulos	Greece	1958-1967
* K. Tanaka	Japan	1961-1970
* N. K. Tarassov	Russian Federation	1985-1995
* S. Tarazi	Syria	1976-1980
V. S. Vereshchetin	Russian Federation	1995-2006
* Sir Humphrey Waldock	United Kingdom	1973-1981
C. G. Weeramantry	Sri Lanka	1991-2000
* V. K. Wellington Koo	China	1957-1967
* B. Winiarski	Poland	1946-1967
* Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan	Pakistan	1954-1961 and 1964-1973
* M. Zoričić	Yugoslavia	1946-1958

II. Judges *Ad Hoc*

If in a case the Court, or a chamber of the Court, includes upon the Bench a judge of the nationality of one of the parties, any other party may choose a person to sit as judge; similarly, if the Court or the chamber includes upon the Bench no judge of the nationality of the parties, each of these parties may choose a judge (Statute, Art. 31; Rules, Arts. 7-8, Art. 17, para. 2, Arts. 35-37, Art. 91, para. 2, and Art. 102, para. 3, Practice Direction VII). Should there be several parties in the same interest they are reckoned for this purpose as one party only (Statute, Art. 31, para. 5; Rules, Art. 36 and Art. 37, para. 2).

Since the institution of the Court, judges *ad hoc* have been chosen in the following cases (unless otherwise indicated, they held the nationality of the appointing party):

Corfu Channel (United Kingdom v. *Albania)*. Albania chose Mr. I. Daxner (Czechoslovakia), who sat upon the Bench when the preliminary objection was heard, and Mr. B. Ečer (Czechoslovakia), who sat when the case was heard on the merits and also for the assessment of amount of compensation.

Asylum (Colombia/Peru), Request for Interpretation of the Judgment of 20 November 1950 in the Asylum Case (Colombia v. *Peru)* and *Haya de la Torre (Colombia* v. *Peru)*. Mr. J. J. Caicedo Castilla was chosen by Colombia and Mr. L. Alayza y Paz Soldán by Peru.

Ambatielos (Greece v. *United Kingdom)*. Mr. J. Spiropoulos was chosen by Greece.

Anglo-Iranian Oil Co. (United Kingdom v. *Iran)*. Mr. K. Sandjabi was chosen by Iran.

Nottebohm (Liechtenstein v. *Guatemala)*. Mr. C. García Bauer[1] was chosen by Guatemala and Mr. P. Guggenheim (Switzerland) by Liechtenstein.

Monetary Gold Removed from Rome in 1943 (Italy v. *France, United Kingdom and United States of America)*. Mr. G. Morelli was chosen by Italy.

Right of Passage over Indian Territory (Portugal v. *India)*. Mr. M. Fernandes was chosen by Portugal and the Hon. M. A. C. Chagla by India.

Application of the Convention of 1902 Governing the Guardianship of Infants (Netherlands v. *Sweden)*. Mr. J. Offerhaus was chosen by the Netherlands and Mr. F. J. C. Sterzel by Sweden.

Interhandel (Switzerland v. *United States of America)*. Mr. P. Carry was chosen by Switzerland.

Aerial Incident of 27 July 1955 (Israel v. *Bulgaria)*. Mr. Justice Goitein was chosen by Israel and Mr. J. Žourek (Czechoslovakia) by Bulgaria.

Aerial Incident of 27 July 1955 (United States of America v. *Bulgaria)*. Mr. J. Žourek (Czechoslovakia) was chosen by Bulgaria.

Arbitral Award Made by the King of Spain on 23 December 1906 (Honduras v. *Nicaragua)*. Mr. R. Ago (Italy) was chosen by Honduras and Mr. F. Urrutia Holguín (Colombia) by Nicaragua.

Barcelona Traction, Light and Power Company, Limited (Belgium v. *Spain)*[2]. Mr. W. J. Ganshof van der Meersch was chosen by Belgium and Mr. F. de Castro by Spain.

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[1] The Government of Guatemala had first chosen as judge *ad hoc* Mr. J. C. Herrera and subsequently Mr. J. Matos, before choosing Mr. García Bauer.

[2] Case removed from the List before the Court had occasion to sit.

South West Africa (Ethiopia v. *South Africa; Liberia* v. *South Africa)*. Sir Louis Mbanefo (Nigeria)[1] was chosen by Ethiopia and Liberia and the Hon. J. T. van Wyk by South Africa.

Northern Cameroons (Cameroon v. *United Kingdom)*. Mr. P. Beb a Don was chosen by Cameroon.

Barcelona Traction, Light and Power Company, Limited (New Application: 1962) (Belgium v. *Spain)*. Belgium chose Mr. W. J. Ganshof van der Meersch, who sat upon the Bench when the preliminary objections were heard, and Mr. W. Riphagen (Netherlands), who sat in the second phase. Spain chose Mr. E. C. Armand-Ugon (Uruguay).

North Sea Continental Shelf (Federal Republic of Germany/Denmark; Federal Republic of Germany/Netherlands). Mr. H. Mosler was chosen by the Federal Republic of Germany and Mr. M. Sørensen (Denmark) by Denmark and the Netherlands.

Appeal Relating to the Jurisdiction of the ICAO Council (India v. *Pakistan)*. Mr. Nagendra Singh was chosen by India.

Nuclear Tests (Australia v. *France)*. Sir Garfield Barwick was chosen by Australia.

Nuclear Tests (New Zealand v. *France)*. Sir Garfield Barwick (Australia) was chosen by New Zealand.

Trial of Pakistani Prisoners of War (Pakistan v. *India)*. Pakistan chose Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan, who sat in the proceedings on the request for interim measures up to 2 July 1973, and Mr. Muhammad Yaqub Ali Khan[2].

Western Sahara. Mr. A. Boni (Ivory Coast) was chosen by Morocco.

Aegean Sea Continental Shelf (Greece v. *Turkey)*. Mr. M. Stassinopoulos was chosen by Greece.

Continental Shelf (Tunisia/Libyan Arab Jamahiriya). Mr. E. Jiménez de Aréchaga (Uruguay) was chosen by the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Mr. J. Evensen (Norway) by Tunisia.

Delimitation of the Maritime Boundary in the Gulf of Maine Area (Canada/United States of America) (case referred to a Chamber). Mr. M. Cohen was chosen by Canada.

Continental Shelf (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Malta). Mr. E. Jiménez de Aréchaga (Uruguay) was chosen by the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya. Mr.

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[1] The Governments of Ethiopia and Liberia had first chosen as judge *ad hoc* the Hon. J. Chesson, subsequently Sir Muhammad Zafrulla Khan and then Sir Adetokunboh A. Ademola, before choosing Sir Louis Mbanefo.

[2] This case was removed from the List before the Court had occasion to hear argument on the question of its jurisdiction.

J. Castañeda (Mexico) was chosen by Malta and sat in the proceedings culminating in the Judgment on Italy's application for permission to intervene. Mr. N. Valticos (Greece) was chosen by Malta to sit when the case was heard on the merits.

Frontier Dispute (Burkina Faso/Republic of Mali) (case referred to a Chamber). Mr. F. Luchaire (France) was chosen by Burkina Faso and Mr. G. Abi-Saab (Egypt) by the Republic of Mali.

Military and Paramilitary Activities in and against Nicaragua (Nicaragua v. *United States of America)*. Mr. C.-A. Colliard (France) was chosen by Nicaragua.

Application for Revision and Interpretation of the Judgment of 24 February 1982 in the Case concerning the Continental Shelf (Tunisia/Libyan Arab Jamahiriya) *(Tunisia* v. *Libyan Arab Jamahiriya)*. Mrs. S. Bastid (France) was chosen by Tunisia and Mr. E. Jiménez de Aréchaga (Uruguay) by the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) (case referred to a Chamber). Mr. N. Valticos (Greece) was chosen by El Salvador and Mr. M. Virally (France) was chosen by Honduras. Following the death of Mr. Virally, Mr. S. Torres Bernárdez (Spain) was chosen by Honduras.

Maritime Delimitation in the Area between Greenland and Jan Mayen (Denmark v. *Norway)*. Mr. P. H. Fischer was chosen by Denmark.

Aerial Incident of 3 July 1988 (Islamic Republic of Iran v. *United States of America)*. Mr. M. Aghahosseini was chosen by the Islamic Republic of Iran[1].

Arbitral Award of 31 July 1989 (Guinea-Bissau v. *Senegal)*. Mr. H. Thierry (France) was chosen by Guinea-Bissau. Following the expiry of Judge Mbaye's term of office on 5 February 1991 Senegal no longer had a judge of its nationality on the bench. It therefore chose Mr. K. Mbaye to sit as judge *ad hoc*.

Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Chad). Mr. J. Sette-Camara (Brazil) was chosen by the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and Mr. G. M. Abi-Saab (Egypt) by Chad.

East Timor (Portugal v. *Australia)*. Mr. A. de Arruda Ferrer-Correia was chosen by Portugal. Following his resignation, on 14 July 1994, Mr. K. J. Skubiszewski (Poland) was chosen by Portugal. Sir Ninian Stephen was chosen by Australia.

Passage through the Great Belt (Finland v. *Denmark)*. Mr. B. Broms was chosen by Finland and Mr. P. H. Fischer by Denmark.

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[1] Case removed from the List before the Court held occasion to hear argument on the preliminary objections raised by the United States.

Maritime Delimitation and Territorial Questions between Qatar and Bahrain (Qatar v. *Bahrain)*. Mr. J. M. Ruda (Argentina) was chosen by Qatar. Following the death of Mr. Ruda, Mr. S. Torres Bernárdez (Spain) was chosen by Qatar. Mr. N. Valticos (Greece) was chosen by Bahrain. He resigned for health reasons as from the end of the jurisdiction and admissibility phase of the case. Bahrain subsequently chose Mr. M. Shahabuddeen (Guyana). After the resignation of Mr. Shahabuddeen, Bahrain chose Mr. Yves L. Fortier (Canada) to sit as judge *ad hoc*.

Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. *United Kingdom)*. Mr. A. S. El-Kosheri (Egypt) was chosen by the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya. Judge Higgins having recused herself, the United Kingdom chose Sir Robert Jennings to sit as judge *ad hoc*. The latter has been sitting as such in the phase of the proceedings concerning jurisdiction and admissibility.

Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya v. *United States of America)*. Mr. A. S. El-Kosheri (Egypt) was chosen by the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya.

Oil Platforms (Islamic Republic of Iran v. *United States of America)*. Mr. F. Rigaux (Belgium) was chosen by the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Bosnia and Herzegovina v. *Serbia and Montenegro)*. Sir Elihu Lauterpacht (United Kingdom) was chosen by Bosnia and Herzegovina. Following his resignation, on 22 February 2002, Mr. Ahmed Mahiou (Algeria) was chosen by Bosnia and Herzegovina. Mr. M. Kreća was chosen by Serbia and Montenegro.

Gabčíkovo-Nagymaros Project (Hungary/Slovakia). Mr. K. J. Skubiszewski (Poland) was chosen by Slovakia.

Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria (Cameroon v. *Nigeria: Equatorial Guinea intervening)*. Mr. K. Mbaye (Senegal) was chosen by Cameroon and Prince B. A. Ajibola by Nigeria.

Fisheries Jurisdiction (Spain v. *Canada)*. Mr. S. Torres Bernárdez was chosen by Spain and Mr. M. Lalonde by Canada.

Request for an Examination of the Situation in Accordance with Paragraph 63 of the Court's Judgment of 20 December 1974 in the Nuclear Tests (New Zealand *v.* France) *Case*. Sir Geoffrey Palmer was chosen by New Zealand.

Request for Interpretation of the Judgment of 11 June 1998 in the Case concerning the Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and

Nigeria (Cameroon *v.* Nigeria), Preliminary Objections *(Nigeria* v. *Cameroon)*. Prince B. A. Ajibola was chosen by Nigeria and Mr. K. Mbaye (Senegal) by Cameroon.

Sovereignty over Pulau Ligitan and Pulau Sipadan (Indonesia/Malaysia). Mr. M. Shahabuddeen (Guyana) was chosen by Indonesia. Following the resignation of Mr. Shahabuddeen, Mr. Thomas Franck (United States of America) was chosen by Indonesia. Mr. C. G. Weeramantry (Sri Lanka) was chosen by Malaysia.

Ahmadou Sadio Diallo (Republic of Guinea v. *Democratic Republic of the Congo).* Mr. Mohammed Bedjaoui (Algeria) was chosen by the Republic of Guinea and Mr. Auguste Mampuya Kanunk'A-Tshiabo by the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Following the resignation of Mr. Bedjaoui, on 10 September 2002, Mr. Ahmed Mahiou (Algeria) was chosen by the Republic of Guinea.

Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. *Belgium) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Canada) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *France) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Germany) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Italy) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Netherlands) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Portugal) (Yugoslavia* v. *Spain) (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *United Kingdom) (Yugoslavia* v. *United States of America).* In all ten cases Serbia and Montenegro [Yugoslavia] chose Mr. M. Kreća; in the case of *Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Belgium*, Mr. P. Duinslaeger was chosen by Belgium; in the case of *Serbia and Montenegro*[1] v. *Canada*, Mr. M. Lalonde was chosen by Canada; in the case of *Serbia and Montenegro* v. *Italy*, Mr. G. Gaja was chosen by Italy and in the case of *Yugoslavia* v. *Spain*, Mr. S. Torres Bernárdez was chosen by Spain. These have been sitting as such during the examination of Serbia and Montenegro's requests for the indication of provisional measures. In March 2000 Portugal indicated its intention to appoint a judge *ad hoc*. With regard to the phase of the procedure concerning the preliminary objections, the Court, taking into account the presence upon the Bench of judges of British, Dutch and French nationality, decided that the judges *ad hoc* chosen by the respondent States should not sit during that phase. The Court observed that this decision did not in any way prejudice the question whether, if the Court should reject the preliminary objections of the respondents, judges *ad hoc* might sit in subsequent stages of the cases.

Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Burundi) (Democratic Republic of the Congo* v. *Uganda) (Democratic Republic of the Congo* v. *Rwanda).* In all three cases Mr. Joe Verhoeven (Belgium) was chosen by the Democratic Republic of the Congo; in the case of *Democratic Republic of the Congo* v. *Burundi*, Mr. J. J. A. Salmon (Belgium) was chosen by Burundi; in the case of *Democratic Republic of the Congo* v. *Uganda*, Mr. James L.

Kateka (Tanzania) was chosen by Uganda; and, in the case of *Democratic Republic of the Congo* v. *Rwanda*, Mr. C. J. R. Dugard (South Africa) was chosen by Rwanda.

Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Croatia v. *Serbia and Montenegro)*. Mr. B. Vukas was chosen by Croatia and Mr. M. Kreća by Serbia and Montenegro.

Aerial Incident of 10 August 1999 (Pakistan v. *India)*. Mr. S. S. U. Pirzada was chosen by Pakistan and Mr. B. P. J. Reddy by India.

Arrest Warrant of 11 April 2000 (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Belgium)*. Mr. Sayeman Bula-Bula was chosen by the Democratic Republic of the Congo and Mrs. Christine Van den Wyngaert by Belgium.

Certain Property (Liechtenstein v. *Germany)*. Mr. Ian Brownlie (United Kingdom) was chosen by Liechtenstein. Following his resignation, on 25 April 2002, Sir Franklin Berman (United Kingdom) was chosen by Liechtenstein. Mr. Carl-August Fleischhauer was chosen by Germany, Judge Simma being disqualified from sitting.

Maritime Delimitation between Nicaragua and Honduras in the Caribbean Sea (Nicaragua v. *Honduras)*. Mr. Giorgio Gaja (Italy) was chosen by Nicaragua and Mr. Julio González Campos (Spain) by Honduras.

Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 July 1996 in the Case concerning Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Bosnia and Herzegovina *v.* Yugoslavia), Preliminary Objections *(Yugoslavia* v. *Bosnia and Herzegovina)*. Mr. Vojin Dimitrijević was chosen by Yugoslavia. Mr. Sead Hodžić was chosen by Bosnia and Herzegovina. Following the resignation of Mr. Hodžić, on 9 April 2002, Bosnia and Herzegovina chose Mr. Ahmed Mahiou (Algeria).

Territorial and Maritime Dispute (Nicaragua v. *Colombia)*. Mr. Yves L. Fortier was chosen by Colombia and Mr. Mohammed Bedjaoui (Algeria) by Nicaragua. Mr. Bedjaoui resigned from his duties on 2 May 2006.

Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (New Application: 2002) (Democratic Republic of the Congo v. *Rwanda)*. Mr. Jean-Pierre Mavungu Mvumbi-di-Ngoma was chosen by the Democratic Republic of the Congo and Mr. John Dugard (South Africa) by Rwanda.

Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger). Mr. Mohamed Bennouna (Morocco) was chosen by Benin and Mr. Mohammed Bedjaoui (Algeria) by Niger.

Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 September 1992 in the Case concerning the Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) *(El Salvador* v.

Honduras). Mr. Felipe H. Paolillo (Uruguay) was chosen by El Salvador and Mr. Santiago Torres Bernárdez (Spain) by Honduras.

Avena and Other Mexican Nationals (Mexico v. *United States of America)*. Mr. Bernardo Sepúlveda-Amor was chosen by Mexico.

Certain Criminal Proceedings in France (Republic of the Congo v. *France)*. Mr. Jean-Yves De Cara (France) was chosen by the Republic of the Congo and Mr. Gilbert Guillaume by France.

Sovereignty over Pedra Branca/Pulau Batu Puteh, Middle Rocks and South Ledge (Malaysia/Singapore). Mr. Christopher J. Dugard (South Africa) was chosen by Malaysia and Mr. P. Sreenivasa Rao (India) by Singapore.

Maritime Delimitation in the Black Sea (Romania v. *Ukraine)*. Mr. Jean-Pierre Cot (France) was chosen by Romania and Mr. Bernard H. Oxman (United States) by Ukraine.

Dispute regarding Navigational and Related Rights (Costa Rica v. *Nicaragua)*. Mr. Antônio Augusto Cançado Trindade (Brazil) was chosen by Costa Rica and Mr. Gilbert Guillaume (France) by Nicaragua.

Pulp Mills on the River Uruguay (Argentina v. *Uruguay)*. Mr. Raúl Emilio Vinuesa was chosen by Argentina and Mr. Santiago Torres Bernárdez (Spain) by Uruguay.

III. Chambers

1. Chamber of Summary Procedure

The Statute (Art. 29) provides that, with a view to the speedy despatch of business, the Court shall form annually a Chamber composed of five judges which, at the request of the parties, may hear and determine cases by summary procedure. The Court also selects two judges for this Chamber for the purpose of replacing judges who find it impossible to sit. Under Article 15 of the Rules of Court, the President and Vice-President are members of this Chamber ex officio, the other members and the substitutes being elected. The Chamber of Summary Procedure has never as yet been called upon to meet.

The Chamber of Summary Procedure is at present composed as follows: President Higgins; Vice-President Al-Khasawneh; Judges Parra-Aranguren, Buergenthal and Skotnikov, members; Judges Koroma and Abraham, substitute members.

2. Chambers Provided for in Article 26, Paragraph 1, of the Statute

The Statute (Art. 26, para. 1) provides also that the Court may from time to time form one or more chambers, composed of three or more

judges, as the Court may determine, for dealing with particular categories of cases: for example, labour cases and cases relating to transit and communications. Cases are heard and determined by these chambers if the parties so request.

In 1993, the Court established a Chamber for Environmental Matters, which was periodically reconstituted until 2006. In the Chamber's 13 years of existence, however, no State ever requested that a case be dealt with by it. The Court consequently decided in 2006 not to hold elections for a Bench for the said Chamber.

3. Chambers Formed under Article 26, Paragraph 2, of the Statute

The Statute (Art. 26, para. 2) provides that the Court may form a chamber for dealing with a particular case, the number of judges constituting such a chamber being determined by the Court with the approval of the parties.

Chambers of this kind have been formed at the joint request of the parties to deal with six cases. They are listed below with an indication of the date on which the respective Chamber was constituted and the names of its members.

Delimitation of the Maritime Boundary in the Gulf of Maine Area (Canada/United States of America): constituted on 20 January 1982; Judges Ago *(President)*, Gros, Mosler, Schwebel; Judge *ad hoc* Cohen.

Frontier Dispute (Burkina Faso/Republic of Mali): constituted on 3 April 1985; Judges Bedjaoui *(President)*, Lachs, Ruda; Judges *ad hoc* Luchaire, Abi-Saab.

Elettronica Sicula S.p.A. (ELSI) (United States of America v. *Italy)*: constituted on 2 March 1987 with the following composition – Judges Nagendra Singh *(President)*, Oda, Ago, Schwebel, Sir Robert Jennings. Following the death of Judge Nagendra Singh the Court, on 20 December 1988, elected President Ruda to succeed him as member and (ex officio) President of the Chamber.

Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua [as from 13 September 1990] *intervening)*: constituted on 8 May 1987 with the following composition – Judges Oda, Sette-Camara, Sir Robert Jennings; Judges *ad hoc* Valticos, Virally. The Chamber elected Judge Sette-Camara to be its President. After the death of Judge Virally, Mr. Torres Bernárdez was chosen to sit as judge *ad hoc* in his place, and on 13 December 1989 the Court declared the Chamber to be composed as follows: Judges Sette-Camara *(President)*, Oda, Sir Robert Jennings; Judges *ad hoc* Valticos, Torres Bernárdez. On 7 February 1991 Judges Sir Robert Jennings and Oda exchanged places in the order of precedence within the Chamber owing to their election to be, respectively, the Court's President and Vice-President.

Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger): constituted on 27 November 2002 with the following composition – Judges Guillaume *(President)*, Ranjeva,

Kooijmans; Judges *ad hoc* Bedjaoui, Bennouna. Following an election held on 16 February 2005 to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of Judge Guillaume, the composition of that Chamber was as follows: Judges Ranjeva *(President)*, Kooijmans, Abraham; Judges *ad hoc* Bedjaoui, Bennouna.

Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 September 1992 in the Case concerning the Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) *(El Salvador* v. *Honduras)*: constituted on 27 November 2002 with the following composition – Judges Guillaume *(President)*, Rezek, Buergenthal; Judges *ad hoc* Torres Bernárdez, Paolillo.

4. Provisions in the Rules relating to Chambers

Articles 15-18 and 90-93 of the Rules of Court contain the provisions relating to chambers.

IV. Assessors

Article 30, paragraph 2, of the Statute and Article 9 of the Rules of Court provide that the Court may, either *proprio motu* or upon a request made not later than the closure of the written proceedings, decide, for the purpose of a contentious case or request for advisory opinion, to appoint assessors to sit with it, without the right to vote. The chambers also have the power to appoint assessors.

These provisions have not been applied up to the present.

V. The Registrar

The Court appoints its Registrar (Statute, Art. 21, para. 2; Rules, Art. 22).

The present Registrar is Mr. Philippe Couvreur (see Chap. V, p. 197, below).

VI. Privileges and Immunities

Article 19 of the Statute provides: "The Members of the Court, when engaged on the business of the Court, shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities."

In the Netherlands, pursuant to an exchange of correspondence between the President of the Court and the Minister for Foreign Affairs, dated 26 June 1946, they enjoy, in a general way, the same privileges, immunities, facilities and prerogatives as Heads of Diplomatic Missions accredited to Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands (*I.C.J. Acts and*

Documents No. 5, pp. 200-207). In addition, in accordance with the terms of a letter dated 26 February 1971 from the Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands, the President of the Court takes precedence over the Heads of Mission, including the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps, who is immediately followed by the Vice-President of the Court and thereafter the precedence proceeds alternately between Heads of Mission and the Members of the Court (*ibid.*, pp. 210-213).

By resolution 90 (1) of 11 December 1946 (*ibid.*, pp. 206-211), the General Assembly of the United Nations approved the agreement concluded with the Government of the Netherlands in June 1946 and recommended that ". . . if a judge, for the purpose of holding himself permanently at the disposal of the Court, resides in some country other than his own, he should be accorded diplomatic privileges and immunities during the period of his residence there" and that "... judges should be accorded every facility for leaving the country where they may happen to be, for entering the country where the Court is sitting, and again for leaving it. On journeys in connection with the exercise of their functions, they should, in all countries through which they may have to pass, enjoy all the privileges, immunities and facilities granted by these countries to diplomatic envoys."

The same resolution contains also a recommendation calling upon Members of the United Nations to recognize and accept United Nations laissez-passer issued to the judges by the Court. Such laissez-passer have been issued since 1950. They are similar in form to those issued by the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Furthermore, Article 32, paragraph 8, of the Statute provides that the "salaries, allowances and compensation" received by judges "shall be free of all taxation".

CHAPTER II

BIOGRAPHIES OF JUDGES

Biographies of judges who held office in the period 1 August 2005 to 31 July 2006 will be found below.

I. Members of the Court on 31 July 2006

President Rosalyn Higgins

(Member of the Court since 12 July 1995; re-elected as from 6 February 2000; President since 6 February 2006)

Born in London, United Kingdom, on 2 June 1937.

Married to the Rt. Hon. the Lord Higgins, KBE, DL.

Dame Commander of the British Empire (1995).

Fellow of the British Academy; Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences.

B.A. (Cantab.) 1st Class (1959); Commonwealth Fund (Harkness) Fellowship (1959-1961); Graduate Fellow, Yale Law School (1959-1961); LL.B. (Cantab.) 1st Class (1962); J.S.D. (Yale) (1962); M.A. (Cantab.) (1962); Honorary Fellow of London School of Economics and of Girton College, Cambridge.

Rockefeller Foundation Fellowship (1961); Vols. I and II of *United Nations Peacekeeping* received the 1971 Certificate of Merit of the American Society of International Law; British Academy Award (1977-1978); Honorary Doctorate of the University of Paris XI (1980), University of Dundee (1992), University of Durham and the London School of Economics (1995), University of Cambridge, University of Kent, University of Essex, University of Sussex, University of Greenwich and London City University (1996), University of Birmingham, University of Leicester, and University of Glasgow (1997), University of Nottingham (1999), University of Oxford (2002), University of Reading (2003). Received the 1995 Certificate of Merit of the American Society of International Law for *Problems and Process: International Law and How We Use It*. Wolfgang-Friedman Medal for services to International Law, Colombia University (1985); Harold Weil Medal, New York University (1995); *Chevalier d'Ordre des Palmes Académiques* (1988); Honorary Life Membership Award, American Society of International Law (1992); Yale Law School Medal of Merit (1997) and the Manley O. Hudson Medal (1998).

United Kingdom Intern, Office of Legal Affairs, United Nations (1958); Visiting Fellow, Brookings Institution, Washington, DC (1960); Junior Fellow in international studies, London School of Economics

(1961-1963); Staff specialist in international law, Royal Institute of International Affairs (1963-1974); Visiting Fellow, London School of Economics (1974-1978); Professor of International Law, University of Kent at Canterbury (1978-1981); Professor of International Law, University of London (1981-1995).

Barrister, practising in public international law and petroleum law. Practice in the English courts and before various international tribunals, including the International Court of Justice, the European Court of Human Rights and the Court of the European Communities.

Queen's Counsel (1986); Bencher of the Inner Temple (1989).

Counsel for the International Tin Council in a series of cases in the United Kingdom.

Counsel in the following cases in the International Court of Justice: *East Timor (Portugal* v. *Australia); Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Chad); Questions of Interpretation and Application of the 1971 Montreal Convention arising from the Aerial Incident at Lockerbie (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya* v. *United Kingdom); Gabčikovo-Nagymaros Project (Hungary/Slovakia)*.

Member, Arbitral Tribunal: Arbitration between Eritrea and Yemen: Territorial Sovereignty (1998); Maritime Delimitation (1999); President, AMCO Asia/Indonesia, resubmitted case, Award on Jurisdiction (1988); *ibid.*, Award on Merits (1992); President, Iron Rhine Arbitration (Belgium *v.* Netherlands) (2003-2005); President, Interpretation of the Award in the Iron Rhine (2005); President, Capital Power Mauritius I and Energy Enterprises (Mauritius) Company *v.* Republic of India (2004-2005).

Member of the Committee on Human Rights under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1984-1995); Special Rapporteur for new cases (1989-1991).

Associé of the Institut de droit international (1987), Member (1991); Chairman (since 1992), Public International Law Advisory Board, British Institute for International and Comparative Law (1992-2005); Hon. life Vice-President of the American Society of International Law (1993).

Board of Editors of the *American Journal of International Law* (1975-1985), and ex officio (since 2003); of the *Journal of Energy and Natural Resources Law*; and of the *British Year Book of International Law*.

Author of *The Development of International Law through the Political Organs of the United Nations*, 1963; *Conflict of Interests: International Law in a Divided World*, 1965; *The Administration of the United Kingdom Foreign Policy through the United Nations*, 1966; *UN Peacekeeping: Documents and Commentary*, Vol. I, *Middle East*, 1969, Vol. II, *Asia*, 1970, Vol. III, *Africa*, 1980, Vol. IV, *Europe*, 1981; *Law in Movement – Essays in Memory of John McMahon* (joint editor with James Fawcett), 1974; "The Taking of Property by the State: Recent Developments in International Law", *Recueil des cours*, Hague Academy of International Law, Vol. 176, 1982; *Liberté de circulation des personnes en droit international* (joint editor with Maurice Flory), 1988; "International Law and the Avoidance, Containment and Resolution of Disputes (General Course

on Public International Law)", *Recueil des cours*, Vol. 230, 1991; *Problems and Process: International Law and How We Use It*, 1994. Also author of various works and articles on international legal theory, United Nations law, the use of force, State and diplomatic immunities, human rights and international petroleum law.

Vice-President Awn Shawkat AL-KHASAWNEH

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2000; Vice-President since 6 February 2006)

Born in Amman, Jordan, on 22 February 1950.

Primary and secondary education at the Islamic Educational College of Amman. University education at Cambridge University (Queens' College), history and law, postgraduate studies in international law. M.A. LL.M. (Cantab.)

Joined the Jordanian diplomatic service in 1975. Second Secretary, then First Secretary at the Permanent Mission of Jordan to the United Nations in New York (1976-1980). Ministry of Foreign Affairs with special responsibility for international organizations and international law (1980-1985). Head of the Legal Department at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1985-1990). Seconded to the Royal Court (1990). Ambassador (1992). Adviser to the King and Adviser of the State on International Law with the rank of Cabinet Minister (1995). Chief of the Royal Hashemite Court (1996-1998).

Member of the Jordanian Royal Commission on Legislative and Administrative Reform (1994-1996). Chairman of the Jordanian National Group on the Implementation of International Humanitarian Law (1998-2006).

Representative of Jordan at 19 sessions of the General Assembly of the United Nations (the Sixth (Legal) Committee) (since 1976). Jordan's alternate representative on the Security Council (1981-1982). Member of most Jordanian delegations to meetings of the Arab League, the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries and the Organization of the Islamic Conference held in the years 1980-1988. Member of, and Legal Adviser to, the Jordanian delegation to the peace negotiations in the Middle East (1991-1994).

Representative of Jordan at the following conferences and committees in the field of the codification and progressive development of international law: *Ad Hoc* Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention against the Taking of Hostages (1977-1980); United Nations Conference on Succession of States in Respect of Treaties, Second Session (1978); United Nations Conference on Succession of States in Respect of State Property, Archives and Debts (1982); Chairman of the Drafting Committee at the United Nations Conference on Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations (1986). Rome Conference on the drafting of a Convention for the

Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime Navigation (1988).

Member of the Arab International Law Commission (1982-1989).

Member of the United Nations Sub-Commission on the Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities (1984-1993). Chairman of the Sub-Commission (1993).

Special Rapporteur of the Commission on Human Rights on the human rights dimensions of forcible population transfer.

Chairman of Commission IV, Unesco General Conference (1993).

Member of the International Law Commission (1986-1999).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (since 1999).

Member of the International Law Association, Chairman of the Committee on Islamic Law and International Law (since 2003).

Member of the Board of Editors, *Palestine Yearbook of International Law*.

Member of the Council of the Centre of Islamic and Middle Eastern Law at the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London.

Lectured and participated widely in academic seminars at various universities, including Oxford, Cambridge, London, Geneva and universities in Jordan.

Publications: Three reports on the human rights dimensions of forcible population transfers, to the Sub-commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities (1993-1997); "General Principles and Methods for Executing a New Convention", in *Environmental Protection and the Law of War*, London, New York, 1992; "The International Law Commission and Middle East Waters", in *Water in the Middle East: Legal, Political and Commercial Implications*, London, New York, 1995.

Honours: Istiqlal Order, First Class (1993); Kawkab Order, First Class (1996); Nahda Order, First Class (1996) (Jordan). Légion d'honneur, Grand Officier (1997) (France).

Judge Raymond RANJEVA

(Member of the Court since 6 February 1991; re-elected as from 6 February 2000; member (2002-2005) and President (2005) of the Chamber formed to deal with the case concerning the *Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger)*. Vice-President of the Court from 2003 to 2006)

Born in Antananarivo, Madagascar, on 31 August 1942.

Bachelor's degree in law (1965), University of Madagascar, Antananarivo. *Diplôme* from the Madagascar National School of Administration (1966). Trainee in the Judicial Division of the Conseil d'Etat, Paris (1965-1966). *Diplôme* d'études supérieures de sciences politiques, University of Paris, Faculty of Law and Economic Science (1966). *Diplôme* d'études supérieures de droit public, University of Madagascar (1967). Doctorate of Law, University of Paris II (thesis: "La succession

d'organisations internationales en Afrique"). *Agrégé* of the Faculties of Law and Economics, Public Law and Political Science section, Paris (1972).

Doctor *honoris causa* of the Universities of Limoges and Strasbourg. Laureate of the University of Madagascar, of the National Association of Doctors of Law and of the Madagascar National School of Administration.

Civil Administrator (1966). Assistant (1966-1972), Lecturer (1972) and Professor (1981-1991) at the University of Madagascar. Professor at the Madagascar Military Academy and at the Madagascar National School of Administration. Director of the Public Law and Political Science Study Centre. Dean of the Faculty of Law, Economics, Management and Social Sciences, University of Madagascar (1982-1986); reappointed in 1986. First Rector of the University of Antananarivo (1988-1990). Associate or visiting lecturer at several universities abroad: University of Aix-Marseille III, Bordeaux I, Paris I (Panthéon-Sorbonne), Paris II (Panthéon-Assas), the Institute of Advanced International Studies, La Réunion and Burundi, and the Free University of Brussels. Director of the French-speaking research seminar at the Hague Academy of International Law (1987); gave a course at the Hague Academy of International Law in 1997. Member (Ouagadougou, 1988) and President (Cotonou, 1992) of the Board of *Agrégation* Examiners of the African and Malagasy Council on Higher Education.

Conciliator at the World Bank International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes since 1970. Member of Malagasy delegations to several international conferences: Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea; Preparatory Commission for the International Seabed Authority and the Law of the Sea Tribunal; United Nations General Assembly (1979-1990); Non-Aligned Countries (1979); Conference of States which use French (1987); Head of the Malagasy delegation to the United Nations Conference on Succession of States in respect of Treaties, Vienna (1976-1977); Member of the Malagasy delegation responsible for negotiating the revision of the co-operation agreements with France (1973); First Vice-President for Africa of the International Conference of French-Speaking Faculties of Law and Political Science (1987-1991).

Counsel to the Republic of Mali in the case concerning the *Frontier Dispute (Burkina Faso/Republic of Mali)* before the Court. Consultant for Madagascar on the amicable settlement of the transfer to the State of the activities of Eau-Electricité de Madagascar and Electricité de France (1973) and in the case of SEDITEX INTERNATIONAL GmbH Hamburg/Republic of Madagascar.

Co-opted Member and Arbitrator of the Court of Arbitration for Sport.

Member and Vice-President of the Malagasy Academy of Sciences, Literature and Arts (1974); President of the ethics and political science section (1976-1991). Managing Director of JURECO: legal, economic and financial databank – research and advisory bodies (1986-1990). Editor of the periodical *Lettre mensuelle de Jureco* (1986-1988).

Member of the Board of the French Society of International Law. Member of the Quebec Society of International Law. Member of the

Governing Body of the African Society of International and Comparative Law. Member of the Scientific Council of the Agence universitaire de la Francophonie (AUPELF-UREF). Associate Member of the Institute of International Law.

Member of the National Constitutional Committee (1975). Founding Member of the Malagasy Human Rights Committee (1971). Member of the Papal Council for Justice and Peace. Legal adviser to the Catholic Bishops Conference, Madagascar. Secretary-General of the Malagasy Legal Studies Society.

Commandeur of the National Order of Madagascar. Chevalier of the Madagascar Order of Merit. Officer of the National Order of Mali. Six Honours.

Author of numerous books, essays, articles and of addresses at several conferences.

Judge SHI Jiuyong

(Member of the Court since 6 February 1994; re-elected as from 6 February 2003; Vice-President of the Court from 2000 to 2003; President from 2003 to 2006)

Born in Zhejiang, China, on 9 October 1926.

B.A. in Government and Public Law, St. John's University, Shanghai (1948); M.A. in International Law, Columbia University, New York, United States of America (1951); research in international law at Columbia University, New York (1951-1954).

Assistant Research Fellow in International Law, Institute of International Relations, Beijing, China (1956-1958). Senior Lecturer, Associate Professor of International Law, Foreign Affairs College, Beijing (1958-1964). Research Fellow in International Law, Institute of International Law, Beijing (1964-1973). Research Fellow in International Law, Institute of International Studies, Beijing (1973-1980). Professor of International Law, Foreign Affairs College, Beijing (1984-1993). Professor of Law, Foreign Economic Law Training Centre, Ministry of Justice of the People's Republic of China, Beijing (1987-1988).

Before 2005, Adviser, then Honorary President (since 2005), Chinese Society of International Law, Beijing. Council member, Institute of Hong Kong Law of the Chinese Law Society, Beijing. Member, American Society of International Law. Member of the Consultative Council of *The Global Community: Yearbook of International Law and Jurisprudence*. President (since 2005) Curatorium of the Xiamen Academy of International Law. Co-chair (since 2002), Board of Honorary Editors, *Chinese Journal of International Law*.

Legal Adviser, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, People's Republic of China (1980-1993). Legal Adviser, Office of the Chinese Senior Representative, Sino-British Joint Liaison Group (on the question of Hong Kong) (1985-1993). Legal Adviser, Chinese Centre of Legal Consultancy, Beijing (1989-1993). Member, Standing Committee, Beijing Committee

(1988-1993), and member, Eighth National Committee (1993), Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

Legal Adviser, Chinese delegation to the 1980 Annual Meeting of the Boards of Governors of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Legal Adviser, delegation of the Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China for the formal visit to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (1980). Adviser, Chinese delegation to the thirty-fifth session of the General Assembly of the United Nations and China's Alternate Representative to the Sixth Committee at that session. Adviser, Chinese delegation to the thirty-sixth, thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth sessions of the United Nations General Assembly and China's delegate to the Sixth Committee at the same sessions (1981-1983). Delegate, Chinese delegation to the sessions of the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee in 1981, 1985 and 1993. Legal Adviser, Chinese delegation to the talks between the Government of China and the Asian Development Bank on the question of China's membership in the Bank (1986). Legal Adviser of the Chinese side, Working Group of the Sino-British Negotiations on the question of Hong Kong (1984). Legal Adviser of the Chinese side, Sino-British Joint Liaison Group (on Hong Kong), plenary sessions (1985-1993). Delegate, Chinese delegation, legal consultations between the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China and the Department of State of the United States of America (1983 and 1984). Delegate, Chinese delegation, negotiations between the Government of the People's Republic of China and the Government of the United States of America on Mutual Promotion and Protection of Investment Agreement (1983 and 1984). Representative of the International Law Commission to the forty-fifth session of the United Nations General Assembly (1990). Expert from China, Senior Legal Experts Meetings on Review of Montevideo Programme, United Nations Environment Programme, 5-6 July 1991 at Geneva and 5-7 September 1991 at Nairobi. Representative of the International Law Commission to the thirtieth meeting of the Asian-African Legal Consultative Conference, Cairo, 22-27 April 1991. Legal Adviser to the Chinese delegation, Disarmament Conference, November 1991 to August 1992.

Member (1987-1993), Rapporteur (1988) and Chairman (1990) of the International Law Commission.

Member, Foreign Economic and Trade Arbitration Commission, China Council for the Promotion of International Trade (1984-1988). Member of the Steering Committee on revision of the Hague Convention of 1907 on Pacific Settlement of International Disputes of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (1994-1997).

Taught general course of international law, Foreign Affairs College, Beijing (1958-1963). Taught general course of international economic law, Department of Law, Peking University (1980-1985). Taught general course of international economic law, Foreign Economic Law Training Centre, Ministry of Justice of the People's Republic of China (1988).

Lectures on international financial institutions, National Bureau of Oceanography, the People's Republic of China (1986). Lectures on principles of international law relating to the new international economic order, Department of Law, Peking University (1988). Lectures on protection of private foreign investment (in English), the Hague Academy of International Law, Regional Programme, Beijing (1987). Lecture on the Sino-British Joint Declaration on the question of Hong Kong (in English), Graduate Institute of International Studies, Geneva (1988). Lecture on autonomy in international law and the case of the future Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (in English), International Law Seminar, United Nations Office at Geneva (1988). Lecture on "Nationality of Hong Kong Residents: Present and Future", Graduate Studies, Foreign Affairs College (1988). Lecture on certain issues relating to the legal status of the future Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, Graduate Studies, Department of Law, Peking University (1989). Lectures on international trade regulation, Foreign Service Training Programme of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China (1985 and 1986). Lectures on problems of international economic law, Department of Law, Chinese People's University, Beijing (1987). Chairman, panel discussions on the new international economic order, Beijing Conference on the Law of the World, World Peace through Law (1990). Participant, Symposium on the International Law of Arms Control and Disarmament, held at Geneva (February 1991). Lectures on the International Law Commission, Graduate Studies, Department of Law, Peking University (March 1991). Lectures on selected topics of international economic law, Graduate Studies, Foreign Affairs College (September/October 1991). Participant in the Seminar on the Draft Code of Crimes and International Criminal Jurisdiction, sponsored by the Foundation for the Establishment of an International Criminal Court and International Criminal Law Commission, Talloires, France (May 1991). Lectures on bilateral investment protection agreements (in English), International Law Seminar, United Nations Office at Geneva (June 1992). Participant, Symposium on Teaching, Dissemination and Research of International Law in Developing Countries, Beijing, 1992.

Author of numerous publications on international law.

Judge Abdul G. KOROMA

(Member of the Court since 6 February 1994; re-elected as from 6 February 2003)

Born in Freetown, Sierra Leone.

LL.M. (Honours), Kiev State University; Master of Philosophy (International Law), King's College, University of London; Hon. LL.D., University of Sierra Leone; Barrister-at-Law, Honorary Bencher, Honourable Society of Lincoln's Inn, London.

Joined the Government service of Sierra Leone in 1964 and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in 1969. As a Barrister and Legal Practitioner of the High Court of Sierra Leone, was appointed State Counsel and Special Adviser to the Attorney-General and Minister of Justice. Served as Legal Adviser to the Permanent Mission of Sierra Leone to the United Nations. Served as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Sierra Leone to the United Nations, New York, while concurrently accredited as High Commissioner of Sierra Leone to Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago, and Ambassador to the Republic of Korea (Seoul) and Cuba (1981-1985). Served as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgium, France, Luxembourg and the Netherlands while concurrently accredited to the European Communities and to the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (Unesco) (1985-1988). Served as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Sierra Leone to the Organization of African Unity (OAU) with concurrent accreditation to Ethiopia, Kenya, the United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia (1988-1992); also accredited to Republic of Korea (Seoul) and High Commissioner to Barbados, Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago (1988).

As delegate to the General Assembly, served on the Sixth Committee (Legal) from 1977 to 1994 and was elected Chairman. Also served as delegate of Sierra Leone to the following United Nations bodies: the Special Committee on the Review of the Charter and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization; the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL); the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space; the United Nations Programme of Assistance in the Teaching, Study, Dissemination and Wider Appreciation of International Law; served as Chairman of the United Nations Special Committee on the granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples (Committee of 24); headed various United Nations missions on the observance of the exercise of the right of self-determination in various non-self-governing territories.

Represented Sierra Leone at many plenipotentiary conferences, including the United Nations Conference on the Succession of States in respect of Property, Debts and Archives, and was a signatory of the Convention; the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS III) and Chairman of the African Group at the Conference. In that capacity, was closely associated with the elaboration of some of the key provisions of the resulting Convention. Was a signatory of the Convention.

Played an active role in and contributed to the elaboration of various contemporary legal instruments. Member of the International Law Commission (January 1982-1994), and Chairman of the Commission during its forty-third session (1991). Former Chairman of the Committee mandated to elaborate a Draft Statute for an International Criminal Court. As a member of the International Law Commission, was an active participant and contributor to the codification and progressive development of such important international legal instruments as the Draft Code of Crimes against Peace and Security of Mankind; Relations between

States and International Organizations; the Jurisdictional Immunities of States and their Property; the Law of State Responsibility; the proposed Statute of an International Criminal Court; and the Law of the Non-Navigational Uses of International Watercourses; the articles on most-favoured-nation clauses; the draft articles on the status of the diplomatic courier and the diplomatic bag not accompanied by diplomatic courier, and of the optional protocols thereto.

Contributions to other major areas of international law, including the law of self-determination, human rights law, international humanitarian law, and the peaceful settlement of disputes, and has written and lectured on these subjects. Served as expert consultant to the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) at Geneva on the implementation of and respect for international humanitarian law. Has delivered lectures on these topics in many countries, including Cameroon, Canada, China, Ethiopia, Germany, Greece, India, Italy, Japan, Malta, Norway, Peru, Republic of Korea, Sweden, the United Republic of Tanzania and the United States of America.

Participated in conferences, symposiums and seminars on international law, including those held by the International Ocean Institute (Malta and Halifax, Nova Scotia); the International Law Institute (Hawaii); the International Criminal Jurisdiction (Talloires); the International Institute of Higher Studies in Criminal Sciences; Centre for International Studies, New York University School of Law; the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee. Also served as external examiner in international law for Ph.D. candidates at the University of Dalhousie, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada.

Member of the American Society of International Law and of the Planning Council of the International Ocean Institute (Halifax and Malta); Member and Vice-President of the African Association of International Law and Comparative Law; President of the African Society of International and Comparative Law; President, Henry Dunant Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue (Geneva) (since 1999); Associate Member of the Institute of International Law; Member of the Committee of Experts on the Application of Conventions and Recommendations, International Labour Office (Geneva); Member of the Advisory Board of the *Manchester Journal of International Economic Law*.

Awarded the Order of Commander of Rokel by the Government of Sierra Leone for outstanding professional service (1991), and the International Institute of Humanitarian Law Prize for the Promotion, Dissemination and Teaching of International Humanitarian Law (2005).

Author of a thesis on the *Settlement of Territorial and Boundary Disputes in Africa* (University of London). Among articles published: "Humanitarian Intervention and Contemporary International Law", *Swiss Review of International and European Law*, No. 4 (1995); "The Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes", *Netherlands International Review*, Vol. XLIII, 1996/7; "50th Anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights: Human Rights and International

Humanitarian Law", *International Review of the Red Cross*, 1998; "The Influence of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights in Africa – Fifty Years after Its Adoption – A Legal Perspective", *Africa Legal Aid Quarterly*, 1998; "International Justice in Relation to the International Court of Justice", *Thesaurus Acroasium*, Vol. XXVI, Thessaloniki; "Implementation of the Law of the Sea Convention through Its Institutions: An Overview", in D. Vidas and W. Østreng (eds.), *Order for the Oceans at the Turn of the Century*; "The Humanitarian Consequences of Small Arms Proliferation", Paper delivered under the auspices of the Henry Dunant Centre for Humanitarian Dialogue; "The Future of the Common Heritage of Mankind", *1982 Convention on the Law of the Sea*, published by the Law of the Sea Institute, University of Hawaii, Honolulu; "Provisional Measures in Disputes between African States before the International Court of Justice", in *The International Legal System in Quest of Equity and Universality, Liber Amicorum Georges Abi-Saab*, ed. by Laurence Boisson de Chazournes and Vera Gowland-Debbas, 2001; "Social Justice and the Role of an International Judge", Paper delivered at the Colloquium on Social Justice and International Law in Honour of Professor Georges Abi-Saab, 2001; Book Review on *Human Rights in Africa Series*, ed. Professor Christof Heyns, *Leiden Journal of International Law*, 2001; "Africa's Place in the International Justice System", Paper delivered at the 643rd Wilton Park Conference: Justice in Africa, 2001; "Refugees: A Continuing Challenge", Paper delivered at the 25th Round Table on Current Problems of International Humanitarian Law, International Institute of Humanitarian Law, San Remo, 2001; "The Protection of Civilian Populations in Non-International Armed Conflicts", Paper delivered at the Third Meeting of Experts, International Institute of Humanitarian Law, Stockholm, 2001; "Rules of the Court and Practice Directions", Max Planck Encyclopedia of Public International Law, 2005.

Judge Gonzalo PARRA-ARANGUREN

(Member of the Court since 28 February 1996; re-elected as from 6 February 2000)

Born in Caracas, Venezuela, on 5 December 1928.

Degree in juridical and political sciences *(summa cum laude)* at the Central University of Venezuela (1950); postgraduate course in comparative law and jurisprudence (LL.M.) at the Inter-American Law Institute, New York University (1951-1952); Doctor of Law *("doktor iuris") (cum laude)* at the Ludwig-Maximileans University, Munich (1955).

Professor at the Central University of Venezuela, Caracas, teaching private international law (1956-1996); has taught that same course at Andrés Bello Catholic University in Caracas (1957-1996).

Judge in the Second Court of First Instance (commercial matters), Federal District and State of Miranda, Caracas (1958-1971); first associate

judge (1988-1992) in the Chamber of Cassation (civil, commercial and labour matters) of the Supreme Court of Justice; alternate judge of the same Chamber (1992-1996). Has acted as arbitrator, both in Venezuela and abroad, in the latter case regarding international commercial matters of a private nature; on several occasions has testified in foreign courts as an expert on Venezuelan law.

Member of the Commission of Inquiry appointed in 1985 by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office to consider the implementation by the Federal Republic of Germany of the ILO Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention (1958, No. 111); the report was submitted in 1986, but he did not endorse its recommendations.

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (since 1985).

Member of the legislative committees that drafted the section on Venezuelan nationality in connection with the Constitution that was approved in 1961; the draft law on private international law (1963) and its subsequent revision in 1965 that was essentially reproduced in the Venezuelan Private International Law Act 1998; and the revised draft sections of the Code of Commerce dealing with credit instruments and bankruptcy respectively (1963-1965).

Member of the Legal Advisory Committee of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1984-1996) and of the Legal Advisory Council of the National Congress (1990-1996).

Member of the Institut de droit international (elected in 1979).

Member of the Academy of Political and Social Sciences of Caracas (since 1966) and its President (1993-1995). Corresponding Member of the Uruguayan International Law Association (1978); Corresponding Member of the Argentine International Law Association (1981); Corresponding member of the National Academy of Law and Social Sciences of Córdoba, Argentine Republic (1982); Honorary Fellow of the Royal Academy of Jurisprudence and Legislation of Granada, Spain (1994); Corresponding member of the Mexican Academy of Jurisprudence and Legislation corresponding to that of Spain (1994); Honorary Fellow of the Royal Academy of Jurisprudence and Legislation, Madrid (1994); Member of the "Deutsche Gesellschaft für Völkerrecht" (1998).

Member of the Governing Council of the International Institute for the Unification of Private Law (UNIDROIT) (1982-1993); elected again in 1996 for one year. Honorary Member of the same Council (1993).

Former Member of the editorial board of the *Revista del Colegio de Abogados del Distrito Federal*, Caracas, and of the editorial board of the *Revista de la Facultad de Derecho de la Universidad Católica Andrés Bello*, Caracas (from its establishment until 1996). Correspondent for the *Netherlands International Law Review* (since 1987).

Taught the General Course on Private International Law at the Hague Academy of International Law (1988), and has given lectures in various countries: in Curaçao, at the commemoration of the centenary of the Introduction of the Civil Code and the Installation of the High Court of Justice (1969); at the course on international law (Rio de Janeiro, 1978,

1979, 1982, 1988, 1992 and 1997), organized by the Inter-American Juridical Committee and the Brazilian Foundation "Gétulio Vargas"; at the Hague Academy of International Law, on "Recent Developments of Conflict of Laws Conventions in Latin America" (1979); at the "Journeys of International Law" (Salamanca, November 1992); at the seminar on "Principles for the International Commercial Contracts", prepared by the International Institute for the Unification of Private Law (UNIDROIT) (Rome, December 1993); at the working meeting on the "Reviews and Books for the Unification of the Latin-American Juridical System" (Rome, December 1993); at the Eighth World Conference of the International Society of Family Law (Cardiff, June 1994); at the Congress on Children on the Move, organized by the Dutch committee of the International Year of the Family in collaboration with the Hague Conference on Private International Law (The Hague, October 1994); at the seminar on "Adoption, an Act of Love", organized by the Colombian Institute for Family Welfare (Bogotá, June 1995); at the Symposium "Il nuovo Diritto Internazionale Privato Italiano", University of Padua (1996); at the Symposium "Globalization of Child Law: The Role of the Hague Convention" (The Hague, September 1997); and at the "Civil Law Congress", organized by the Bar Association of Puerto Rico (1998).

Co-Chairman of the Committee on Private International Law, during the Sixteenth Session of the Inter-American Lawyers Federation (Caracas, 1969). Reporter at the "First Latin-American Journeys of International Law", at the Andrés Bello Catholic University (Caracas, 1979); at the Twelfth Congress of the Hispano-Luso Institute of International Law (Merida, Venezuela, 1980); at the International Seminar on Adoption (Caracas, 1996); and at the Inter-American Congress "Towards a New Regulation of the International Contracts" (Valencia, Venezuela, 1996).

Representative for Venezuela at the International Association of Legal Science and the German Society for Comparative Law (Treveris, Federal Republic of Germany, 1961); and at the third meeting of the Joint Venezuelan-Spanish Commission (Madrid, 1974).

Representative for Venezuela at the first Inter-American Specialized Conference on Private International Law (CIDIP-I, Panama, 1975), being Vice-Chairman of the Second Committee; at the second such Conference (CIDIP-II, Montevideo, 1979), being Chairman of the Second Committee; at the third and fourth such Conferences (held, respectively, CIDIP-III in La Paz, Bolivia, 1984, and CIDIP-IV in Montevideo, 1989), being Chairman of the Second Committee; and at the fifth such Conference (CIDIP-V, Mexico City, 1994), being Chairman of the First Committee.

Member of the Committees of Experts that met in Washington, D.C., in 1980 in preparation for the Third Inter-American Specialized Conference on Private International Law (CIDIP-III); in Tucson, Arizona, 1993, in preparation for the Fifth Inter-American Specialized Conference on Private International Law (CIDIP-V); and in Washington, D.C. (1995, 1996) to prepare the Inter-American Convention against Corruption.

Representative of Venezuela at the Hague Conference on Private International Law: thirteenth session (1976-1977); fourteenth session (1980); fifteenth session (1984); special session (1985); sixteenth session (1988); and the seventeenth session (1993); member of the special working group and Special Commission (April and October 1994, respectively) to study the application of the Convention of 1993 to minors who are refugees; and of the Special Commission (second meeting, June 1995) on the protection of minors and incompetent adults and of the Special Commission on maintenance obligations (November 1995). Elected one of the five Vice-Chairmen at the fifteenth and sixteenth sessions.

Rapporteur of the Special Commission of the seventeenth session of the Hague Conference on Private International Law and, in pursuance of these functions, prepared the preliminary report (1992) and the explanatory report on the Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in respect of Intercountry Adoption on 29 May 1993.

Author of the following books: *Die Regel "Locus Regit Actum" und die Formen der Testamente*, 1955; *La Nacionalidad Venezolana Originaria*, Vols. I and II, 1964; *La Constitución de 1830 y los Venezolanos por Naturalización*, 1969; *Codificación del Derecho Internacional Privado en América*, Vol. I, 1982, Vol. II, 1998; *La Nacionalidad Venezolana: I. Antecedentes Históricos*, 1983; *La Influencia del Matrimonio sobre la Nacionalidad de la Mujer en la Legislación Venezolana*, 1983; *La Nacionalidad Venezolana: II. Problemas Actuales*, 1983; *Monografías Selectas de Derecho Internacional Privado*, 1984; *Ensayos de Derecho Procesal Civil Internacional*, 1986: *Curso General de Derecho Internacional Privado (Problemas Selectos)*, 1991; *Curso General de Derecho Internacional Privado. Problemas Selectos y Otros Estudios*, 1992; *Curso General de Derecho Internacional Privado. Problemas selectos y Otros Estudios*, Tercera Edición Revisada, 1998; *Estudios de Derecho Procesal Civil Internacional*, 1998; *Escritos Diversos de Derecho Internacional Privado*, 1998; *Estudios de Derecho Mercantil Internacional*, 1998.

Has further published numerous articles on the law of nationality, private international law and international civil procedural law in Venezuelan and foreign journals.

Judge Thomas BUERGENTHAL

(Member of the Court since 2 March 2000; re-elected as from 6 February 2006)

Born in Lubochna, Slovakia (United States national), on 11 May 1934.

B.A., Bethany College, West Virginia (1957); Juris Doctor, New York University School of Law (Root Tilden Scholar) (1960); Master of Laws, Harvard Law School (1961); Doctor of Juridical Science, Harvard Law School (1968). Honorary Doctorates in Law: Bethany College (1981), University of Heidelberg (1986), Free University of Brussels (1994), State University of New York (Buffalo) (2000), American University Washington College of Law (2002), University of Minnesota (2003) and George Washington University Law School (2004).

Member of the Bars of the State of New York, District of Columbia, and United States Supreme Court.

Professor of Law, State University of New York (Buffalo) School of Law (1962-1975); Fulbright and Jaworski Professor of International Law, University of Texas School of Law (1975-1980); Dean and Professor of International Law, American University Washington College of Law (1980-1985); I. T. Cohen Professor of Human Rights, Emory University School of Law, and Director, Human Rights Program of the Carter Center (1985-1989); Lobingier Professor of Comparative Law and Jurisprudence and Presiding Director, International Rule of Law Center, The George Washington University Law School (1989-2000).

Judge and President, Inter-American Court of Human Rights (1979-1991); Judge and President, Administrative Tribunal, Inter-American Development Bank (1989-1994); Member, United Nations Truth Commission for El Salvador (1992-1993); Member, United Nations Human Rights Committee (1995-1999); Member, Panels of Conciliators and of Arbitrators, International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes, World Bank (since 1997); Arbitrator (1997-2000) and Vice-Chairman (1999-2000), Claims Resolution Tribunal for Dormant Accounts in Switzerland; Member, Ethics Commission, International Olympic Committee (since 2005).

Chairman, United States Government Delegation to Unesco Specialized Conference on International Education (1974); Chairman, Human Rights Committee, United States National Commission for Unesco (1976-1979); Chief United States Representative, Unesco Executive Board Working Group on Human Rights Procedures (1977/1978); Member, Advisory Board, President's Commission on the Holocaust (1978-1979); Vice-President, Unesco Congress on the Teaching of Human Rights, and Chairman, United States Delegation to the Congress (Vienna, 1978); Member, United States Government Delegation, Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe, Copenhagen (1990); Member, United States Government Delegation, Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe, Expert Meeting on Democratic Institutions, Oslo (1991); Member, United States Holocaust Memorial Council (1996-2000) and Chairman of its Committee on Conscience (1997-2000).

Rapporteur, Study Panel on International Human Rights Law and Its Implementation, American Society of International Law (1970-1975); Member, Board of Directors, International Institute of Human Rights (René Cassin Foundation), Strasbourg, France (1970-1989); Member, Executive Council (1977-1980; 1986-1989), Vice-President (1980-1982), Honorary Vice-President (1994-1999), Honorary President (since 2001), American Society of International Law; Associate Reporter (1978-1980), Member, Advisory Committee (1980-1986), American Law Institute, Restatement (Third) on the Foreign Relations Law of the United States; Chairman, Human Rights Committee, International Law and Practice Section, American Bar Association (1981-1982; 1991-1992); Member, Standing Committee on World Order under Law, American Bar

Association (1997-1999); Member, Administrative Council, Blaustein Institute of Human Rights (1996-2000); Member, Kuratorium, Max Planck Institute for Public International Law, Heidelberg, Germany (1984-2002); Founder and President, Inter-American Institute of Human Rights (1980-1992), Honorary President (since 1992); Vice-Chairman, Academic Council, Institute of Transnational Arbitration (1998-2003), Honorary Chairman (since 2004). Member, Executive Committee, American Bar Association Centre for Human Rights (since 2003).

Member of the American Bar Association, American Society of International Law, American Law Institute, Council on Foreign Relations, German Society of International Law.

Pro-Humanitas Prize, West-Ost Kulturwerk (Federal Republic of Germany) (1978); Unesco Human Rights Prize (First Honourable Mention) (1978); Book Award (First Prize) of the Inter-American Bar Association for *Protecting Human Rights in the Americas: Selected Problems* (1982); Distinguished Service in Legal Education Award (1987); Alumni Achievement Award (2005), New York University Law School Association; Wolfgang G. Friedmann Memorial Award for Outstanding Achievement in International Law, Columbia University Law School (1989); Harry Leroy Jones Award for Outstanding Achievements in Foreign and International Law, Washington Foreign Law Society (1990); Human Rights Prize, Jacob Blaustein Institute for the Advancement of Human Rights (1997); Goler T. Butcher Medal for Excellence in Human Rights, American Society of International Law (1997); Manley O. Hudson Medal, American Society of International Law (2002); Louis B. Sohn Award, International Law Section of the American Bar Association (2006).

Member, Editorial Boards: *American Journal of Comparative Law* (1966-1977); *American Journal of International Law; Human Rights Law Journal; Europäische Grundrechte Zeitschrift; Revue universelle des droits de l'homme*; *Encyclopedia of Public International Law* (R. Bernhardt, ed.); and *Anuario Mexicano de Derecho Internacional*.

Author of numerous books, essays and articles. Books include, *inter alia*: *Law-Making in the International Civil Aviation Organization*, 1969; *International Protection of Human Rights* (with L. B. Sohn), 1973; *International Human Rights* (with D. Shelton and D. Stewart), 3rd ed., 2002; *Protecting Human Rights in the Americas* (with D. Shelton), 4th ed., 1995; *Grundzüge des Völkerrechts* (with Kokott and Doehring), 3rd ed., 2003.

Judge Hisashi OWADA

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2003)

Born in Niigata, Japan, on 18 September 1932.

B.A., University of Tokyo (1955). LL.B., Cambridge University (1956). D. Phil. *honoris causa*, Keiwa University, Japan (2000). LL.D. *honoris causa*, Banaras Hindu University, India (2001). LL.D. *honoris causa*, Waseda University, Japan (2004).

Entered the Foreign Service of Japan in 1955. Official, Legal Affairs Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1959-1963). First Secretary, Permanent Mission of Japan to the United Nations (1968-1971). Private Secretary to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan (1971-1972). Director, United Nations Political Affairs Division, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1972-1974); Director, Treaties Division (1974-1976), Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Private Secretary to the Prime Minister of Japan (1976-1978). Minister, Embassy of Japan in Washington (1979-1981). Minister, Embassy of Japan in Moscow (1981-1984). Director General, Treaties Bureau (Principal Legal Adviser), Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1984-1987). Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Japan to the OECD (1988-1989). Deputy Minister, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1989-1991). Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs (1991-1993). Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations (1994-1998). Special Adviser to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Japan (1999-2003).

Member of the Japanese Delegation to the Second United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1960). Alternate Representative of Japan to the United Nations Conference on the Law of Treaties (1968-1969). Head of the Japanese Delegation to the Committee on Peaceful Uses of the Sea Bed and Ocean Floor (1968-1972). Head of the Japanese Delegation to the Legal Sub-Committee of the United Nations Committee on Peaceful Uses of Outer Space (1968-1970). Head of the Japanese Delegation to the United Nations Special Committee on Friendly Relations (1968-1970); Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Special Committee (1970). Rapporteur of the Sixth Committee of the United Nations General Assembly, Twenty-fifth Session (1970). Member of the Japanese Delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, Twenty-third to Twenty-fifth Sessions (Sixth Committee) (1968-1970). Alternate Representative of Japan to the United Nations General Assembly, Twenty-seventh to Twenty-eighth Sessions (1972-1973). Alternate Representative of Japan to the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1973-1982). Adviser to the Japanese Delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, Thirty-ninth to Forty-first (1984-1986) and Forty-fourth to Forty-fifth Sessions (1989-1990). Representative of Japan to the United Nations General Assembly, Forty-ninth to Fifty-third Sessions (1994-1998). Representative of Japan to the World Summit for Social Development in Copenhagen (1994). Representative of Japan to the Fourth World Conference on Women in Beijing (1995). Representative of Japan to the Assembly of Heads of State and Government, Organization of African Unity, 31st to 33rd Sessions (1995-1997). Representative of Japan to the General Assembly of the Organization of American States (1996). Representative of Japan to the United Nations Security Council (1997-1998), President of the Security Council (1997-1998). Representative of Japan to the Ministerial Meeting of the Non-Aligned Movement (1997-1998). Representative of Japan to the Summit Meeting of the Non-Aligned Movement (1998). Head of the Japanese Delegation to

the United Nations Diplomatic Conference on the Establishment of an International Criminal Court (1998).

President of the Japan Institute of International Affairs (1999-2003). Senior Adviser to the President of the World Bank (1999-2000). Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (since 2001).

Visiting Professor of International Law, Harvard Law School (1979-1981, 1987, 1989, 2000-2002). Adjunct Professor of International Law and Organizations, University of Tokyo (1963-1965, 1971-1976, 1984-1988). Inge Rennert Distinguished Visiting Professor of International Law, New York University Law School (1994-1998). Adjunct Professor of International Law, Columbia Law School (1994-1998). Professor, Hague Academy of International Law (1999). Professor of International Law, New York University Global Law School (since 1999). Professor of International Law, Waseda University Graduate School (2000-2003). Visiting Fellow Commoner of Trinity College, Cambridge University (2002). Academic Adviser, Hiroshima University (since 2002). Honorary Professor, Leiden University (since 2006).

Member, Institut de droit international. Honorary Member, American Society of International Law (2006). Member emeritus, Japanese Society of International Law. Member, Executive Council of the International Law Association.

Honours: Humanitarian Studentship in International Law, Cambridge University (1958-1959). Al-Istiqlal Order, First Degree, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (1990). Officier, Légion d'honneur, France (1992). Grand Cross of the Order of Merit, Federal Republic of Germany (1994).

Author of numerous publications on international law and international organizations.

Judge Bruno SIMMA

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2003)

Born in Quierschied (Saar), Germany, on 29 March 1941.

Doctorate of Law, University of Innsbruck, Austria (1966). Practice at the Bar in Innsbruck (1967). Doctorate *honoris causa* of the University of Macerata, Italy (2006).

Assistant at the Faculty of Law, University of Innsbruck (1967-1972). Universitätsdozent *(venia legendi)* for International Law and International Relations, Innsbruck (1971). Professor of International Law and European Community Law, Director of the Institute of International Law, University of Munich (1973-2003). Lecturer for International Law at the Training Centre for Junior Diplomats, German Federal Foreign Ministry (1981-1989). Visiting Professor at the University of Siena, Italy (1984-1985). Visiting Professor (1986 and 1995), Professor of Law (1987-1992), Member of the Affiliate Overseas Faculty (since 1997) of the University of Michigan Law School, Ann Arbor, United States (on leave during tenure at the International Court of Justice). Lecturer

(1995), Director of Studies (1976 and 1982) at the Hague Academy of International Law. Dean of the Munich Faculty of Law (1995-1997).

Member of the United Nations Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (1987-1996). Member of the United Nations International Law Commission (1996-2003). Member of the Advisory Boards on International Law and on United Nations Issues of the German Federal Foreign Ministry (until 2002).

Was actively engaged in the following cases before the International Court of Justice: *Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria (Cameroon* v. *Nigeria: Equatorial Guinea intervening)* as Counsel for Cameroon (1994-2002); *LaGrand (Germany* v. *United States of America)* as Co-agent and counsel for Germany (1999-2001); and *Certain Property (Liechtenstein* v. *Germany)* as counsel for Germany (2001-2002).

Arbitrator in the Iron Rhine Arbitration between Belgium and the Netherlands (2003-2005).

Member of the Court of Arbitration for Sport.

Expert at the Council of Europe (Directorate of Legal Affairs) (1972). Expert for the Human Dimension Mechanism of the OSCE and for Conflict Prevention Activities of the Secretary-General of the United Nations. Consultant in cases before the European Commission and the European Court of Human Rights. Consultant on international law to various Governments.

First President of the European Society of International Law (2004). Associate Member of the Institut de droit international. Member of the International Council of Environmental Law. Member of the Council (since 1987), Vice-President (1989-1993) of the German Society of International Law. Member of various other professional associations.

Member of the Advisory Boards of the Heidelberg Max Planck Institute for Comparative Public Law and International Law and the Walther Schücking Institute of International Law at the University of Kiel. Member of the Advisory Council of the British Institute of International and Comparative Law.

Co-founder and co-editor of the *European Journal of International Law*. Member of the advisory boards of various international legal journals and yearbooks.

Certificate of Merit awarded by the American Society of International Law (1996).

Principal publications: *Das Reziprozitätselement in der Entstehung des Völkergewohnheitsrechts*, 1970; *Das Reziprozitätselement im Zustandekommen völkerrechtlicher Verträge. Gedanken zu einem Bauprinzip der internationalen Rechtsbeziehungen*, 1972; *Universelles Völkerrecht. Theorie und Praxis* (together with Alfred Verdross), 1st ed., 1976, 2nd ed., 1981, 3rd ed., 1984; *Territoriale Souveränität und Gebietshoheit. Zur völkerrechtlichen Lage der Oder-Neiße-Gebiete* (together with Alfred Verdross and Rudolf Geiger), 1980; *Europarecht in Fällen* (together with Waldemar Hummer and Christoph Vedder), 1st ed., 1991, 2nd ed., 1994, 3rd ed., 1999; *Kompetenzen und Grundrechte: Beschränkungen der Tabakwerbung*

aus der Sicht des Europarechts (together with Joseph H. Weiler and Markus Zöckler), 1999; *Restitution und Entschädigung im Völkerrecht: Die Verpflichtungen der Republik Österreich nach 1945 im Lichte ihrer außenpolitischen Praxis* (together with Hans-Peter Folz), 2004; *International Protection of the Environment. Treaties and Related Documents* (together with Bernd Rüster and Michael Bock), 30 vols., 1975-1983, continued in loose-leaf format 1990 ff.; *Zwischen Intervention und Zusammenarbeit. Interdisziplinäre Arbeitsergebnisse zu Grundfragen der KSZE* (together with Edda Blenk-Knocke), 1979; *Jus humanitatis. Festschrift zum 90. Geburtstag von Alfred Verdross* (together with Herbert Miehsler, Erhard Mock and Ilmar Tammelo), 1980; *United Nations Codification of State Responsibility* (together with Marina Spinedi), 1987; *Charta der Vereinten Nationen: Kommentar*, 1991; *The Charter of the United Nations: A Commentary*, 1st ed., 1995, 2nd ed., 2002; *Neues europäisches Völkerrecht nach dem Ende des Ost-West-Konfliktes?* (together with Hanspeter Neuhold), 1996; "Reflections on Article 60 of the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties and Its Background in General International Law", *Österreichische Zeitschrift für öffentliches Recht*, Vol. 20, 1970; "Völkerrechtswissenschaft und Lehre von den Internationalen Beziehungen. Erste Überlegungen zur Interdependenz zweier Disziplinen", *Österreichische Zeitschrift für öffentliches Recht*, Vol. 23, 1972; "Das Kernkraftwerk an der Grenze: Eine 'Ultra-Hazardous Activity' im Schnittpunkt von internationalem Nachbarrecht und Umweltschutz" (together with A. Randelzhofer), *Festschrift für Friedrich Berber zum 75. Geburtstag*, 1973; "Der Grundvertrag und das Recht der völkerrechtlichen Verträge", *Archiv des öffentliches Rechts*, Vol. 100, 1975; "Methodik und Bedeutung des Arbeit der Vereinten Nationen für die Fortentwicklung des Völkerrechts", *Die Vereinten Nationen im Wandel*, 1975; "Zur bilateralen Durchsetzung vertraglich verankerter Menschenrechte. Aktivlegitimation und zulässige Mittel nach allgemeinem Völkerrecht", *Autorität und internationale Ordnung. Aufsätze zum Völkerrecht* (Christoph Schreuer, ed.), 1979; "Grenzüberschreitender Informationsfluß und domaine réservé der Staaten", *Berichte der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Völkerrecht*, Vol. 19, 1979; "Der Beitrag von Alfred Verdross zur Entwicklung der Völkerrechtswissenschaft" (in collaboration with Michael Bock, Jennifer Clayton and Joachim Krauß), *Jus humanitatis. Festschrift für Alfred Verdross zum 90. Geburtstag*, 1980; "Völkerrecht in der Krise?", *Österreichische Zeitschrift für Außenpolitik*, Vol. 20, 1980; "Zur völkerrechtlichen Bedeutung von Resolutionen der UN-Generalversammlung", *Fünftes deutsch-polnisches Juristen-Kolloquium, Vol. 2: Die Bedeutung der Resolutionen der Generalversammlung der Vereinten Nationen* (Rudolf Bernhardt, Jost Delbrück and Ingo von Münch, eds.), 1981; "Droit international coutumier et droit interne selon la Loi fondamentale", *Völkerrecht und Landesrecht. Deutsch-argentinisches Verfassungsrechtskolloquium in Buenos Aires* (Michael Bothe and R. E. Vinuesa, eds.), 1982; "Consent: Strains in the Treaty System", *The Structure and Process of International Law: Essays in Legal Philosophy, Doctrine and Theory*

(R. St. J. Macdonald and D. M. Johnston, eds.), 1983; "Legal Aspects in Intra-(East-West) German Relations", *Maryland Journal of International Law and Trade*, Vol. 9, 1985; "Self-contained Regimes", *Netherlands Yearbook of International Law*, Vol. 16, 1985; "The Antarctic Treaty as a Treaty Creating an 'Objective Regime' ", *Cornell International Law Journal*, Vol. 19, 1985-1986; "Grundfragen der Staatenverantwortlichkeit in der Arbeit der International Law Commission", *Archiv des Völkerrechts*, Vol. 24, 1986; "La immunidad de los Estados", *Derecho Comparado* (Buenos Aires), 1987; "The Court of Arbitration for Sport", *Völkerrecht. Recht der Internationalen Organisationen. Weltwirtschaftsrecht. Festschrift für Ignaz Seidl-Hohenveldern* (K.-H. Böckstiegel, H.-E. Folz, J. M. Mössner and K. Zemanek, eds.), 1988; "Grenzüberschreitende Auswirkungen von Kernkraftanlagen und Völkerrecht" (together with Günther Handl), *Österreichische Zeitschrift für Öffentliches Recht und Völkerrecht*, Vol. 39, 1988; "Bilateralism and Community Interest in the Law of State Responsibility", *International Law at a Time of Perplexity. Essays in Honour of Shabtai Rosenne* (Y. Dinstein and M. Tabory, eds.), 1989; "International Crimes: Injury and Countermeasures. Comments on Part 2 of the ILC Work on State Responsibility", *International Crimes of States* (J. H. H. Weiler, A. Cassese and M. Spinedi, eds.), 1989; "Wirtschaftliche, soziale und kulturelle Rechte im Völkerrecht. Der Internationale Pakt von 1966 und sein Kontrollverfahren" (together with Sabine Bennigsen), *Festschrift für Ernst Steindorff zum 70. Geburtstag am 13. März 1990*, 1990; "A Hard Look at Soft Law", *Proceedings 82nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of International Law*, 1991; "The Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights", *Die Durchsetzung wirtschaftlicher und sozialer Grundrechte* (Franz Matscher, ed.), 1991; "The Sources of Human Rights Law: Custom, Jus Cogens, General Principles" (together with Philip Alston), *The Australian Yearbook of International Law*, Vol. 12, 1992; "Does the UN Charter Provide an Adequate Legal Basis for Individual or Collective Responses to Violations of Obligations erga omnes?", *The Future of International Law Enforcement: New Scenarios – New Law?* (Jost Delbrück, ed.), 1993; "International Human Rights and General International Law: A Comparative Analysis", *Collective Courses of the European Academy of European Law*, Vol. IV, Book 2, 1994; "Die Erzeugung ungeschriebenen Völkerrechts: Allgemeine Verunsicherung – klärende Beiträge Karl Zemaneks", *Völkerrecht zwischen normativem Anspruch und politischer Realität. Festschrift für Karl Zemanek* (K. Ginther, G. Hafner, W. Lang, N. Neuhold and L. Sucharipa-Behrmann, eds.), 1994; "Countermeasures and Dispute Settlement: A Plea for a Different Balance", *European Journal of International Law*, Vol. 5, 1994; "From Bilateralism to Community Interest in International Law", *Recueil des cours*, Hague Academy of International Law, Vol. 250, 1994; "The Contribution of Alfred Verdross to the Theory of International Law", *European Journal of International Law*, Vol. 6, 1995; "Human Rights", *The United Nations*

at Age Fifty: A Legal Perspective (Ch. Tomuschat, ed.), 1995; "The 'International Community': Facing the Challenge of Globalization" (together with Andreas Paulus), *European Journal of International Law*, Vol. 9, 1998; "The Impact of Nuremberg and Tokyo: Attempts at a Comparison", *Japan and International Law, Past, Present and Future* (N. Ando, ed.), 1999; "Human Rights Considerations in Development Cooperation Activities of the European Community" (together with Jo Aschenbrenner and Constanze Schulte), *The European Union and Human Rights* (Ph. Alston *et al.*, eds.), 1999; "The Responsibility of Individuals for Human Rights Abuses in Internal Conflicts: A Positivist View" (together with Andreas Paulus), *American Journal of International Law*, Vol. 93, 1999; "NATO, the UN and the Use of Force: Legal Aspects", *European Journal of International Law*, Vol. 10, 1999; "Le rôle relatif des différentes sources du droit international (dont les principes généraux de droit)" (together with Andreas Paulus), *Droit international pénal*, 2000; "Reciprocity", *Encyclopedia of Public International Law* (Rudolf Bernhardt, ed.), Vol. IV, 2000; "International Adjudication and U.S. Policy – Past, Present, Future", *Democracy and the Rule of Law* (N. Dorsen and P. Gilford, eds.), 2001; "Peaceful Settlement of Boundary Disputes under the Auspices of the Organization of African Unity and the United Nations: The Case of the Frontier Dispute between Eritrea and Ethiopia" (together with Daniel Khan), *Liber Amicorum Judge Shigeru Oda*, Vol. 2 (N. Ando, E. McWhinney and R. Wolfrum, eds.), 2002; Reports on the Work of the International Law Commission at its 49th to 54th sessions, *Nordic Journal of International Law*, 1997-2003; "Staatenverantwortlichkeit und Menschenrechte im ILC-Entwurf 2001", *Verhandeln für den Frieden – Negotiating for Peace: Liber Amicorum Tono Eitel* (Jochen Abr. Frowein, Klaus Scharioth, Ingo Winkelman and Rüdiger Wolfrum, eds.), 2003; "Article 37" (together with Daphne Richemond), *The Statute of the International Court of Justice: A Commentary* (A. Zimmermann, Ch. Tomuschat and K. Oellers-Frahm, eds.), 2006; "Eine endlose Geschichte? Artikel 36 der Wiener Konsularkonvention in Todesstrafenfällen vor dem IGH und amerikanischen Gerichten", *Völkerrecht als Wertordnung. Festschrift für Christian Tomuschat* (P.-M. Dupuy, B. Fassbender, M. N. Shaw and K.-P. Sommermann, eds.), 2006; "Of Planets and the Universe: Self-contained Regimes in International Law (together with Dirk Pulkowski), *European Journal of International Law*, Vol. 17, 2006; "From *LaGrand* to *Medellin* – A Rocky Road toward Implementation" (with Carston Hoppe), *Tulane Journal of International and Comparative Law*, Vol. 14 (2005-2006).

Judge Peter TOMKA

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2003)

Born in Banská Bystrica, Slovakia, on 1 June 1956.
LL.M. *(summa cum laude)*, Faculty of Law, Charles University, Prague

(1979). *Doctor juris* (international law), Charles University (1981). Ph.D. in International Law, Charles University (1985). Faculty of International Law and International Relations, Kiev, Ukraine (1982). Institut du droit de la paix et du développement, Nice, France (1984-1985). Institute of International Public Law and International Relations, Thessaloniki, Greece (1985). Hague Academy of International Law (1988).

Assistant Legal Adviser (1986-1990); Head of the Public International Law Division (1990-1991), Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Prague. Counsellor and Legal Adviser (1991-1992), Permanent Mission of Czechoslovakia to the United Nations. Ambassador, Deputy Permanent Representative (1993-1994), and Ambassador, Acting Permanent Representative of Slovakia to the United Nations (1994-1997). Legal Adviser and Director of the International Law Department (1997-1998); Director General for International Legal and Consular Affairs and Legal Adviser (1998-1999), Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Bratislava, Slovakia. Ambassador, Permanent Representative of Slovakia to the United Nations (1999-2003).

Chairman of the United Nations Committee on the Applications for Review of the Judgements of the Administrative Tribunal (1991). Vice-Chairman of the Sixth (Legal) Committee of the United Nations General Assembly (1992). Chairman of the Working Group on the United Nations Decade of International Law (1995). Chairman of the Meeting of the States Parties to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1996). Vice-President of the Sixth Meeting of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (1996). Chairman of the Sixth (Legal) Committee of the Fifty-second Session of the United Nations General Assembly (1997). Vice-Chairman of the Preparatory Committee for the International Criminal Court (1998). President of the Ninth Meeting of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (1999). Chairman of the *Ad Hoc* Committee on the International Convention against the Reproductive Cloning of Human Beings (2002). Member of the Ambassadorial Panel of Experts to advise the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea (2002).

Member (1999-2003), Second Vice-Chairman (2000), Chairman of the Drafting Committee (2001), United Nations International Law Commission.

Delegate of Czechoslovakia to the XXVth International Conference of the Red Cross, Geneva (1986).

Representative of Czechoslovakia to the Preparatory Commission for the International Sea Bed Authority and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (1987-1992). Alternate Representative of Czechoslovakia in the United Nations General Assembly, Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Sessions, and Adviser at the Forty-fifth Session (1990-1992). Representative of Czechoslovakia in the Sixth Committee (1990-1992). Head of the Delegation of Czechoslovakia to the Meeting of the States Parties to the Antarctic Treaty, Madrid (1991). Head of the Delegation of Czechoslovakia to the CSCE Meeting of Experts on

the Peaceful Settlement of Disputes in Europe, Valletta, Malta (1991). Representative of Slovakia to the United Nations General Assembly, Forty-eighth to Fifty-seventh Sessions (1993-2002), and Deputy Head of delegation at the Forty-ninth to Fifty-first and Fifty-fourth to Fifty-seventh Sessions. Representative of Slovakia in the Sixth Committee (1993-2002). Representative of Slovakia to the Preparatory Commission for the International Sea Bed Authority and the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (1993-1994). Head of the Delegation of Slovakia to the Assembly of the International Sea Bed Authority (1994-1996). Alternate Head of the Delegation of Slovakia to the Diplomatic Conference on the Establishment of the International Criminal Court (1998).

Agent of Slovakia before the International Court of Justice in the case concerning the *Gabčíkovo-Nagymaros Project (Hungary/Slovakia)* (1993-2003).

Expert of Slovakia in the ICSID case No. ARB/97/4, *Československá obchodní banka (CSOB)* v. *The Slovak Republic* before the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (Jurisdiction) (1997-1999).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (since 1994). Arbitrator in the *Iron Rhine (Belgium/Netherlands)* case (2003-2005).

On the List of Arbitrators nominated under Annex VII to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (since 2004) and at the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (since 2005).

Chairman of the Committee of Legal Advisers on Public International Law, Council of Europe (2001-2002); Vice-Chairman (1999-2000).

Legal Adviser of the Czechoslovak Delegation at the negotiations on the withdrawal of Soviet military forces from Czechoslovakia (1989-1990). Legal Adviser of the Czechoslovak Delegation at the negotiations concerning the dissolution of the Warsaw Pact (1991).

Lecturer (1980-1984), Senior Lecturer (1984-1991), Public International Law, Charles University, Prague. General Course on Public International Law, Institute of International Relations, Comenius University, Bratislava (1998-1999).

Member (1981-1992) and Secretary (1986-1991) of the Czechoslovak Society of International Law. Member (1988-2001) and Secretary (1988-1991) of the Czechoslovak Branch of the International Law Association (ILA). Member (since 1982) and Honorary President (since 2003) of the Slovak Society of International Law. Member of the American Society of International Law (since 2000). Member of the European Society of International Law (since 2004). Member, Board of Editors of the journal *Právník (The Lawyer)*, published by the Czechoslovak Academy of Science (1990-1991).

Author of a doctoral thesis on the *Codification of International Law* (Charles University, Prague, 1984) and of a series of articles in Slovak and Czech on forms of codification of international law, the International Court of Justice, the peaceful resolution of international disputes in Europe, the establishment of the International Criminal Court, the Draft

Code of Crimes against the Peace and Security of Mankind; co-author of a collection of *Documents for the Study of the Law of the European Communities* (1991). Publications in English and French: "The First Site Visit of the International Court of Justice in Fulfilment of Its Judicial Function", *American Journal of International Law*, Vol. 92, 1998 (co-author with S. Wordsworth); "Major Complexities Encountered in Contemporary International Law-Making", *Making Better International Law: The International Law Commission at 50*, 1998; "The Special Agreement", *Liber Amicorum Judge Shigeru Oda* (N. Ando, E. McWhinney and R. Wolfrum, eds.), Vol. I, 2002; "La Cour internationale de Justice en tant que l'Organe judiciaire principal des Nations Unies, Commentaire sur l'article 92 de la Charte", *La Charte des Nations Unies, Commentaire article par article* (J.-P. Cot and A. Pellet, eds.), 3rd ed., Vol. II, 2005; "Comment on the Unity and Diversity of International Law in the Settlement of International Disputes", *Unity and Diversity in International Law* (A. Zimmermann and R. Hofmann, eds.), 2006; "Are States Liable for the Acts of Their Instrumentalities?", *States Entities in* International Arbitration (E. Gaillard, ed.), 2006.

Judge Ronny ABRAHAM

(Member of the Court since 15 February 2005)

Born in Alexandria, Egypt, on 5 September 1951.

Diplôme d'études supérieures de droit public (Diploma in Advanced Studies in Public Law), University of Paris I (1974). Diploma of the Institut d'études politiques of Paris (1973). Graduate of the Ecole nationale d'administration (1976-1978).

Professor, Institut d'études politiques of Paris (until 1998). Associate Professor, University of Paris X-Nanterre (1997-2003). Associate Professor, University of Paris II, Panthéon-Assas (public international law, human rights) (2004-2005).

Administrative tribunal judge (1978-1985 and 1987-1988). Assistant Director of the Office of Legal Affairs of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1986-1987). *Maître des requêtes* (1988-2000), then *Conseiller d'État* (since 2000) at the Council of State. Government Commissioner within the judicial system (1989-1998).

Director of Legal Affairs of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1998-2005). As head of the Office of Legal Affairs of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, acted as legal adviser to the Government in the areas of general international public law, European Union law, international human rights law, law of the sea and laws on the Antarctic.

From 1998 to 2004, representative for France in many cases before international and European courts, as follows: International Court of Justice: *Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro* v. *France)* (hearings on the request for the indication of provisional measures, 10-12 May 1999, and on preliminary objections, 19-23 April 2004);

Certain Criminal Proceedings in France (Republic of the Congo v. *France)* (hearings on the request for the indication of a provisional measure, 28 and 29 April 2003); *Legal Consequences of the Construction of a Wall in the Occupied Palestinian Territory* (Request for an Advisory Opinion) (written statement of the French Republic, 30 January 2004); European Court of Human Rights; Court of Justice of the European Communities; International arbitral tribunals: Tribunal established by France and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (Unesco) on the question of the tax situation of pensions paid to retired Unesco staff members residing in France, award made on 14 January 2003; Tribunal established by the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the French Republic in the case concerning the interpretation and application of the Additional Protocol to the Convention concerning the Protection of the Rhine against Pollution by Chlorides, award made on 12 March 2004.

Member and Chairman of the Committee of Experts for the Improvement of Procedures for the Protection of Human Rights (member 1986-1998; Chairman 1987-1989). Chairman of the Joint Consultative Committee of the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (1994-1998).

Member of the French delegation to the General Assembly of the United Nations (1998-2004). Chairman of the French delegation to the Sixth Committee of the General Assembly (1998-2004).

Chairman of the French delegation to the Assembly of States Parties to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (2002, 2003, 2004). Chairman of the French delegation in the Working Group on Jurisdictional Immunities of States and Their Property. Head of the French delegation to the Central Commission for the Navigation of the Rhine (1998-2005), Chairman of the Commission (2002-2003).

Member of the Board of the Société française pour le droit international. Member of the European Group of Public Law.

Publications: *Droit international, droit communautaire et droit français*, 1989; "Les magistrats des tribunaux administratifs et des cours administratives d'appel", *Revue française de droit administratif (RFDA)*, 1988, March-April, No. 2; "Compétence des juridictions internes pour interpréter un traité international", *Actualité juridique droit administratif*, September 1990; *Revue générale de droit international public*, 1990; "L'applicabilité directe de la Convention européenne des droits de l'homme devant la juridiction administrative", *Revue universelle des droits de l'homme*, 1991, September, Vols. 7-9; "Les incidences de la Convention européenne des droits de l'homme sur le droit constitutionnel et administratif des États parties", *Revue universelle des droits de l'homme*, 1992, Vols. 10-11; "Commentary on Articles 25 and 46 of the European Convention on Human Rights", in *La Convention européenne des droits de l'homme*, L. E. Pettiti, E. Decaux and P. H. Imbert, eds.; "La réforme du mécanisme de contrôle de la Convention européenne des droits de l'homme; le Protocole no 11 à la Convention", *Annuaire français de droit international*, 1994; "Les principes généraux de la protection juridictionnelle

administrative en Europe: l'influence des jurisprudences européennes", *Revue européenne de droit public*, Vol. 9, No. 3, Autumn 1997; "La notion d'effet direct des traités internationaux devant le Conseil d'État", *Recueil Dalloz*, 1998, jurisprudence; "Les normes du droit communautaire et du droit international devant le juge administratif français", presented at the Symposium of the Société française pour le droit international, held at Bordeaux, ed. Pedone, Paris, 2000; "Les procédures incidentes devant la Cour internationale de Justice", presented at a workshop of the School of Law of the University of Rennes I, ed. Pedone, Paris, 2001; "La France devant les juridictions européennes", *Pouvoirs*, 2001, No. 96; "Le rôle du jurisconsulte au Ministère des affaires étrangères", presented at the symposium of the Société française pour le droit international held at Geneva, ed. Pedone, Paris, 2004; "Le principe du contradictoire devant les juridictions internationales", presented at the symposium organized by the University of Paris I, ed. Pedone, 2004; "Droit des immunités et exigences du procès équitable", presented at a symposium organized by the University of Paris XII, ed. Pedone, Paris, 2004.

Numerous arguments submitted to the Council of State, published in, *inter alia*, *Actualité juridique droit administratif*, *Revue française de droit administratif*, *Revue générale de droit international public* and *Revue critique de droit international privé*.

Judge Kenneth KEITH

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2006)

Born in Auckland, New Zealand, on 19 November 1937.

Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (1988) for services to legal education and law reform.

Studied law (1956-1965), University of Auckland, Victoria University of Wellington and Harvard Law School, qualifying for LL.B. and LL.M. degrees; Honorary LL.D. degrees, University of Auckland 2001 and Victoria University of Wellington 2004.

Barrister and Solicitor of the High Court of New Zealand (1961); Queen's Counsel (1994).

Faculty member, Victoria University of Wellington (1962-1964, 1966-1991); Dean (1977-1981); now Professor Emeritus; also Visiting Professor at Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto (1981-1982).

Member of the Legal Division, New Zealand Department of External Affairs (1960-1962); Member of the Office of Legal Affairs (Codification Division) of the United Nations (1968-1970), primarily undertaking research for the International Law Commission and working with the Sixth Committee of the General Assembly, including the Committee on Friendly Relations; student intern in that Division (1965); Member of the New Zealand Law Commission (1986-1996), President (1991-1996).

Judge of the New Zealand Court of Appeal (1996-2003), and of the newly established Supreme Court of New Zealand (2004-2005); that work

included international law issues, concerning, for instance, travel by sea (the Hague Rules) and by air (the Chicago and Warsaw Conventions), the movement of people (immigration, refugees, extradition and child abduction), the movement of goods (GATT valuation agreement), the freedom of the high seas, fisheries, foreign State immunity, and many human rights matters, including freedom of speech, freedom of religion, equality, the rights of children and rights in respect of police powers and criminal procedure. Several are reported in the *International Law Reports*. Judge of Appeal in Samoa (since 1982), the Cook Islands (since 1982) and Niue (since 1995), Judge of the Supreme Court of Fiji (since 2003); Member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, London (1998-2003).

Member of the New Zealand legal team in the *Nuclear Tests* cases before the International Court of Justice 1973, 1974 and 1995; leader of the New Zealand delegation to two of the sessions of the Diplomatic Conference which prepared the 1977 additional protocols to the Geneva Conventions; member of the New Zealand National Group of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (since 1985); member of the panel of arbitrators of the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (since 1994); President (2002-2006) and member (1991-2006) of the International Humanitarian Fact-Finding Commission under the first additional Protocol to the Geneva Conventions for the Protection of War Victims; member of the international arbitral tribunals in the *Rainbow Warrior* (*New Zealand* v. *France*) (1990) and *Southern Bluefin Tuna* (*Australia and New Zealand* v. *Japan*) (2000) cases; and Chair of a NAFTA tribunal (UPS *v.* Canada).

Named lectures include Cook Memorial (New Zealand Bankers Association), Sir John Marshall Memorial (Wellington District Law Society), F. W. Guest Memorial (University of Otago), Brainerd Currie Memorial (Duke University), Harkness Henry (University of Waikato), Frank Stuart Dethbridge Memorial (Maritime Law Association of Australia and New Zealand) and Sir David Williams (University of Cambridge).

Member of the Board of Editors of the *Public Law Review* (Melbourne), *New Zealand Law Review* (Auckland), *Journal of Maritime Law Association of Australia and New Zealand* (Brisbane) and *New Zealand Journal of Public and International Law* (Wellington).

President of the New Zealand Institute of International Affairs (since 2000); Counsellor of Honour and International Humanitarian Law Consultant, New Zealand Red Cross; Chair of the New Zealand Committee on the Dissemination of International Humanitarian Law; Member of the Public and Administrative Law Reform Committee (1972-1986), the Committee on Official Information (1978-1980), the Royal Commission on the Electoral System (1985-1986), the Legislation Advisory Committee (1986-1996); and member (since 2003) and *associé* (1997-2003) of the Institut de droit international.

Member, American Law Institute; Honorary Member, Society of Legal

Scholars (England); Honorary Bencher of the Inner Temple; Fellow, Legal Research Foundation (New Zealand); Member, American Society of International Law; Member, British Institute of International and Comparative Law; Member, Australian and New Zealand Society of International Law; Member, International Institute of Strategic Studies.

Publications on international law include: "New Zealand Treaty Practice: The Executive and the Legislature", *NZULR*, Vol. 1, 1964; "International Law and New Zealand Municipal Law", in J. F. Northey (ed.), *A. G. Davis Essays in Law*, 1965; "A New Zealand Perspective on Globalisation", in Alston and Chiam (eds.), *Treatymaking and Australia — Globalisation versus Sovereignty?*, 1995; "Application of International Human Rights Law in New Zealand", *Texas ILJ*, Vol. 32, 1997 (also published in Judicial Colloquium in Georgetown, Guyana, 1996 *Developing Human Rights Jurisprudence*, Vol. 7, 1998); "Roles of the Courts in New Zealand in Giving Effect to International Human Rights — With Some History": Seminar Commemorating the 50th Anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, *VUWLR*, Vol. 29, 1998, and *NZACL*, Vol. 4, *Yearbook*, 1998; "The Impact of International Law on New Zealand Law", (Harkness Henry Lecture) *Waikato LR* , Vol. 6, 1999. *The Extent of the Advisory Jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice*, 1971; "The Nuclear Tests Cases after Ten Years", *VUWLR*, Vol. 14, 1983; "The Advisory Jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice: Some Comparative Reflections", *Aust YBIL*, Vol. 17, 1996.

"The Role of Law in the United Nations", *VUWLR*, Vol. 4, 1967; "The International Law Commission's Work and the Shaping of International Law", in *Proceedings of the United Nations Colloquium on Progressive Development and Codification of International Law*, 1998; "Piracy and Other Perils: Can the Law Cope?" *Journal of Maritime Law Association of Australia and New Zealand*, Vol. 16, 2002 (Frank Stuart Dethbridge Memorial Address); "Sovereignty at the Beginning of the 21st Century: Fundamental or Outmoded?", *Camb LJ*, Vol. 63, 2004 (Sir David Williams Lecture); "Protecting Human Rights in a Time of Terror: The Role of National and International Law", 13 *Waikato LR*, Vol. 13, 2005; "The World Community and its Law", *NZULR*, Vol. 22, 2006.

"Succession to Bilateral Treaties by Seceding States", *AJIL*, Vol. 61, 1967; *Defence Perspectives*, 1972 (editor and introduction); "Land and Sea Frontier Problems in South-East Asia", in Hedley Bull (ed.), *Asia and the Western Pacific: Towards a New International Order*, 1975; "Rights and Responsibilities: Protecting the Victims of Armed Conflict" (Brainerd Currie Memorial Lecture, Duke University, 1997) *Duke LJ*, Vol. 48, 1999; "Freedom of Information and International Law", in Jack Beatson and Yvonne Cripps (eds.), *Freedom of Expression and Freedom of Information: Essays in Honour of Sir David Williams*, 2000; "The Difficulties of 'Internal Flight' and 'Internal Relocation' as Frameworks of Analysis", *Georgetown Immigration Law Journal*, Vol. 15, 2001.

Other publications concern constitutional law, administrative law, the review and reform of the law and legal education. They include *International Implications of Race Relations in New Zealand*, 1972; "Race Relations and the Law in New Zealand", *Human Rights Journal*, Vol. 6, 1973; "The Impact of American Ideas on New Zealand's Educational Policy, Practice and Theory: The Case of Law", *VUWLR*, Vol.18, 1988 (also in David Philips and Others (eds.). *The Impact of American Ideas on New Zealand's Educational Policy, Practice and Thinking*, 1989; "Lawyers and the Rule of Law: Lawyers in the Law Reform Process", in *10th Commonwealth Law Conference, Nicosia, Cyprus: Conference Papers*, 1993; "Governance, Sovereignty and Globalisation: 5th Biennial Conference on the New Zealand Council of Trade Unions" *VUWLR*, Vol. 28, 1998, 3 *NZACL Yearbook*, Vol. 3, 1997, *Revue juridique polynésienne*, Vol. 4, 1998; "Introductory Essay: Public Law in New Zealand", *NZJPIL*, Vol. 1, 2003.

Bernardo SEPÚLVEDA-AMOR

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2006)

Born in Mexico City on 14 December 1941.

Law degree, National University of Mexico (1964) *(magna cum laude)*; LL.M. (Cantab.) (1966); Diploma in International Law (Cantab.) (1965); Honorary Fellow of Queens' College, University of Cambridge (1990); Honorary Doctorate from the University of San Diego (1982) and from the University of Leningrad (now St. Petersburg) (1987); Rockefeller Foundation Fellowship (1964-1966).

Professor of International Law and International Organizations at El Colegio de Mexico since 1967, where he is Associate Research Fellow. Lecturer in a number of academic institutions: Faculty of Political and Social Sciences (National University of Mexico); Institute of Legal Research (National University of Mexico); Centro de Investigaciónes y Docencia Economíca (CIDE); Instituto Tecnológico Autónomo de Mexico (ITAM); Instituto Matías Romero de Estudos Diplomáticos (Mexican Foreign Office); Hague Academy of International Law (Regional Programme, Mexico City, 2002); Institute of European Integration Studies (El Colegio de Mexico, 1994-1996).

Deputy Director for Legal Affairs, Secretary of the Presidency of the Mexican Government (1968-1970); Director of the Foreign Investment Program (1971-1975) and then Director General for International Affairs (1976-1980) at the Secretary of the Treasury. Principal Adviser on International Affairs to the Secretary of the Budget (1981).

Ambassador of Mexico to the United States of America (1982). Ambassador of Mexico to the United Kingdom and, concurrently, to Ireland (1989-1993).

Secretary of Foreign Relations of Mexico (1982-1988).

President of the Mexican delegations to the General Assembly of the United Nations and to the General Assembly of the Organization of American States, as well as of other international regional and global organizations (1982-1988).

Co-Chairman of the Mexico-United States Binational Commission, together with the United States Secretary of State (1982-1988).

As Foreign Secretary, was responsible for the Mexican participation in the Central American peace process that took place from 1982 to 1988. For those purposes and together with Venezuela, Colombia and Panama, established the Contadora Group as a diplomatic instrument to bring peace and stability to the area.

Together with the Foreign Ministers of Argentina, Brazil, Colombia, Panama, Peru, Uruguay and Venezuela, took part in the creation of the Group of Eight, now the Rio Group, an institution devoted to promoting Latin American co-operation; under its auspices, presidential summits have taken place since 1987.

Member of a number of Mexican delegations to United Nations conferences, having attended, among others, the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, the Vienna Conference on the Law of Treaties and several United Nations conferences on disarmament. Was a member of the Mexican delegation to the 1981 Cancun Meeting of Heads of State and Government.

In 1980 became President of the United Nations Commission on Transnational Corporations; elected Rapporteur of the Inter-governmental Working Group on a Code of Conduct for Transnational Corporations (1978-1980); Mexican representative to the Commission on Transnational Corporations (1977-1981).

Member of the Mexican delegations to the annual meetings of the International Monetary Fund, the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, as well as the Group of 24 (1976-1980).

Member of the United Nations International Law Commission (1996-2005).

Judge *ad hoc* of the International Court of Justice in the case concerning *Avena and Other Mexican Nationals (Mexico* v. *United States of America)*.

Member of the Panel of Arbitrators of the International Centre for Dispute Resolution (ICDR), the international division of the American Arbitration Association. Member of the Institute for Transnational Arbitration (ITA), a division of the Center for American and International Law. Member of the Commission of Arbitration of the Mexican Chamber of Commerce. President of an arbitral tribunal in an ICC case and in an ICSID case.

Member of the Executive Council of the American Society of International Law (1974-1975). President of the Mexican Branch of the International Law Association (ILA).

Member of the Executive Council of Transparencia Mexicana, a non-governmental organization linked to international transparency.

Member of the Executive Board of the Mexican Council of Foreign Relations.

Member of the Editorial Board of *Foro Internacional*, the journal of international affairs of El Colegio de Mexico.

Has written a considerable number of books and articles on the United Nations, international law, foreign policy, and international economic issues.

Publications include: *Las Naciones Unidas: dilema a los 25 años*, 1970; *La inversión extranjera en México*, 1973: "Mexico and Law of the Sea", in *The Changing Law of the Sea: Western Hemisphere Perspectives*, Ralph Zacklin, ed., 1974; *Política Exterior de México. – Discursos y Documentos*, 6 volumes covering the period 1983-1988, 1983-1988; "Los intereses de la política exterior", in *La política internacional de México en el decenio de los ochenta*, César Sepúlveda, comp., 1994; "No intervención y derecho de injerencia: el imperio o la decadencia de la soberanía", in *Las Naciones Unidas a los 50 años*, Modesto Seara Vázquez, comp., 1995; "International Law and National Sovereignty", *Houston Journal of International Law*, Vol. 19, Spring 1997, Number 3; "Objetivos e intereses de la política exterior", in *México ante le fin de la Guerra fría*, Ilan Bizberg, comp., 1998; "Las definiciones de la política exterior", in *México en el mundo: los desafíos para México en 2001*, Rafael Fernández de Castro, Coordinador, 2001; "Una asignatura pendiente: la participación de México en la operaciones de paz de la ONU", in *Cumbre del Milenio: ¿hacia donde van las Naciones Unidas?*, Miguel Covian, comp., 2001; and "El Eje del Mal y su Destino Manifiesto", in *Problemas jurídicos y políticos del terrorismo*, J. J. Olloqui, coordinador, 2003.

In 1984, received from King Juan Carlos of Spain the Principe de Asturias Prize in the field of international co-operation. In 1985, was awarded by Unesco the *Simón Bolivar* Prize. Recipient of a number of orders, decorations and medals awarded by foreign Governments, which include, among others, the Knights Grand Cross of the Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; the Grand Cross, Order of Isabel la Católica; the Grand Cross, Order of General San Martin; Ribbon Order of Kwang-Wha; the Grand Cross, Order of Cristo; Order of the Republic of Egypt, First Class; the Grand Cross of the Order of Cruzeiro do Sul; the Grand Cordon, Order of the Rising Sun; Grand Officer, Ordre de la Légion d'Honneur.

Judge Mohamed Bennouna

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2006)

Born in Marrakesh, Morocco, on 29 April 1943.

Doctor of International Law, Professor of International Law. Diploma from the Hague Academy of International Law. Member of the Institute of International Law.

Professional activities: Ambassador, Permanent Representative of the Kingdom of Morocco to the United Nations (March 2001-February 2006). Judge of the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia, The Hague (1998-2001). Director General of the Arab World Institute (Institut du monde arabe, Paris) (1991-1998). Ambassador, Deputy Permanent Representative of Morocco to the United Nations (1985-1989). Professor and later Dean of the Faculty of Law in Rabat (Morocco) (1972-1984). Founder and first Director of the *Revue juridique, politique et économique de Maroc* (1976). Visiting Professor at various universities: Tunis, Algiers, Nice, New York, Thessaloniki, Paris. Judge *ad hoc* at the International Court of Justice in the case concerning *Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger)*.

Chairman of the Sixth Committee (Legal Matters) at the Fifty-ninth Session of the General Assembly of the United Nations. Chairman of G77 and China at the United Nations (2003). Member of the Unesco World Commission on the Ethics of Scientific Knowledge and Technology (COMEST) (2002-2006). Member of the Unesco International Bioethics Committee (1992-1998) and of the Unesco International Panel on Democracy and Development (1997-2002). Chairman of a panel of the United Nations Compensation Commission, Geneva (1992-1995). Member of the United Nations International Law Commission, Geneva (1986-1998). First Special Rapporteur of the International Law Commission on the question of diplomatic protection (1997-1998). Legal Counsel to the Moroccan delegation at numerous sessions of the United Nations General Assembly (1974-1985). Member of the Moroccan delegation at the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1974-1982).

Author of numerous books, essays and articles on international law: *Le consentement à l'ingérence militaire dans les conflits internes*, 1974; "Le droit international relatif aux matières premières", *Recueil des cours*, Hague Academy of International Law, Vol. 177, 1982; *Le droit international du développement*, 1983; *La spécificité du Maghreb arabe*, 1990; "Les sanctions économiques des Nations Unies", *Recueil des cours*, Hague Academy of International Law, Vol. 300, 2002; "Le Maghreb entre le mythe et la réalité", revue *Intégration*, 1974, No. 1; "Les fonds marins entre l'héritage commun et la querelle des héritiers", *Revue iranienne des relations internationales*, 1975, No. 5; "Le Sahara occidental devant la Cour internationale de Justice", *Revue juridique, politique et économique du Maroc* (*RJPEM*), 1976, No. 1; "Le nouvel ordre économique international et la doctrine juridique", *RJPEM*, 1977, No. 2; "Le Maroc et le droit de la mer", *RJPEM*, 1979, No. 6; "Les droits d'exploitation des ressources minérales des océans", *Revue générale de droit international public*, 1980, No. 1; "L'admission d'un nouveau membre à l'Organisation de l'unité africaine", *Annuaire français de droit international (AFDI)*, 1980; "The Outer Limit of the Continental Shelf", *The Management of Humanity's Resources: The Law of the Sea*, Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, 1982; "Réalité et imaginaire en droit international

du développement", *Le droit des peuples à disposer d'eux-mêmes: Miscellanies presented to Charles Chaumont*, 1984; "Défi du développement et volontarisme normatif", *La formation des normes en droit international du développement*, 1984; "Le caractère pluridimentionnel du droit de la mer", in R.-J. Dupuy and D. Vignes (eds.), *Traité du nouveau droit de la mer*, 1985; "La zone économique exclusive marocaine", *Le parlement et la pratique législative au Maroc*, 1985; "L'Islam et les relations internationales", *Renouveau des études sur l'Islam et le monde arabe*, 1987; "La délimitation des espaces maritimes en Méditerranée", *The Law and the Sea: Essays in Memory of J. Carroz*, 1987; "La Convention des Nations Unies relative aux droits de l'enfant", *AFDI*, 1989; "La création d'une juridiction pénale internationale et la souveraineté des Etats", *AFDI*, 1990; "Quelle sécurité pour quelle Méditerranée ?", *La Méditerranée en question – Conflits et interdépendances*, 1991; "International Law and Development", in M. Bedjaoui (General Editor), *International Law: Achievements and Prospects*, 1991; "L'après-guerre froide et les nouveaux enjeux des relations internationales", *Les Nations Unies*, Publications de l'Académie du Royaume du Maroc, 1991; "La dimension géopolitique du Maroc méditerranéen", *Le Maroc méditerranéen*, 1992; "L'obligation juridique dans le monde de l'après-guerre froide", *AFDI*, 1993; "Le règlement des différends peut-il limiter le droit de se faire justice à soi-même ?", *Journal européen de droit international*, 1994, Vol. 5, No. 1; "The United Nations, Guarantor of International Peace and Security", *The United Nations at Age Fifty – A Legal Perspective*, C. Tomuschat (ed.), 1995; "La protection diplomatique, un droit de l'Etat ?", *Boutros-Ghali Amicorum Discipulorumque Liber*, 1998; "Droit international et diversité culturelle", *International Law at the Turn of the Century*, 1998; "L'embargo dans la pratique des Nations Unies – Radioscopie d'un moyen de pression", *Liber amicorum Mohammed Bedjaoui*, Yakpo and I. Boumedra (eds.), 1999; "La Cour pénale internationale", *Le droit international pénal*, H. Asce.

Awards: National prize for culture (Morocco); Medal for culture (Yemen); and Knight of the National Order of the Legion of Honour (France).

Judge Leonid SKOTNIKOV

(Member of the Court since 6 February 2006)

Born in Kalinin, USSR, on 26 March 1951.

Diploma in International Law; Moscow Institute of International Relations (1974). Fellow, Center for International Affairs, Harvard University (1990).

Officer (legal issues), Consular Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR (1974-1977). Officer (United Nations General Assembly Third and Sixth Committees matters), Permanent Mission of the USSR to the United Nations (1977-1981). Officer (human rights issues)

(1981-1986), then Head of Division (general problems of international law, co-operation in countering new threats and challenges) (1987-1991), Legal Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the USSR. Director (1991-1992), Legal Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation (1991-1992). Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Russian Federation to the Kingdom of the Netherlands (1992-1998). Director, Legal Department, Member of the Collegium, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation (1998-2001). Ambassador, Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations Office and other International Organizations in Geneva, as well as to the Conference on Disarmament (2001-2005).

Participation in major international forums and negotiations:

Member of the delegation of the USSR to the negotiations on bilateral consular conventions between the Government of the USSR and the Governments of the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, the Republic of Benin, the Republic of Cape Verde, the Republic of Mali, the Republic of Tunisia, the Republic of Turkey (1976-1977).

Representative of the USSR in the United Nations General Assembly intersessional Working Group to elaborate an international convention on the protection of the rights of all migrant workers and their families (1979-1981).

Representative of the USSR in the United Nations General Assembly 37th session Working Group on Principles of Medical Ethics relevant to the role of health personnel, particularly physicians, in the protection of prisoners and detainees against torture, and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment (1982).

Member of the delegation of the USSR to the Third Committee, United Nations General Assembly, Thirty-seventh Session (1982).

Member of the delegation of the USSR to the session of the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) (1983).

Representative of the USSR United Nations Seminar on the Encouragement of Understanding, Tolerance and Respect in Matters relating to Freedom of Religion or Belief (Geneva) (1984).

Member of the delegation of the USSR, Meeting of Experts on Questions concerning Respect, in their States, for Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, in all their Aspects, as embodied in the Final Act, CSCE (Ottawa) (1985).

Member of the delegation of the USSR to the session of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (1986).

Member of the delegation of the USSR to the Sixth Committee, United Nations General Assembly, Forty-second to Forty-fourth Sessions (1987-1989).

Member of the Russian delegation to the meetings of Heads of States and Governments of the Commonwealth of Independent States (Alma-Ata, 1991; Minsk, 1991; Moscow, 1992; Minsk, 1992; Kiev 1992).

Deputy Head of the Russian delegation to the Second Session of the Conference of States Parties of the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (1997).

Member of the Administrative Council of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (1992-1998).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration Steering Committee established by the Secretary-General pursuant to the authorization of the PCA Administrative Council with the purpose to assist the International Bureau and the Administrative Council in preparing for the centenary of the PCA, by making recommendations concerning revision of the Hague conventions and improvement of the PCA's dispute settlement mechanisms (1994-1998).

Head of the Russian delegation to the negotiations with the Governments of the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway on the trilateral agreement concerning certain aspects of co-operation in the area of fisheries (1999).

Representative of Russia, "Ministerial on Ice", Antarctica (1999).

Co-Chairman of the Russian-United States Working Group on Law Enforcement (1999).

Member of the Russian delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, Fifty-third to Fifty-fifth Sessions; Representative of Russia in the Sixth Committee (1998-2000).

Representative of Russia in the *Ad Hoc* Committee of Legal Advisers on Public International Law (CAHDI), Council of Europe. Participated in the 16th, 17th, 19th and 20th CADI meetings (Paris, 1998; Vienna, 1999; Berlin, 2000; Strasbourg, 2001).

Chairman of the XXIV Antarctic Treaty Consultative Meeting, St. Petersburg (2001).

Head of the Russian delegation to the Forum on Afghan Refugees and Displaced Populations (Geneva) (2001).

Head of the Russian delegation to the 2nd Review Conference of the States Parties to the Convention on Prohibition or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects (Geneva) (2001).

Head of the Russian delegation to the negotiations with the Kingdom of Norway on the delimitation of exclusive economic zones and continental shelf in the Barents Sea (1992, 1998-2002).

Head of the Russian delegation to the 5th Review Conference of the States Parties to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction (Geneva) (2001-2002).

Head of the Russian delegation to the 3rd and 4th Annual Conferences of the States Parties to the Protocol II on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects (Geneva) (2001-2002).

Head of the Russian delegation to the Annual Meeting of the States Parties to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects (Geneva) (2002).

Member, Board of Trustees of the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR) (2002-2005).

Member of the Russian delegation to the World Summit on Information Society (WSIS) (Geneva) (2003).

Deputy Head of the Russian delegation to the Substantive Annual Session of the United Nations Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) (2003).

Head of the Russian delegation to the 28th International Conference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent (2003).

Head of the Russian delegation to the One-hundred-and-eleventh Session of the Executive Board of the World Health Organization (2003).

Government Delegate of Russia to the Ninety-second Session of the International Labour Conference (2004).

Representative of Russia in the First Committee, United Nations General Assembly, Fifty-ninth Session (2004).

Acting Head of the Russian delegation to the Fifty-eighth, Fifty-ninth, Sixtieth and Sixty-first Sessions of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (2002-2005).

Member of the Russian Association of International Law.

Scholarly, research and expert activities: participated as a panellist in the Conference "Transatlantic Storms? US-European Relations After European Monetary Union (EMU)", held by the Weatherhead Center for International Affairs, Harvard University (Talloires, France) (1998); in the preparation and the work of the Meetings Dedicated to the Centennial of the First International Peace Conference (The Hague and St. Petersburg) (1999); and in the international conference "Entering the XXI Century: Primacy of Law in International Relations" (Moscow) (2000). Member of the Foundation Council of the Geneva Centre for Security Policy (2002-2005). Participated in the international Workshop on Article 51 of the United Nations Charter in Light of Future Threats to International Peace and Security organized by the Government of Switzerland as a contribution to the work of the High-Level Panel on Threats, Challenges and Change (Geneva) (2004). Participated as a panellist in the 99th meeting of the American Society of International Law (Washington, D.C.) (2005).

Author of a number of publications on international law, among which: "The Right of Self-Defence and the New Security Imperatives", *International Affairs*, Vol. 9, 2004; "Legal Limits of the Use of Force", *International Affairs*, Vol. 11, 2003; "Entering the XXI Century: Primacy of Law in International Relations", *International Affairs*, Vol. 12, 2000; "Primacy of Law in Politics" (co-author), *International Affairs*, Vol. 4, 1989.

Decorations: Order of Friendship (2002). Decree of Commendation by the President of the Russian Federation (2004).

II. Members of the Court Whose Term of Office Ended during the Period under Review

Judge Vladlen Stepanovich Vereshchetin

(Member of the Court from 26 January 1995 to 5 February 2006)

Born in Briansk, Russian Federation, on 8 January 1932.

Graduated (with honours) from the International Law Faculty of the Moscow Institute of International Relations (1954). Post-graduate studies in international law at the same Institute (1955-1958). Candidate of Juridical Sciences (1959). Doctor of Juridical Sciences (1976). Professor of International Law (1982). Maître émérite des Sciences of the Russian Federation (1995).

Staff member of the Presidium of the USSR Academy of Sciences (1958-1967). First Vice-Chairman and Legal Counsel, Intercosmos, USSR Academy of Sciences (1967-1981). Deputy Director and Head of the International Law Department of the Institute of State and Law, Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow (1981-1995).

Member of the United Nations International Law Commission (1992-1995); Chairman of the Commission (1994). Member of the USSR delegations to the United Nations Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space and its Legal Sub-committee (1979-1990).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (1984-1995).

Has given lecture courses and individual lectures on the theory of international law, the peaceful settlement of international disputes, the law of the sea, the law of outer space and the law of international organizations at the Institute of International Relations, the Diplomatic Academy and the University of Friendship of Peoples (Moscow), the Juridical Institute (Ekaterinburg), the Institute of International Public Law and International Relations (Thessaloniki), the European University Institute (Florence), the Universities of Cleveland, Akron and Mississippi, the Institute of International Private and Public Law (The Hague) and the University of Dundee (Scotland). Has presented papers on different international law subjects at many national and international congresses and conferences.

Vice-President of the Russian (formerly Soviet) Association of International Law (1985-1997). Chairman of the Scientific Council on International and Comparative Law at the Institute of State and Law, Russian Academy of Sciences (1981-1995). Vice-President of the Russian (formerly Soviet) United Nations Association (1984-1997). Vice-President (1978-1995), Honorary Director of the International Institute of Space Law. Member of the Policy and Finance Committee of the International Law Association (1990-2002). Member, Board of Directors of the International Institute of Air and Space Law, Leiden University (1995-2004). Member, International Advisory Board of same Institute (since 2004). Member (since 1977), Trustee (1985-1996) of the International Academy of Astronautics.

Member of the editorial and advisory boards of the *Russian Law Journal*, the *Journal of Space Law* (United States), the *Chinese Journal of International Law* and *The International Lawyer* (Moscow).

Orders and awards: "Badge of Honour" (1967), "Friendship of Peoples" (1975), "October Revolution" (1981). Honorary Awards of the German Academy of Sciences at Berlin (1978), the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences (1979), the International Academy of Astronautics (1987, 1994), the International Institute of Space Law (1995), the Russian Association of International Law (1995), Hugo Grotius Medal (2001).

Author of more than 150 works and articles on international law published in Russia and abroad, including seven-volume *Course of International Law*, Moscow, 1989-1993 (Deputy Editor-in-Chief of the course and co-author).

Judge Pieter Hendrik KOOIJMANS

(Member of the Court from 6 February 1997 to 5 February 2006)

Born at Heemstede, Netherlands, on 6 July 1933.

Econ. B. (1955), LL.M. (with honours) (1957), Dr. Iuris, Free University, Amsterdam (with honours) (1964).

Professor of Public International Law and European Law, Free University, Amsterdam (1965-1973). Professor of Public International Law, University of Leiden (1977-1992, 1995-1997).

State Secretary for Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands (1973-1977). Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Netherlands (1993-1994).

Member of the Netherlands delegation to the General Assembly of the United Nations (1967, Sixth Committee), Vice-Chairman (1973-1977), Chairman (1993). Head of the Netherlands delegation to various sessions of the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1974-1977), to the First Review Conference of the Non-Proliferation Treaty (1975), to the Geneva Diplomatic Conference on humanitarian law in armed conflict (1975) and to the United Nations Conference on *Apartheid* (1977). Head of the Netherlands delegation to the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (1982-1985, 1992).

Chairman of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights (1984-1985). Special Rapporteur of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights on Questions relevant to Torture (1985-1992).

Member of various United Nations and Conference on Security and Co-operation in Europe (CSCE) missions to the former Yugoslavia (1991-1992).

Member of the Group of International Advisors of the International Committee of the Red Cross.

Member and former Chairman of the Netherlands Branch of the International Law Association. Member of the Institut de droit international.

Former positions: Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration. Chairman of the Supervisory Board of the Netherlands Research Center

for African Studies. Vice-President of the European Cultural Foundation. Chairman of the Board of the Carnegie Foundation. Chairman of the Administrative Council of the Hague Academy of International Law. Chairman of the Board of the Netherlands Disaster Relief Agency. Chairman of the Supervisory Board of the Netherlands Refugee Foundation. Chairman of the Netherlands Foundation for support to the democratic institutions of the new South Africa. Vice-Chairman of the Dutch Evangelical Party (merged in 1980 with two other parties into the Christian Democratic Party). Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Christian Democratic Party. Member of the Steering Committee of the International Crisis Group. Member of the Advisory Committee on Questions of International Law (Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs). Member of the Advisory Council on Questions of Peace and Security (Dutch Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Defence). Member of the Board of Editors of the *Netherlands International Law Review*. Chairman of the Board of the Institute of Social Studies (postgraduate school on questions of development). Chairman of the Board of the Netherlands Institute of Peace-related Issues. Vice-Chairman of the Advisory Commission on Questions of Aliens (quasi-judicial body, Dutch Ministry of Justice). Chairman of the Advisory Committee on Questions of Disarmament (Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs). Member of the Advisory Defence Council (Dutch Ministry of Defence). Member of various advisory commissions on the Codification of the Law of Aliens and of Refugees (Dutch Ministry of Justice).

Lecturer at the Hague Academy of International Law (1976 and 1991).

Author of numerous publications on international law.

Judge Francisco REZEK

(Member of the Court from 6 February 1997 to 5 February 2006)

Born in Cristina, Minas Gerais (Brazil), on 18 January 1944.

LL.B. (1966), D.E.S. (1967): Federal University of Minas Gerais (Belo Horizonte, MG). Docteur de l'Université de Paris-Sorbonne (1970). Diploma in Law, University of Oxford (1972).

Courses and research programmes: Harvard University (1965); the Hague Academy of International Law (1968, 1970).

Professor of International Law and Constitutional Law at the University of Brasilia (1971-1997). Chairman of the Department of Law (1974-1976). Dean of the Faculty of Social Studies (1978-1979). Professor of International Law at Rio Branco Institute (the official diplomatic school of Brazil) (1976-1997). Lecturer at the Hague Academy of International Law (1986) and at the Institute of International Public Law and International Relations, Thessaloniki (1989).

President of conferences, lecturer and examiner in contests for professorship in the major Brazilian universities (since 1971).

Attorney of the Republic before the Supreme Court of Brazil

(1972-1979); Deputy Attorney-General of the Republic (1979-1983). Justice of the Supreme Court of Brazil, appointed by the President with approval of the Senate, March 1983, at the age of 39. Resigned in March 1990. Appointed again in April 1992 for life, retired in 1997.

Foreign Minister of Brazil (from March 1990 to April 1992).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (1987-2004).

Published works: *Direito dos Tratados*, 1984; *Direito Internacional Público*, 1st ed., 1989, 9th ed., 2001; *Droit des traités: particularités des actes constitutifs d'organisations internationales*, 1968; *La conduite des relations internationales dans le droit constitutionnel latino-américain*, 1970; "Aspectos elementares do Estatuto da Igualdade", in *Boletim do Ministério da Justiça*, No. 277, 1978; "Reciprocity as a Basis of Extradition", in *British Year Book of International Law*, Vol. 52, 1981; "Protection of the Victims of Armed Conflicts: Wounded, Sick and Shipwrecked", in *International Dimensions of Humanitarian Law*, Unesco, Institut Henry Dunant, 1988 (preceded by a French edition, 1986); "Le droit international de la nationalité", Hague Academy of International Law, *Recueil des cours*, Vol. 198, 1986; "Sur le fondement du droit des gens", in *Essays in Honour of Krzysztof Skubiszewski*, 1996; "A New International Order", in *Review of International Affairs*, 1990; "Una política comercial para los nuevos tiempos", in *Revista Latinoamericana de Integración*, 1991; "Imunidade do Estado Estrangeiro à Jurisdição Local", in *Hector Gross Espiel liber amicorum*, 1997.

About 55 monographs and other legal studies published in specialized periodicals in Brazil. More than 300 advisory opinions pronounced on behalf of the Public Ministry in cases put before the Supreme Court of Brazil and published in its quarterly Report (1972-1983). More than 500 decisions or dissenting opinions pronounced in the Supreme Court of Brazil and published in its quarterly Report and in other periodicals (1983-1995).

Judge Nabil ELARABY

(Member of the Court from 12 October 2001 to 5 February 2006)

Born in Egypt on 15 March 1935.

Licence en droit, Faculty of Law, Cairo University (1955). L.L.M. (Master in International Law), New York University Law School (1969). J.S.D. (Doctor of Juridical Science), New York University Law School (1971). Adlai Stevenson Fellow in International Law, United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR) (1968). Special Fellow in International Law, UNITAR (1973).

Lecturer in international law and international organizations, Institute for Diplomatic Studies, Egyptian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Cairo. Partner, Zaki Hashem & Partners, Attorneys at Law.

Legal Adviser to the Egyptian delegation to the United Nations Geneva Middle East peace conference (1973-1975). Legal Adviser and Director,

Legal and Treaties Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Cairo (1976-1978, 1983-1987). Legal Adviser to the Egyptian delegation to the Camp David Middle East peace conference (1978). Head of the Egyptian delegation to the *Taba* negotiations (1985-1989). Agent of the Egyptian Government to the Egyptian-Israeli arbitration tribunal (*Taba* dispute) (1986-1988). Appointed by the Egyptian Minister of Justice on the list of arbitrations in civil and commercial affairs in Egypt (since 1995).

Ambassador, Deputy Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations in New York (1978-1981). Ambassador to India (1981-1983). Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations Office at Geneva (1987-1991). Permanent Representative of Egypt to the United Nations in New York (1991-1999).

Chairman, United Nations Special Committee on Enhancing the Principle of the Prohibition of the Use of Force in International Relations (1981-1982). Chairman, Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization (1983). Chairman, Working Group on Legal Instruments, United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro (1992). Chairman, Informal Working Group on an Agenda for Peace (1992-1996). Chairman, First (disarmament and international security questions) Committee of the United Nations General Assembly (Forty-seventh Session). Vice-President of the General Assembly (1993, 1994, 1997). President of the United Nations Security Council (June 1996).

Judge, Judicial Tribunal of the Organization of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (since 1990). Member of the International Law Commission of the United Nations (1994-2001). Commissioner at the United Nations Compensation Commission in Geneva (1999-2001).

Arbitrator at the International Chamber of Commerce International Court of Arbitration in Paris in a dispute concerning the Suez Canal (1989-1992). Member of the World Intellectual Property Organization Arbitration and Mediation Centre List of Neutrals. Member of the Board, Cairo Regional Centre for International Commercial Arbitration.

Participant in the workshop entitled "The Adaptation of Structures and Methods at the United Nations" given at the Hague Academy of International Law (1985). Lectured at the Hague Academy of International Law, Columbia University, New York University, Duke University, Yale University, University of Pennsylvania, University of Houston, American Society of International Law, New York Bar Association, Greek Institute of International Law and International Peace Academy in New York and Vienna. Keynote Speaker at the Institut universitaire de hautes études internationales (1993): "The United Nations and the New World Order", Geneva and at the Vienna Diplomatic Academy (1995). Panellist at several annual meetings of the American Society of International Law (1980-1997).

Member of the Board of Trustees, American University in Cairo. Member of the Board, Egyptian Society of International Law. Member, American Society of International Law. Commissioner, Canberra

Commission on the Elimination of Nuclear Weapons. Member, Board of Directors of the Institute of World Affairs, New York. Honorary Senior Fellow, Center for International Studies, New York University Law School (1992-1993). Visiting Scholar, Robert Wagner School of Public Service, New York University. Member of the Governing Board of the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI) (since 2001).

Author of numerous publications.

III. Judges *Ad Hoc*

Article 7, paragraph 3, of the Rules of Court provides that judges *ad hoc* are to take precedence after the Members of the Court and in order of seniority of age.

Judge *ad hoc* Krzysztof Skubiszewski

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Gabčíkovo-Nagymaros Project (Hungary/Slovakia)*)

Born in Poznań, Poland, on 8 October 1926.

Faculty of Law and Economic Sciences, University of Poznań *(magister juris)* (1945-1949); Doctor *juris* (1950); European University Centre (Diploma of European Higher Studies), University of Nancy, France (1957); Harvard Law School (Master of Law) (1957-1958); "Habilitation" in International Law at the Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznań (1960); Doctor *honoris causa* of the Universities of Ghent, Liège, Turin, Mainz, Geneva and Warsaw (Cardinal Wyszynski University).

Assistant teacher and lecturer, Faculty of Law, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznań (1948-1960); Dozent, Faculty of Law, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznań (1961-1973), Pro-Dean at that Faculty (1961-1963); Visiting Scholar, School of International Affairs, Columbia University, New York (1963-1964); Visiting Professor at the Law Faculty, University of Geneva (1971 and 1979); Visiting Fellow, All Souls College, Oxford (1971-1972); Professor, Institute of Law, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warsaw (1973-1996); Honorary Professor, University of Bucharest.

Lectures at the Universities of Nottingham and London; International Faculty of Comparative Law in Strasbourg; Graduate Institute of International Studies at Geneva; College of Europe at Bruges, Belgium, and also the Clubs of International Law of Harvard, Duke and Oxford Universities; Max-Planck Institute in Heidelberg; Universities of Vienna and Graz; Faculty of Law, University of Paris II; Royal Institute of International Affairs, Chatham House; All Souls College, Oxford; Institut d'Etudes Politiques de Paris; Free University, Berlin; also Hersch Lauterpacht Lectures, Cambridge (1985); Cyril Foster Lecture, Oxford (1990); Lord Wilberforce Lecture (1990); Hugh Gaitskell Lecture (1991); Hague Academy Jubilee Lecture (1998); and numerous other lectures

in European, American, Australian and Asian Societies of Political and Legal Sciences or International Relations.

Member of "Solidarity" (since 1980); Member of the Primate of Poland Social Council (1981-1984); Member of the Co-ordinating Committee of the Poland-Federal Republic of Germany Forum, representing the secretariat of the Polish Episcopate (1984-1989); Member of the Consultative Council to the Chairman of the Council of State of the Polish People's Republic (1986-1989); Minister for Foreign Affairs (1989-1993).

Member (since 4 December 1993) and President (since 16 February 1994) of the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal.

Member, Bureau of the Court of Conciliation and Arbitration within the Organisation for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE), Geneva (1995-2000).

Judge *ad hoc* in the International Court of Justice in the case concerning *East Timor (Portugal* v. *Australia)*.

Chairman of the Arbitration Tribunal Netherlands/France set up under the Rhine Convention of 1976 (2000-2004).

Co-founder and first Chairman of the Council on Foreign Policy (Warsaw, since 1996).

Member of the Academies of Sciences of Warsaw and of Cracow; Correspondent, Institut de France; Member, Pontifical Academy of Social Sciences, Vatican; Member, Society of Arts and Sciences, Poznań; Western Institute, Poznań; International Law Association (Polish branch); Institut de droit international (First Vice-President, 1995-1997), Honorary Member (since 2005); American Society of International Law (Honorary Member, 1991); Société française pour le droit international; Deutsche Gesellschaft für Völkerrecht; Oxford Society; Codrington Club; Honorary Bencher, Gray's Inn. Curator, United Nations Student Association, Poznań (1960-1973).

Gold Cross of Merit (1977); Knight's Cross of the Order of Polonia Restituta (1986); Grand Cross of the same Order (1993); Cavaliere di Gran Croce, Ordine Piano (Holy See, 1991); Grand Officier de la Légion d'honneur (1991); Grosskreuz des Verdienstordens der Bundesrepublik Deutschland (1991); Order of Diplomatic Merit of the Republic of Korea (1991); Order of Merit (Chile, 1991); Cross of Merit of the Republic of Hungary (1994); Giedymin Order of Lithuania (2001). Austrian Honorary Cross of Science and Art (2002).

Alexander von Humboldt Foundation research prize (1984); I. Radziszewski Prize (1992); Wartburg Prize, Germany (1992); Robert Schuman Gold Medal (1999); German-Polish prize (1999, awarded by virtue of Article 35 of the Treaty of 1991 between the two States); Pomerania Nostra Prize (2005).

Author of six books and over 100 articles in law journals or collections of studies, also chapters in collective books and reports, on legal aspects of Polish-German relations, in particular the border between the two countries; use of force by States and law of armed conflicts; law of

international organizations; theory of international law, including its sources; rights of individuals.

Judge *ad hoc* Mohammed BEDJAOUI

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning the *Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger)* and in the case concerning the *Territorial and Maritime Dispute (Nicaragua* v. *Colombia)*)

Born in Sidi-Bel-Abbes, Algeria, on 21 September 1929.

Doctor of Law, Law Faculty of the University of Grenoble, France (1955). Doctor *honoris causa* of the Universities of Hyderabad, Aix-en-Provence, Brussels, Kuwait, Madrid-Complutense, Madrid-Carlos III, Bucharest and Sidi-Bel-Abbès; Diploma of the Institute of Political Studies, University of Grenoble (1952).

"Avocat stagiaire" at the Court of Appeal of Grenoble (1951-1953). Research Assistant at the Centre national de la recherche scientifique (CNRS), France (1956-1958).

Legal Adviser to the Provisional Government of the Republic of Algeria (1958-1961). Expert adviser to the Algerian delegation in the independence negotiations at Evian and Lugrin (1961).

Executive Secretary to the President of the National Constituent Assembly at Algiers (1962). Secretary-General of the Government (1962-1964).

Dean of the Faculty of Law and Economics of the University of Algiers (1964-1965).

Minister of Justice and Keeper of the Seals (1964-1970).

Algerian Ambassador to France (1970-1979). Permanent delegate of Algeria to Unesco (1971-1979). Ambassador and Permanent Representative of Algeria to the United Nations in New York (1979-1982).

Member of the International Court of Justice from 19 March 1982 to 30 September 2001. President of the Court from 1994 to 1997. President of the Chamber formed to deal with the case concerning the *Frontier Dispute (Burkina Faso/Republic of Mali)*, 1983-1987. Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning the *Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger)*.

President of the Constitutional Council of Algeria (2002-2005). Senior Minister, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (since 2005). Co-President of the United Nations Commission of Enquiry to Iran (February-March 1980). Vice-President of the United Nations Council for Namibia (1979-1982). Chairman of the Group of 77 (1981-1982). Chairman of the Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries (1981-1982). Member of the Arbitration Tribunal for the determination of the maritime boundary between Guinea and Guinea-Bissau (1983-1985). Member of the Arbitration Tribunal for the determination of the maritime boundary between Guinea-Bissau and Senegal (1985-1989). Arbitrator or President in several international commercial arbitrations.

Participated in various sessions of the United Nations General Assembly as member, deputy-head or head of the Algerian delegation. Head of the Algerian delegations to the United Nations Conferences on Succession of States in Respect of Treaties (1977) and the Law of the Sea (1976-1980).

Took part in various sessions of the OAU Council of Ministers and OAU Summit Meetings, and in various ministerial meetings or conferences of heads of State and government of the non-aligned countries, as member, deputy-head or head of the Algerian delegation. United Nations Consultant Expert at the Vienna Conference on Succession of States in respect of State Property, Archives and Debts (1983).

Member of the International Law Commission (1965-1982).

Member of the Institute of International Law (since 1977); First Vice-President of the Institute (Strasbourg 1997-Berlin 1999). Member of the French Society for International Law. Member of the Scientific Council of the Institut du droit économique de la mer of the Principality of Monaco. Member of the Governing Board of the Foundation for International Studies of the University of Malta, Valletta. Member of the Independent Commission on International Humanitarian Issues (co-chaired by Prince Hassan bin Talal of Jordan and Prince Sadruddin Agha Khan) (1982-1987). Member of several award panels for international prizes, including that of the Albert Schweitzer Prize (United States of America). Member of the Jury for the Félix Houphouët-Boigny Peace Prize (Unesco). Member of the Unesco *Ad Hoc* Forum for Reflection (1992). Member of the Unesco International Consultative Committee on Bioethics (1994-1999). Member of the International Committee of Advisers of the Chinese International Law Institute, Beijing. Member of the International Council for Global Health Progress (since 1994). Member of the Independent World Commission on the Oceans (President: Mr. Mario Soarès) (1995-1998).

Recipient of various prizes and honours.

Holder of decorations of several States including Morocco, Egypt, Mali, Algeria, Bulgaria (the Golden Laurel Bough), Romania (the Grand Cross of the Order of the Star of Romania), and France (Commander, then Grand Officer, of the Légion d'honneur).

Author of numerous publications and around 300 journal articles.

Judge *ad hoc* Santiago TORRES BERNÁRDEZ

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Pulp Mills on the River Uruguay (Argentina* v. *Uruguay)*

Born in Vigo, Spain, on 18 November 1929.

Licenciado (1952) and Doctor of Law (1959) of the University of Valladolid, Spain. *Diplomé d'études supérieures européennes* (1955) and Doctor of Law (1957) of the University of Saar, Germany. Doctor *Honoris Causa* of Law of the University of Alcalá de Henares (1993) and of the University Carlos III of Madrid (2006).

Member of the Madrid Bar Association. Legal consultant and counsel or advocate in international cases. Arbitrator in the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration; Member of the Institute of International Law; Second Vice-President, Vancouver (2001); Member of the International Law Association; Honorary Member of the Spanish Association of International Law Professors; Member of the Société française pour le droit international; Member of the American Society of International Law; Associate Member of the Hispano-Luso-American Institute of International Law.

Judge *ad hoc* at the International Court of Justice in the cases concerning the *Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening)* (1989-1992), *Fisheries Jurisdiction (Spain* v. *Canada)* (1995-1998), *Legality of Use of Force (Yugoslavia* v. *Spain)* (1999); *Maritime Delimitation and Territorial Questions between Qatar and Bahrain (Qatar* v. *Bahrain)* (1991-2001) and *Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 September 1992 in the Case concerning the* Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) *(El Salvador* v. *Honduras)*), brought before a Chamber of the Court (2002-2003).

Former Registrar of the International Court of Justice (1980-1986). Former member of the Office of Legal Affairs of the Secretariat of the United Nations (1959-1980) being, since 1975, Deputy Director of the Codification Division and Deputy Secretary of the International Law Commission. During that period served continually United Nations legal bodies (Sixth Committee of the General Assembly; International Law Commission; special or *ad hoc* committees), participating also in all the United Nations diplomatic conferences convened between 1960 and 1980 for the purpose of the progressive development of international law and its codification.

Author of various published studies and articles on questions of international law and international organizations and procedures, including: *À propos de l'interprétation et de la révision des arrêts de la Cour internationale de Justice*, 1987; *Resignations at the World Court*, 1988; *La reciprocidad en el sistema de jurisdicción obligatoria establecido en el Articulo 36, párrafo 2, del Estatuto de la Corte Internacional de Justicia*, 1988; "Subsidiary Organs of International Organizations", in *A Handbook on International Organizations*, published by the Hague Academy of International Law, 1988; "Problems and Issues Raised by 'Crimes of States': An Overview", *International Crimes of States. A Critical Analysis of the ILC's Draft Article 19 on State Responsibility*, 1989; "L'arbitrage interétatique. Avec des références particulières à la Convention européenne pour le règlement des différends du 20 avril 1957", in *The Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes in Europe: Future Prospects*, Workshop of the Hague Academy of International Law, 1990; "Observations on 'Non-Appearance' before the International Court of Justice", *Annuaire de l'Institut de droit international*, session

de Bâle, Vol. 64-I, 1991; "Succession d'Etats", in UNESCO, *Droit international. Bilan et perspectives*, 1991; *Reciprocity in the System of Compulsory Jurisdiction and in Other Modalities of Contentious Jurisdiction Exercised by the International Court of Justice*, 1992; *Perspectivas en la contribución de las Naciones Unidas al mantenimiento de la paz y la seguridad internacionales: Comentarios y observaciones sobre la Declaración de los Miembros del Consejo de Seguridad de 31 de enero de 1992*, 1993; "Spain and the Jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice: From Past to Present", *Archiv des Völkerrechts*, 1994; *The* Uti Possidetis Juris *Principle in Historical Perspective*, 1994; "Some Considerations on the Respective Roles of the Security Council and the International Court of Justice with Respect to 'the Prevention of Aggravation of Disputes' in the Domain of the Pacific Settlement of International Disputes or Situations", in *Proceedings of the Qatar International Law Conference '94* (United Nations Decade of International Law), 1995; "L'intervention dans la procédure de la Cour internationale de Justice", Hague Academy of International Law, *Recueil des cours*, Vol. 256 (1995); "La función de la Corte Internacional de Justicia en el sistema de la Carta de las Naciones Unidas", *Proceedings of the United Nations Congress on Public International Law, New York (March 1995)*, 1996; *La Corte Internacional de Justicia en el sistema de la Carta en el cincuenta aniversario de las Naciones Unidas*, Universidad Carlos III, Madrid, 1996; "The New Theory of 'Indispensable Parties' under the Statute of the International Court of Justice", *Essays in Honour of Eric Suy*, 1998; "Interpretation of Treaties by the International Court of Justice Following the Adoption of the 1969 Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties", *Liber Amicorum Professor Seidl-Hohenveldern*, 1998; "La function de la Cour internationale de Justice: tendances actuelles du règlement judiciaire", *Liber Amicorum Mohammed Bedjaoui*, 1999; "Are Prior Negotiations a General Condition for Judicial Settlement by the International Court of Justice?", *Liber Amicorum in Memoriam of Judge José Maria Ruda*, 2000; "Acerca de las immunidades del Jefe de Estado o de Gobieno en derecho internacional y sus limites", *El Derecho Internacional en los albores del siglo XXI, Homenaje al professor Juan Manuel Castro-Rial*, 2002.

Awarded the Spanish Great Cross of Civil Merit (1987) and other foreign decorations (all after 1987).

Judge *ad hoc* Gilbert GUILLAUME

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Certain Criminal Proceedings in France (Republic of the Congo* v. *France)* and in the case concerning *Dispute regarding Navigational and Related Rights (Costa Rica* v. *Nicaragua)*)

Born in Bois-Colombes, France, on 4 December 1930.

Licence (Bachelor's degree) in law, University of Paris. Diplôme from the Paris Institute of Political Studies; Diplôme d'études supérieures

gouvernance", in *Cours de l'Académie internationale de droit constitutionnel*, 2002; La sécurité alimentaire/Food Supply Security, Hague Academy of International Law, 2003.

Author of numerous other articles.

Algerian Medal of Scientific Merit.

Judge *ad hoc* Jean-Pierre Cot

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Maritime Delimitation in the Black Sea (Romania* v. *Ukraine)*)

Born in Geneva, Switzerland, on 23 October 1937.

Licence en droit, Docteur en droit public, Paris Law Faculty (1955-1965); *Agrégé des facultés de droit et des sciences économiques* (1966).

Professor of public and international law and Dean, University of Amiens (1966-1969); Professor of public and international law, University of Paris-I (Panthéon-Sorbonne) (1969-1998); Emeritus Professor, University of Paris-I (since 1999); Associate Research Fellow, Université Libre de Bruxelles (since 1999).

Counsel and Advocate in a number of cases before the International Court of Justice: *Frontier Dispute (Burkina Faso/Republic of Mali)*, *Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Chad)*, *Kasikili/Sedudu Island (Botswana/Namibia)*, *Armed Activities on the Territory of the Congo (Democratic Republic of the Congo* v. *Burundi)*, *Land and Maritime Boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria (Cameroon* v. *Nigeria: Equatorial Guinea intervening)* and *Sovereignty over Pulau Litigan and Pulau Sipadan (Indonesia/Malaysia)*.

Member of an arbitral tribunal of the International Chamber of Commerce; Counsel and advocate, arbitral tribunal, France/UNESCO.

Judge *ad hoc* in the "Grand Prince" case (Belize *v.* France) (2001).

Member (since 2002), International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea.

Member of Parliament for Savoie (1973-1981); Minister, Co-operation and Development (1981-1982); President of the first Conference on Lesser Developed Countries (1981); Executive Board of UNESCO (1983-1984); European Parliament (1978-1979 and 1984-1999); President of the Budget Committee of the European Parliament (1984-1989); President of the Socialist Group of the European Parliament (1989-1994); Vice-President of the European Parliament (1997-1999).

Member of the Société française pour le droit international (President since 2004).

Author of numerous books and articles dealing with international law, European law and political science, in particular *La conciliation internationale*, 1968, and co-author of *La Charte des Nations Unies, commentaire article par article*, 3rd. ed., 2005.

Chevalier de la Légion d'Honneur.

Judge *ad hoc* Budislav Vukas

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Croatia* v. *Serbia and Montenegro)*)

Born in Rijeka/Sušak, Croatia, on 1 January 1938.

LL.B. (1961), LL.M. (1965), Doctor of Law (International Law) (1974), Faculty of Law, University of Zagreb; attended courses at the Hague Academy of International Law (1961 and 1968-1970); participated in the Centre of the Academy for Studies and Research (International Law and International Relations) (1967).

Professor of Public International Law, Faculty of Law, University of Zagreb (Assistant 1963-1970, Lecturer 1970-1974, Assistant Professor 1974-1977, Professor since 1977); lectured at the Universities of Belgrade, Bologna, Boston, Brest, Ljubljana, Maribor, Milan, Osijek, Paris, Parma, Rijeka, Rome, Split, Thessaloniki, Tilburg and Valletta; directed a course on the law of the sea at the Dubrovnik Inter-University Centre (1984-2001); delivered a course on "States, Peoples and Minorities" at the Hague Academy of International Law (1992, *Recueil des cours*, Vol. 231); delivered courses at the Rhodes Academy of Oceans Law and Policy (1999-2001 and 2004); delivered a course on intervention in contemporary international law at the Bancaja Euromediterranean Courses of International Law (Castellón, 2003). Consultant for UNEP, Nairobi (1981 and 1991) and its Co-ordinating Unit for the Mediterranean Action Plan, Athens (1985 and 1990); participated in: Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1975-1982); Preparatory Commission for the International Seabed Authority and for the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (1984-1990 and 1994); International Seabed Authority (1994-1996); Meeting of the States Parties to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (1994-1996); the Sixth Committee of the United Nations General Assembly (1990, 1991, 1995); Working Group on the United Nations Decade of International Law of the Sixth Committee of the United Nations General Assembly (chairman 1990); CSCE Conference on the Human Dimension, Copenhagen Meeting (1990); CSCE Meeting of Experts on National Minorities, Geneva (1991); World Conference on Human Rights, Vienna (1993); 26th International Conference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent (1995).

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (1989-1991 and since 1999); the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (1996-2005), Vice-President (2002-2005); the Committee of Experts on the Application of Conventions and Recommendations of the International Labour Organisation (since 1985); the Commissions of Inquiry formed under Article 26 of the Constitution of the International Labour Organisation to examine the observance by Romania of the Discrimination (Employment and Occupation) Convention, 1958 (No. 111) (1989-1991) and the observance by Belarus of the Freedom of Association and

Member of the Study Committee on International Protection of Human Rights of the American Society of International Law (1973-1975); Member of the Committee on International Terrorism, International Law Association (1974-1984); Member of the Committee on Extradition and International Terrorism (1985-1988); Co-Rapporteur to the Committee on Extradition and Human Rights (1992-1998); President of the South African Branch of the International Law Association (1993-1995, 1998); Member of the Governing Body of the African Society of International and Comparative Law (1995-2000). Member of Institut de droit international (since 1999). Member of the International Law Commission (since 1996); Rapporteur and Member of the Bureau (1997-1998); Special Rapporteur on Diplomatic Protection (1999-2006). Member of Panel of Experts for Study on Customary Rules of International Humanitarian Law of the International Committee of the Red Cross (1997). Chairman of the Inquiry Commission established by the Commission on Human Rights to investigate violations of Human Rights and Humanitarian Law in the Occupied Palestinian Territories (2000-2001); Special Rapporteur to the Commission on Human Rights and Human Rights Council on the situation of Human Rights in the Occupied Palestinian Territories (since 2001).

Author of numerous books including *International Law. A South African Perspective*, 3rd ed., 2005, and articles on international law.

Judge *ad hoc* Ahmed Mahiou

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Application of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Bosnia and Herzegovina* v. *Serbia and Montenegro)* and in the case concerning *Ahmadou Sadio Diallo (Republic of Guinea* v. *Democratic Republic of the Congo)*)

Born in Bouira, Algeria, in 1936.

University studies in law and political science, Toulouse (1958-1964). Doctor of Law, Nancy (1967). *Agrégation* in public law and political science, Paris (1968). Doctor *honoris causa*, University of Toulouse.

Teaching assistant, lecturer and professor at the University of Algiers and the École nationale d'administration (1964-1990). *Doyen* of the Faculty of Law and Economic Science of Algiers (1970-1973). *Professeur associé* at the University of Aix-en-Provence (1981-1983) and the University of Dijon (1990-1991).

Director of the Institut de recherches et d'études sur le Monde arabe et musulman (IREMAM) (1992-1997); Director of Research emeritus (since 2001).

Teaching assignments at numerous universities and institutes in Europe, Africa and the Middle East: Universities of Rabat, Casablanca, Tunis, Antananarivo, Paris I, Nanterre, Toulouse, Leipzig, Montpellier, Beirut, IHEI Paris and IHEI Geneva. Courses at the Hague Academy of International Law (The Hague, 1993) (Abidjan, 1996) and seminar (2003); courses at the Euromediterranean Academy of International Law, Castellon (Spain, 1999), the International Academy of Constitutional Law (Tunis, 1988 and 2001), and the Institute of International Law and International Relations (Thessaloniki, 2004).

Joint Director of the DEA (postgraduate course) in international law at the University of Aix-Marseille III. Head of a number of research programmes relating to international law and international relations, administrative law, economic law, and constitutional law. Member of the board of advisers of a number of academic institutions and of several academic publications.

Participated in international conferences organized by the United Nations (environment, law of the sea) and in Unesco general conferences. Member of the Board of Trustees and of the Advisory Committee of the United Nations Voluntary Fund for Indigenous Populations. Member of the United Nations International Law Commission (1982-1996) and Chairman of session (1996).

International arbitrator (ICC and *ad hoc* arbitration); Vice-Chairman of the Unesco Appeals Board; Vice-Chairman of the Arbitration Committee of the Franco-Arab Chamber of Commerce. Vice-Chairman of the National Commission for Justice Reform (Algeria).

Member of the Institut de droit international. Founder-member or member of a number of international learned societies.

Consultant for the Comité permanent consultatif maghrébin (1970), for the Algerian Ministries of Foreign Affairs, of Agriculture, of Industry, of Justice and of Higher Education, and for the Algerian Conseil économique et social. Produced expert studies for the Comité permanent consultatif maghrébin, UNITAR (1975), Unesco (1980), UNIDIR (1990), UNDP (1997), IBRD (2002) and the European Union.

Author of the following publications: *L'avènement du parti unique en Afrique noire: l'expérience des Etats d'expression française*, 1969; *Problèmes actuels de l'Unité africaine*, 1973; *Cours d'institutions administratives* and *Cours de contentieux administratif*, 1984; *La formation des normes en droit international du développement*, 1984; "Droits de l'homme et développement dans les constitutions africaines", in *Cours de l'Académie internationale de droit constitutionnel*, 1989; "Le cadre juridique de la coopération Sud-Sud. Quelques expériences ou tentatives d'intégration", in *Recueil des cours*, Hague Academy of International Law, Vol. 241, 1993; *L'état de droit et le monde arabe*, 1996; "Multilatéralisme, droits de l'homme et globalité méditerranéenne", in *Recueils de textes avec une introduction*, Unesco, Vol. III, Tomes 1 and 2 (with N. Bachi), 1998; *La codification du droit international*, 1999; "Droit international et développement", in *Cours euro-méditerranéens, Bancaja de droit international*, 2000; *Où va l'Algérie?*, 2001; and "Droit international et droit constitutionnel: de la non-intervention à la bonne

University of Paris II (1990). Lectured at the Hague Academy of International Law (1977) and delivered general course on private international law (1987).

Member of the Spanish Constitutional Court, following election by the Parliament (1992-2001).

Delegate of Spain to the United Nations Conference on the Law of Treaties (1968-1969), to the Preparatory Commission (1971-1973) and to the United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1974). Member of the Spanish delegation in the negotiations with the French Republic concerning the continental shelf delimitation (Paris Convention of 29 January 1974). Delegate of Spain to the Hague Conference on Private International Law (1972, 1976, 1980, 1985 and 1988). President of the Hague Conference Commission for Policy and General Affairs (1988).

Representative of Spain before the International Court of Justice in the advisory opinion on the *Western Sahara* (1975).

Counsel to the Government of the Republic of Honduras in the mediation procedure with the Republic of El Salvador (1976-1980) and in the case concerning the *Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening)* before the International Court of Justice (1986-1991). Counsel to the Government of the State of Qatar in the case concerning *Maritime Delimitation and Territorial Questions between Qatar and Bahrain (Qatar* v. *Bahrain)* (from 1989 until July 1992) and for the Government of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya in the case concerning the *Territorial Dispute (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Chad)* (from 1990 to July 1992) before the International Court of Justice. Counsel to the Government of the Republic of Argentina in the *Limite entre el Hito 62 y el Monte Fitz Roy* case (from 1990 to July 1992).

Associate (1989) and Member (1995) of the Institut de droit international. Director of the *Revista Española de Derecho internacional* (1991-1997). Vice-President (1988-1991) and President (1991-1993) of the Spanish Association for professors of international law and international relations.

Member of the General Commission for Codification, Ministry of Justice (since 1981). Member of the Executive Board of the Prado Museum (1983-1993).

Author of numerous works on public international law, private international law, EC law and constitutional law.

Judge *ad hoc* L. Yves Fortier

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning the *Territorial and Maritime Dispute (Nicaragua* v. *Colombia)*)

Born in Quebec, Canada, on 11 September 1935.

Bachelor of Arts *summa cum laude* of the University of Montreal (1955). Bachelor of Civil Law, McGill University (1958); and Bachelor of Letters as a Rhodes Scholar at Oxford University (1960). Doctor of Laws *honoris causa*, the Law Society of Upper Canada (1989), Acadia

University (1992), the University of British Columbia (1993), the University of Montreal (1999), and McGill University. Doctor of Commerce *honoris causa*, Ryerson University (2004).

Admitted to the Bar of the Province of Quebec (1961). Joined at that time the predecessor firm of Ogilvy Renault of which he is Chairman since 1992. Queen's Counsel (1976). Officer of the Order of Canada (1984); elevated to the level of Companion in the Order (1991). Officer of the Order of Quebec (2006). Awarded the Médaille d'Or of the Quebec Bar (1992). President's Award of the Canadian Bar Association (1993).

Pleaded important cases before all court jurisdictions in Canada and before domestic as well as international arbitral panels.

Served as an arbitrator on many international arbitration panels constituted by various arbitration centres, including the International Chamber of Commerce (Paris), the London Court of International Arbitration, the American Arbitration Association, the Chamber of Commerce of Zurich and the International Centre for the Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID).

Counsel for Canada before the International Court of Justice in the case concerning *Delimitation of the Maritime Boundary in the Gulf of Maine Area (Canada/United States of America)* (1984).

Since being called to the Bar, has served as Counsel to many Royal Commissions and Commissions of Inquiry in Canada. Canada's Chief Negotiator in the Canada-France fishing dispute (1987-1989). Counsel for Canada before the *ad hoc* International Panel of Arbitrators constituted to determine the maritime boundary between Canada and France in the North Atlantic (1991). Canada's Chief Negotiator for the Canada-United States Pacific Salmon Treaty negotiations (1993-1998). Special Negotiator of the Government of Quebec to the Cree Nation (1993) and to the Innus Nation (2006). Appointed by the Security Council of the United Nations as Chairman of Panel C of the United Nations Compensation Commission in Geneva (Iraq-Kuwait) (1993) and of Panel F-3 E/F (1999). Counsel for Canada in the mediation of the Canada-United States Pacific Salmon dispute (1995). Secretary-General's Special Envoy to Malaysia (1997). Member of the Claims Resolution Tribunal for Dormant Accounts in Switzerland (1998). Member of the Board of the International Accounting Standards Committee (since May 2000). Personal representative and mediator of the Secretary-General in the border dispute between Gabon and Equatorial Guinea (2003).

Canada's Ambassador and Permanent Representative to the United Nations in New York (1988-1992). Canada's Chief Delegate to the 43rd, 44th, 45th and 46th Sessions of the United Nations General Assembly (1988-1991). Vice-President of the 45th General Assembly (1990). Canada's Representative to the Security Council of the United Nations (1989-1990). President of the Council (1989).

Member of the Board of Directors of Rio Tinto plc and Nova Chemicals Corporation and former Member of the Board of Directors of Alcan Inc., the Royal Bank of Canada (Chairman), Hudson's

Bay Company (Governor), Nortel Networks Corporation. Governor of McGill University and former administrator of the neurologique de Montréal and of the Institut de recherches de Montréal. Member of the Board of Directors of several n organizations including the Council for Canadian Unity, the C. I Institute, the Canadian Foundation for AIDS research (CANF/ the Canadian Institute for Advanced Legal Studies. One of the F Directors of the Canadian Bar Association Law for the Futu and Honorary Patron of the International Centre for Human Ri Democratic Development. Member of the Board of Director International Peace Academy and the United Nations Inter School. Member of the Executive Board of the International Ass of Permanent Representatives to the United Nations (1989).

Member of numerous professional organizations, including the C Bar Association, which he headed as National President in 1982- American Bar Association (honorary), the International Comm Jurists (Canadian Section), the International Bar Association, th Internationale des Avocats, the ICC Institute of International Busi and Practice, the International Law Association (Canadian Bra American College of Trial Lawyers (member of the Board of 1992-1996) and the American Society of International Law.

During past years, has concentrated activities in the field national arbitration. President of the London Court of Inter Arbitration (1998-2001). Member of numerous institutions f national arbitration. Member of the CPR International P Distinguished Neutrals, the Quebec National and Inter Commercial Arbitration Centre (Chairman, Committee of I the British Columbia International Commercial Arbitration (member, Panel of Arbitrators), the International Cou Commercial Arbitration (ICCA), the Court of Arbitration f (CAS), the Legal Service and Research Centre (LSRC), International Arbitration Club (London). Has been appointed by the President of the Board of Directors of the ICSID as co and arbitrator.

Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration (1984-1989 Adviser to the Commission on Civil Governance in Geneva (199 Member of the Trilateral Commission (member of the North A Executive Committee (since 1993)).

Judge *ad hoc* Christopher J. R. DUGARD

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Armed Activities on the Te the Congo (New Application: 2002) (Democratic Republic of t* v. *Rwanda)* and in the case concerning *Sovereignty over Pedra Pulau Batu Puteh, Middle Rocks and South Ledge (Malaysia/Sin*

Born in Fort Beaufort, South Africa, on 23 August 1936.
B.A. (1956) and LL.B. (1958), University of Stellenbosc

(1965), Diploma in International Law (1965) and LL.D. (1980), Cantab.; LL.D. *(honoris causa)* of the Universities of Natal (1990), Cape Town (1996), Port Elizabeth (2003), Witwatersrand and Pretoria (2004).

Lecturer in Law, University of Natal, Durban (1961-1963). Senior Lecturer in Law (1965-1969); Professor of Law (1969-1998); Chairman of the Governing Committee of the School of Law (1972-1974, 1978); Dean of the Faculty of Law (1975-1977); Director of the Centre for Applied Legal Studies (1978-1990) and Professor Emeritus (since 1998) of the University of the Witwatersrand. Professor, honorary, University of Pretoria (since 2000). Professor, honorary, University of the Western Cape (since 2001).

Tutor in Roman Dutch Law, University of Cambridge (1964-1965); Visiting Professor of Public and International Affairs, Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs, University of Princeton (taught course in Comparative Civil Rights) (1969); Visiting Professor of Law, Duke University (taught courses in Jurisprudence, International and Criminal Law) (1974-1975); Visiting Professor of Law, University of California, Berkeley (Boalt Hall) (taught course in International Protection of Human Rights) (1981); Visiting Fellow, Research Centre for International Law, University of Cambridge (1985); Visiting Professor of Law, University of Pennsylvania (taught courses in International Law and International Human Rights Law) (1989); Visiting Professor of Law, University of New South Wales, Australia (taught course in International Law) (1991); Arthur Goodhart visiting Professor of Legal Science, University of Cambridge (taught LL.M. course in International Criminal Law) (1995-1996); Fellow, Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge (1995-1997); Director, Lauterpacht Research Centre for International Law, University of Cambridge (1995-1997); and Professor of Public International Law, University of Leiden (1998-2006).

Admitted as an advocate of the Supreme Court of South Africa (1959); practised at the Durban Bar (1961-1963); part-time consultant and advocate, principally in the fields of international law, human rights and constitutional law (since 1963); appointed Senior Counsel (since 1998).

President of the South African Institute of Race Relations (1978-1980); Member of National Administrative Committee of the South African Institute of International Affairs (1987-1997); Founder and Member of the National Council of Lawyers for Human Rights (1980-1991); Commissioner of the Human Rights Commission (1988-1989); Board Member of the Independent Board of Inquiry (1990-1994); Chancellor to Bishop Tutu, Diocese of Johannesburg (Anglican) (1985-1987); Member of the Council of the University of Fort Hare (1990-1998); Member of the Technical Committee for Investigating the Repeal or Amendment of Legislation Impeding Free Political Activity and Discriminatory Legislation (part of negotiations for Interim Constitution) (1993); Member of the Technical Committee to advise the Constitutional Assembly on the Drafting of a Bill of Rights for the 1996 Constitution (1995).

Protection of the Right to Organize Convention, 1948 (No. 87) and the Right to Organize and Collective Bargaining Convention, 1949 (No. 98) (President, 2004); the Court of Conciliation and Arbitration within the OSCE (since 1995); and the European Commission for Democracy through Law (1990-1991).

Associate Member (1991-1997) and Member (since 1997) of the Institut de droit international. Member of the Croatian Society of International Law (since 1961); the Argentine Society of International Law (since 2002); the Croatian Academy of Juridical Sciences (established in 2001); the International Council of Environmental Law, Bonn (since 1978); the Scientific Council of the European Institute for Marine Studies, Brest, France (since 1997); and the Scientific Council of the Institut de droit économique de la mer, Monaco (2000-2006).

Author of numerous books, monographs, articles and papers in various fields of public international law, in particular law of the sea, international environmental law, international protection of human rights and national minorities, including *The Relativity of Treaties* (in Croatian), 1975; *Ethnic Minorities and International Relations* (in Croatian), 1978; *The New Law of the Sea* (ed., in Croatian), 1982, *Essays on the New Law of the Sea*, Vols. I-III (ed.), 1985-1996, *The Legal Regime of Enclosed or Semi-Enclosed Seas. The Particular Case of the Mediterranean* (ed.), 1988, *International Law*, Vol. I (with J. Andrassy and B. Bakotić, in Croatian), 1995; *Law of the Sea: Selected Writings*, 2004; *International Law*, Vol. III (with J. Andrassy, B. Bakotić and M. Seršić, in Croatian), 2006.

Judge *ad hoc* Giorgio GAJA

(Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Maritime Delimitation between Nicaragua and Honduras in the Caribbean Sea (Nicaragua* v. *Honduras)*)

Born in Lucerne, Switzerland, on 7 December 1939. Italian nationality.

Degree in law, University of Rome (1960). *Libera docenza* in international law (1968). Honorary Doctor of Law, Dickinson Law School (1985).

Professor of International Law, University of Florence (since 1974), Dean of the Law School (1978-1981).

Lecturer, Hague Academy of International Law (1981). Part-time Professor, European University Institute (1980 and 1984-1985). Visiting Professor, Johns Hopkins University (1977-1978), University of Geneva (1983 and 1985), University of Paris I (1989 and 2000), University of Aix-Marseille III (1992), Graduate Institute of International Studies (2001); University of Michigan School of Law (1992), and Columbia Law School (1996).

Member of the International Law Commission (since 1999). Delegate of the Italian Government to the Vienna Conference on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations and between International Organizations (1986).

Counsel to the Italian Government in the *ELSI* case before the International Court of Justice and Judge *ad hoc* in the case concerning *Legality of Use of Force (Serbia and Montenegro v. Italy)*.

Member of the Institut de droit international. Editor of the *Rivista di diritto internazionale*. Member of the Advisory Board of the *Common Market Law Review*, *European Journal of International Law* and *Columbia Journal of European Law*.

Principal publications: *L'esaurimento dei ricorsi interni nel diritto internazionale*, 1967; *La deroga alla giurisdizione italiana*, 1971; *International Commercial Arbitration. The New York Convention* (edited looseleaf volumes), 1978 (updated); *Introduzione al diritto comunitario*, 3rd ed., 2003; "River Pollution in International Law", *Hague Academy of International Law Colloquium, The Protection of the Environment and International Law*, 1975; "Considerazioni sugli effetti delle sentenze di merito della Corte internazionale di giustizia", *Comunicazioni e studi*, Vol. XIV, 1975; "Reservations to Treaties and the Newly Independent States", *Italian Yearbook of International Law*, Vol. I, 1975; "Jus Cogens beyond the Vienna Convention", Hague Academy of International Law, *Recueil des cours*, Vol. 172, 1981; "The European Community's Rights and Obligations under Mixed Agreements", *Mixed Agreements*, 1983; "Effets directs et réciprocité dans la jurisprudence concernant l'accord entre la Communauté européenne et la Suisse", *Annuaire suisse de droit international*, Vol. XL, 1984; "Instruments for Legal Integration in the European Community — A Review" (with P. Hay and R. D. Rotunda), *Integration through Law: Europe and the American Federal Experience*, 1986, Vol. 1.2; "Principi generali del diritto (diritto internazionale)", *Enciclopedia del diritto*, Vol. XXXV, 1986; "Unruly Treaty Reservations", *International Law at the Time of Its Codification. Essays in Honour of Roberto Ago*, 1987, Vol. I; "Italy", *The Effect of Treaties in Domestic Law*, 1987; "A 'New' Vienna Convention on Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations: A Critical Commentary", *British Year Book of International Law*, Vol. 58, 1987; "Obligations Erga Omnes, International Crimes and Jus Cogens: A Tentative Analysis of Three Related Concepts", *International Crimes of States*, 1989; "Measures against Terrorist Acts under International Law", *Maritime Terrorism and International Law*, 1990; "Positivism and Dualism in Dionisio Anzilotti", *European Journal of International Law*, Vol. 3, 1992; "Réflexions sur le rôle du Conseil de sécurité dans le nouvel ordre mondial. A propos des rapports entre maintien de la paix et crimes internationaux des Etats", *Revue générale de droit international public*, 1993; "La Convention européenne des droits de l'homme dans les ordres juridiques des Etats membres de la Communauté européenne", *Grundrechtsschutz im europäischen Raum*, 1993; "Beyond the Reasons Stated in Judgments", *Michigan Law Review*, Vol. 92, 1993-1994; "Use of Force Made or Authorized by the United Nations", *The United Nations*

d'économie politique et de science économique (Diploma of Advanced Studies in Political Economy and Economic Science), University of Paris.

Alumnus of the Ecole nationale d'administration.

Member of the Council of State, as Auditeur (1957), then Maître des Requêtes (1963), and most recently Councillor of State (1981-1996).

Legal Adviser to the State Secretariat for Civil Aviation (1968-1979); French Representative on the Legal Committee of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) (1968-1979) and Chairman of the Committee (1971-1975); delegate to the diplomatic conferences on the suppression of the unlawful seizure of aircraft (The Hague, 1970), the suppression of unlawful acts against the safety of civil aircraft (Montreal, 1971) and air safety (Rome, 1973); President of the Diplomatic Conference on the Liability of the Carrier (Montreal, 1975); Head of the French delegations to the diplomatic conferences on the liability of the carrier vis-à-vis third parties (Montreal, 1978) and the non-use of force against civil aircraft (Montreal, 1984).

Chairman of the Conciliation Commission, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (1973-1978); Member of the European Space Agency Appeals Board (1975-1978); Director of Legal Affairs, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (1979).

Director of Legal Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1979-1987).

Counsel for France in the arbitration proceedings between France and the United States over the Franco-American air agreement (1978); Agent for France in the arbitration proceedings between France and Canada over the Franco-Canadian fisheries agreement (1986); Agent for France in numerous cases before the Court of Justice of the European Communities and the European Commission and Court of Human Rights. French Representative on the Central Commission for the Navigation of the Rhine (1979-1987); Chairman of the Commission (1981-1982); French Representative on the Asian-African Legal Consultative Committee (1980-1987).

French delegate to the General Assembly of the United Nations (Sixth Committee) (1982-1987); Head of the French delegation to the Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (1982), the United Nations Conference on Succession of States in respect of State Property, Archives and Debts (Vienna, 1983) and the United Nations Conference on the Law of Treaties between States and International Organizations or between International Organizations (Vienna, 1986).

Member of the International Court of Justice from 14 September 1987 to 11 February 2005; President of the Court from 2000 to 2003, President of the Chamber formed to deal with the case concerning the *Frontier Dispute (Benin/Niger)* (2002-2005); President of the Chamber formed to deal with the case concerning the *Application for Revision of the Judgment of 11 September 1992 in the case concerning the* Land, Island and Maritime Frontier Dispute (El Salvador/Honduras: Nicaragua intervening) *(El Salvador* v. *Honduras)* (2002-2003).